

39TH ANNUAL REPORT 2022-2023



Board of Directors :	DIN
Shri Mahendra V. Doshi Executive Chairman & Managing Director	00123243
Shri Vineet N. Suchanti	00004031
Shri Sajid Mohamed	06878433
Shri Pratik M. Doshi	00131122
Smt. Anjali Suresh	02545317
Shri Dinesh Waghela	00230087

Head Corporate Affairs (CFO)

Shri Satvinderpal Singh Gulati

Company Secretary :

Shri Girish Kumar B. Innani General Manager (Legal) & Company Secretary

Auditors :

MGB & Co LLP Chartered Accountants Peninsula Business Park, Tower B, 19th Floor, Lower Parel, Mumbai - 400 013.

Registered Office :

203, Embassy Centre, Nariman Point, Mumbai - 400 021. Tel. : 4002 4785 / 4002 4786 Fax : 2287 4787 Email: lkpfininvestor.relations@lkpsec.com

CIN: L65990MH1984PLC032831

Website: www.lkpfinance.com

Registrar & Shares Transfer Agent :

Adroit Corporate Services Pvt. Ltd. 19, Jaferbhoy Industrial Estate, 1st Floor, Makavana Road, Marol Naka, Andheri (East), Mumbai - 400 059. Tel. : 28590942 / 28594060

CONTENTS

	Page Nos.
Notice for the Annual General Meeting	1
Directors' Report	12
Corporate Governance Report	22
Management Discussion and Analysis	29
Standalone Financial Statements	31
Consolidated Financial Statements	82

39th Annual General Meeting on Monday, June 20, 2023 at 3.00 p.m. through Video Conferencing (VC)/ Other Audio Visual Means (OAVM) LKP

NOTICE

NOTICE is hereby given that the Thirty Ninth (39th) Annual General Meeting ('AGM') of the member(s) of LKP Finance Limited ('the Company') will be held on Tuesday, June 20, 2023 at 3:00 p.m. (IST) through Video Conferencing (VC)/ Other Audio Visual Means (OAVM) to transact the following business:

ORDINARY BUSINESS:

- 1. To receive, consider and adopt
 - a. the Audited Standalone Financial Statements of the Company for the Financial Year ended March 31, 2023, together with the Report of the Board of Directors and the Statutory Auditors thereon; and
 - b. the Audited Consolidated Financial Statements of the Company for the Financial Year ended March 31, 2023, together with the Report of the Statutory Auditors thereon.
- 2. To declare dividend for the Financial Year 2022-2023.
- 3. To appoint a Director in place of Mr. Pratik M. Doshi (holding DIN 00131122), who retires by rotation and being eligible offers himself for re-appointment.
- To appoint M/s. MGB & Co. LLP, Chartered Accountants, Firm Reg. No. 101169W/W100035 as statutory auditors of the Company and fix their remuneration.

SPECIAL BUSINESS:

5. To re-appoint Mr. Mahendra V. Doshi (DIN: 00123243), as the Executive Chairman and Managing Director.

To consider and if thought fit, to pass, with or without modification(s), the following resolution as a **Special Resolution**:

"RESOLVED THAT pursuant to the provisions of Section 196, 197, 198, 203 and all other applicable provisions, of the Companies Act, 2013 ('the Act') read with Companies (Appointment and Remuneration of Managerial Personnel) Rules, 2014 and Schedule V to the Act (including any statutory modification(s), amendment(s), clarification(s), re-enactment(s) or substitution(s) thereof for the time being in force), the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 including any modification(s) thereof or supplements thereto ('SEBI Listing Regulations'), approval of the Members be and is hereby accorded to re-appoint Mr. Mahendra V. Doshi (DIN 00123243), who has attained the age of 73 (Seventy Three) years, as the Executive Chairman and Managing Director of the Company for a period of three (3) years with effect from April 1, 2023 upto March 31, 2026 on such terms and conditions and remuneration, as set out in the explanatory statement annexed hereto.

RESOLVED FURTHER THAT the Board be and is hereby authorised to do all acts and take all such steps as may be necessary, proper or expedient to give effect to this resolution."

6. To approve Material Related Party Transaction with LKP Securities Limited.

To consider and if thought fit to pass, with or without modification(s), the following resolution as an **Ordinary Resolution**:

"**RESOLVED THAT** pursuant to the provisions of Section 188 of the Companies Act, 2013 ('the Act') and other applicable

provisions, if any, read with Rule 15 of the Companies (Meetings of Board and its Powers) Rules, 2014, to the extent applicable, Regulation 23 of the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 ('SEBI Listing Regulations'), including any statutory modification(s) or re-enactment(s) thereof for the time being in force and the Company's Policy on Related Party Transactions ('RPT') and subject to such approval(s)/consent(s)/permission(s) as may be necessary from time to time and basis the approval and recommendation of the Audit Committee and the Board of Directors of the Company, the approval of the Members of the Company be and is hereby accorded to the Board of Directors ('the Board', which term shall include any Committee) or Key Managerial Personnel of the Company to enter into RPT with LKP Securities Limited ('LKPS'), a Group Company and a 'Related Party' under Section 2(76) of the Act and Regulation 2(1)(zb) of the SEBI Listing Regulations, for the Financial Year 2023-24 up to a maximum value of Rs. 300 Crores, in the ordinary course of business of the Company and on arm's length basis, in the nature of:

"Sale/Purchase of Debt Market Securities including Government Securities on such terms and conditions as detailed in the explanatory statement to this Resolution and as may be mutually agreed to between LKP Securities Limited and the Company."

RESOLVED FURTHER THAT the Board or Key Managerial Personnel of the Company, be and are hereby authorised to sign, execute, alter and/or negotiate all such deeds, agreements, contracts, transactions, applications, documents, papers, forms and writings that may be required, for and on behalf of the Company and to do all such acts, deeds, matters and things as they may deem fit at their absolute discretion, to give effect to this resolution and for resolving all such issues, questions, difficulties or doubts whatsoever that may arise in this regard."

> By order of the Board of Directors For LKP Finance Limited

> > (Girish Kumar B. Innani)

Company Secretary

General Manager (Legal) &

Place : Mumbai Date : April 28, 2023

28, 2023

Registered Office:

LKP Finance Limited (CIN: L65990MH1984PLC032831) 203 , Embassy Centre, Nariman Point, Mumbai – 400 021

EXPLANATORY STATEMENT PURSUANT TO SECTION 102 OF THE COMPANIES ACT, 2013 :

Item No. 5

Based on the recommendation of the Nomination and Remuneration Committee and the Board of Directors, the Members of the Company at the Annual General Meeting held on August 31, 2020, had reappointed Mr. Mahendra V. Doshi (DIN 00123243) as Executive Chairman and Managing Director for a period of 3 (Three) years with effect from April 01, 2020 till March 31, 2023.

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LKP Finance Limited

In accordance with the provisions of Section 203 and Schedule V of the Companies Act, 2013 ('the Act'), the Company seeks consent of the members by way of special resolution for appointment and continuation of the holding of office as Executive Chairman and Managing Director by Mr. Mahendra V. Doshi.

Mr. Mahendra V. Doshi (aged 73 years) is the promoter of the Company and is associated with Company since inception. He was appointed as Executive Chairman w.e.f. 26th July, 2001. He has over 45 years vast experience in the field of Finance, Capital Market and Business Administration. He has been entrusted and has made significant contribution in various areas of distribution of financial products, Wealth Management Service, Investment Advisory etc. His strategic leadership skills and ability to deliver results are among the key drivers.

Looking at the performance and growth of the Company which is led by Mr. Mahendra Doshi in capacity as a Managing Director of the Company and considering the enhanced responsibilities of business activities and as recommendation of Nomination and Remuneration Committee, the Board of Directors has considered and approved reappointment of Mr. Mahendra Doshi as the Executive Chairman and Managing Director of the Company for a further term of 3 (Three) years effective from April 01, 2023 till March 31, 2026 and payment of remuneration thereof, both on such terms and conditions as stipulated below subject to the approval of the Members of the Company and Central Government, if required:

1. Salary:

Salary up to Rs. 10,00,000/- (Rs. Ten Lacs only) per month as consolidated.

2. Commission:

In addition, to the salary, Mr. Mahendra V. Doshi shall be entitled to receive commission on net profit. The commission payable to him will be determined by the Board for each financial year. The overall remuneration including commission to him shall not exceed 5% of the net profit of the Company for each financial year or part thereof to be computed in the manner referred to under Section 197 of the Act and other applicable provisions thereof, or any statutory modification(s) or re-enactment thereof.

3. Perquisites & Allowances:

- I. House Rent Allowance / Rent Free Accommodation: In accordance with the rules of the Company.
- II. Medical Reimbursement: Reimbursement of Medical Expenses incurred by him for self and family subject to the ceiling of Rs. 2,00,000/- (Rs. Two Lacs Only) in a year.
- III. Leave Travel Allowance: Leave Travel Allowance for him and his family, once in a year up to a sum of Rs. 2,00,000/-(Rs. Two Lacs only) per year, incurred in accordance with the rules of the Company.
- IV. Club Fees: Fees of clubs subject to a maximum of two clubs. This will not include admission and life membership fees.
- V. Provident Fund, Super-annuation Fund and Gratuity: Company's Contribution to Provident Fund, Superannuation Fund and Gratuity as per rules of the Company payable to Mr. Mahendra V. Doshi will not be considered for calculating the ceiling on remuneration.
- VI. Car and Telephones: Provision of car with chauffeur for use on Company's business and telephone, mobile and

communication facilities like Internet at residence shall not be considered as perquisites. The personal long distance calls on telephone and car for private purpose shall be billed by the Company.

- VII. Leave: Leave on full pay and allowance, as per the rules of the Company, but not more than one month's leave for every eleven months of service. However, leave accumulated but not availed of will not be allowed to be encashed.
- VIII.Period: Three years commencing from 1st April 2023. The office of Executive Chairman may be terminated by the Company or by him by giving the other 3 (three) months' prior notice in writing.

4. Compensation:

The Executive Chairman and Managing Director shall be entitled to compensation for loss of office as provided in Section 191 and 202 of the Companies Act, 2013.

5. Sitting Fees:

No Sitting Fees shall be paid to the for attending meeting of the Board of Directors or any Committee of the Board.

6. Reimbursement of Expenses:

Reimbursement of expenses incurred for travelling, boarding and lodging including for his attendant(s) during business trips; provision of car for use on the Company's business; telephone expenses at residence and club membership shall be reimbursed and not considered as perquisites.

7. General:

- i. The Executive Chairman and Managing Director will perform his duties as such with regard to all work of the Company and he will manage and attend to such business and carry out the directions given by the Board from time to time in all respects and confirm to and comply with all such directions and regulations as may from time to time be given and made by the Board and his functions will be under the overall authority of the Board of Directors.
- ii. Shall adhere to the Company's Code of Business Conduct and Ethics for Directors and Management personnel and shall satisfy all the conditions set out in Part-I of Schedule V to the Act for being eligible for the re-appointment.

Furthermore, any recommendation by the Nomination and Remuneration Committee and consideration by the Board for subsequent revisions in the remuneration shall be within the foregoing pay scale.

A brief profile of Mr. Mahendra Doshi, including nature of his expertise, as required under Regulation 36 of SEBI Listing Regulations and SS-2 is provided in the Annexure - I to this Notice. Further, additional information as required under Schedule V to the Act, is provided in the Annexure - II to this Notice and also forms part of this Statement.

Mr. Mahendra V. Doshi is interested in the resolution set out at Item No. 5 of the Notice. Mr. Pratik M. Doshi, Non-executive Director being related as a son of Mr. Mahendra V. Doshi may be deemed to be interested in the said resolution.

None of the other Directors, Key Managerial Personnel(s) of the Company and their respective relatives are concerned or interested, financially or otherwise, in the passing of the proposed Resolution(s).

The Board of Directors recommends the resolution at Item No. 5 as Special Resolution for the approval by the Members.

Item No. 6:

LKP Securities Limited ("LKPS") is a group Company of LKP Finance Limited ("LKPF"). LKP Securities Limited is a SEBI registered Stock Broker, having single SEBI registration number for NSE/BSE/MSEI: INZ000216033.

The Company has entered into various Related Party Transactions ("RPT") with LKPS from time to time which are pre-approved by the Audit Committee pursuant to Section 188 of the Act and Regulation 23 of the SEBI Listing Regulations. One of the RPT's include sale/purchase of debt market securities including government securities to/from LKPF from/to LKPS.

For 2023-24, the Audit Committee at its meeting held on April 28, 2023, has approved the RPT transactions for sale/purchase of debt market securities including government securities to/from LKPF from/to LKPS, subject to maximum value of Rs. 300 Crore. Pursuant to the provisions of Regulation 23 of the SEBI Listing Regulations, Material Related Party Transaction ('Material RPT') is defined as a transaction entered/ to be entered into with a related party, individually or taken together with previous transactions, during a financial year, exceeding Rs. 1,000 Crores or 10% of the consolidated turnover of LKPF, whichever is lower.

The said Material RPT requires prior approval of shareholders of the Company. Since the aggregate value of the RPT of LKPF with LKPS for the said transaction of sale/purchase of debentures/securities is expected to exceed the threshold of 10% of the consolidated turnover of LKPF, the Company is approaching the Members for approval of the said Material RPT transactions with LKPS for 2023-24.

The Company will ensure that the value of the said RPT transactions of LKPF with LKPS does not exceed the materiality threshold up to the date of this 39th Annual General Meeting of the Company. The said RPT transactions with LKPS will be in the best interest of the shareholders and the same is also commercially beneficial to the Company. The quantum of the benefits realised are subject to multiple variables and hence may vary based on time, market conditions and opportunities.

Accordingly, the said Material RPT transaction is recommended for approval of the Members. The RPT transactions carried out with LKPS will be reported and reviewed on a quarterly basis by the Audit Committee.

As per Regulation 23 of the SEBI Listing Regulations, all Related Parties, irrespective of the fact that they are a party to the proposed Material RPT or not, shall not vote to approve the proposed resolutions.

The relevant information pertaining to transaction with LKPS as required under Rule 15 of Companies (Meetings of Board and its Powers) Rules, 2014, as amended and SEBI circular No. SEBI/HO/CFD/CMD1/CIR/P/2021/662 dated November 22, 2021 is given below:

Sr.	Particulars	Details
No.		
1.	Type, material terms and particulars of the proposed transactions	
		length.

2.	Name of the related party and its relationship with the listed entity or its subsidiary, including nature of	It is a part of LKP Group
	its concern or interest (financial or otherwise)	
3.	Tenure of the proposed transactions	For FY 2023-24 (i.e., upto March 31, 2024)
4.	Value of the proposed transactions	sale/purchase of debt market securities including government securities upto Rs. 300 Crore
5.	The percentage of the listed entity's annual consolidated turnover, for the immediately preceding financial year, that is represented by the value of the proposed transactions (and for a RPT involving a subsidiary, such percentage calculated on the basis of the subsidiary's annual turnover on a standalone basis shall be additionally provided)	(calculated based on turnover of debt market securities)
6.	If the transactions relates to any loans, inter-corporate deposits, advances or investments made or given by the listed entity or its subsidiary	Not Applicable
7.	Justification as to why the RPT are in the interest of the listed entity	commercially beneficial to the Company.
8.	A copy of the valuation or other external party report, if any such report has been relied upon	
9.	A statement that the valuation or other external report, if any, relied upon by the listed entity in relation to the proposed transactions will be made available through the registered e-mail address of the shareholders;	Not Applicable

The proposed RPT to be entered with LKPS is in the ordinary course of business and on arm's length basis.

The Directors, Key Managerial Personnel or their relatives holding shares of the Company may be deemed to be concerned or otherwise interested in the said Ordinary Resolutions to the extent of their shareholding in the respective companies.

The Board recommends the Ordinary Resolutions as set out under Item No. 6 in this AGM Notice for approval by the Members.

> By order of the Board of Directors For LKP Finance Limited

> > (Girish Kumar B. Innani)

Company Secretary

General Manager (Legal) &

Place : Mumbai Date : April 28, 2023

Registered Office:

LKP Finance Limited (CIN: L65990MH1984PLC032831) 203, Embassy Centre, Nariman Point, Mumbai – 400 021

Annexure - I

Information as required pursuant to Regulation 36 of the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 and Secretarial Standard on General Meetings ("SS-2"), in respect of Directors seeking appointment / re-appointment / payment of remuneration at the Annual General Meeting:

Name	Mr. Mahendra V. Doshi	Mr. Pratik M. Doshi
DIN	00123243	00131122
Date of Birth / Age	29/11/1949 73 Years	01/12/1980 42 Years
Date of First Appointment	5 th May 1984	26 th October 2009
Qualification	MBA – U. S. A.	B. A. In Economics-UK.
Expertise in Specific Functional Areas	Mr. Mahendra V. Doshi is the promoter of the Company and is associated with Company since inception. He was appointed as Executive Chairman w.e.f. 26 th July, 2001. He has over 45 years vast experience in the field of Finance, Capital Market and Business Administration.	Extensive experience of 16 years in the field of Foreign Exchange, Stock Market and Commodity Market.
Other	1. Nilkamal Limited	1. LKP Securities Limited
Directorships	 Graviss Hospitality Limited LKP Securities Limited MKM Share and Stock Brokers Ltd. 	 MKM Share and Stock Brokers Limited Bhavana Holdings Private Limited LKP Wealth Advisory Limited
	 Bhavana Holdings Pvt. Ltd Peak Plastonics Pvt. Ltd. Sea Glimpse Investment Pvt. Ltd. 	 Alpha Commodity Private Limited Peak Plastonics Private Limited. Astro Sports Private Limited
	 8. LKP wealth Advisory Ltd. 9. Raymond Consumer Care Limited 	 LKP IFSC Private Limited Wise Tech Platforms Private Limited
*Chairman / Member of	LKP Finance Ltd.	LKP Securities Ltd.
Committee of the Board of the Companies on which he/ she is a Director	i. Share Transfer Committee-Chairmanii. CSR Committee -Chairmaniii. Operational Committee – Chairman	i. Audit Committee-Memberii. Stakeholders Relationship Committee- Memberiii. CSR Committee -Chairman
	 iv. Audit Committee-Member Graviss Hospitality Limited i. Audit Committee - Chairman ii. Shareholders & Investors Grievance Committee – Member Nilkamal Ltd. i. Audit Committee – Member ii. Remuneration Committee – Member 	LKP Finance Ltd. i. CSR Committee - Member
Shareholding in the Company	35,08,767 Equity Shares (29.52%) (Including on behalf Partnership firm)	1,00,722 Equity Shares (0.80%)
Relationship with any Director(s) of the Company	Father of Mr. Pratik M. Doshi	Son of Mr. Mahendra V. Doshi

Annexure - II

Information / Disclosure as required under Schedule V to the Companies Act, 2013 is given hereunder:

General information:

- (1) Nature of industry: The Company is Nonbanking Financing Company (NBFC).
- (2) Date or expected date of commencement of commercial production: Not Applicable
- (3) In case of new companies, expected date of commencement of activities as per project approved by financial institutions appearing in the prospectus: Not Applicable
- (4) Financial performance based on given indicators: Standalone financial performance of the Company based on given indicators:

		(Rs. in lakh)
Particulars	March 31, 2023	March 31, 2022
Paid-up Share Capital	1256.86	1256.86
Total Turnover	2507.55	5569.81
Profit / (Loss) before tax	1359.82	3722.03
Net Profit / (Loss) after tax	1218.69	3280.78
EPS - Basic and Diluted (in Rs.)	9.70	26.09

- (5) Foreign investments or collaborations, if any: None
- II. Information about the appointee:
 - (1) Background details: Mr. Mahendra V Doshi, aged 73 years is the promoter of the Company and has been instrumental in setting-up and growth of our Company. After completing his M.B.A from Fort Lauderdele University (U.S.A). He has been active in the field of financial markets for over 45 years. He has accelerated growth, and enhanced stakeholder value.
 - (2) Past remuneration:

Sl. no.	Particulars of Remuneration	2022-2023	2021-2022	2020-2021
1.	Gross salary			
	(a) Salary as per provisions contained in section 17(1) of the Income- tax Act, 1961	72,76,500/-	69,30,000/-	63,00,000/-
	(b) Value of perquisites u/s 17(2) Income-tax Act, 1961			
	(c) Profits in lieu of salary under section 17(3) Income- tax Act, 1961			
2.	Stock Option			
3.	Sweat Equity			
4.	Commission - as % of profit - others, specify	60,00,000/-	2,25,00,000/-	2,40,00,000/-
5.	Others, please specify – Bonus Medical	6,93,000/- 15,000/-	5,25,000/- 15,000/-	5,25,000/- 15,000/-
	Total	1,39,84,500/-	2,99,70,000/-	3,08,40,000/-

- (3) Recognition or awards: None
- (4) Job profile and his suitability: Mr. Mahendra Doshi is Managing Director of the Company and handling day to day operation under superintendence and directions of the Board of Directors of the Company.
- (5) Remuneration proposed: Detail given in Explanatory Statement of item no.5 of the Notice.
- (6) Comparative remuneration profile with respect to industry, size of the company, profile of the position and person: The proposed remuneration is in line with respect to similar industry, size of the company considering his profile, position and expertise in business. Further aforesaid remuneration is within the ceiling as prescribed under part II of Schedule V of the Act.
- (7) Pecuniary relationship directly or indirectly with the company, or relationship with the managerial personnel, if any: None, apart from his own remuneration and controlling interest by shareholding in the Company. Mr. Mahendra Doshi is a relative of Mr. Pratik M. Doshi, Director of the Company.

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LKP Finance Limited

III. Other information:

- Reasons of loss or inadequate profits: During the year under review the Company has adequate profit. For subsequent years the profit depends upon performance of equity and debt markets since the Company is an investment company.
- (2) Steps taken or proposed to be taken for improvement: The Company's major activities are related to Investment in Capital Markets hence its profitability directly co-relate to behaviour of Stock Markets.
- (3) Expected increase in productivity and profits in measurable terms: Not applicable
- IV. Disclosures:

The requisite applicable information and disclosures are furnished in the Board of Directors' report under the heading "Corporate Governance" read with annexure to Directors' Report.

NOTES:

- 1. A statement pursuant to Section 102(1) of the Companies Act, 2013 ('the Act') relating to the special business to be transacted at the Thirty-Ninth AGM is annexed hereto. All documents referred to in the accompanying Notice and the Explanatory Statement along with the Register of Directors and Key Managerial Personnel and their shareholding, and the Register of Contracts or Arrangements in which the Directors are interested, maintained under the Act shall be available for inspection electronically.
- Pursuant to Regulation 36 (3) of the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 ('SEBI Listing Regulation') and Secretarial Standards on General Meeting ('SS-2'), the required details of the Director proposed to be re-appointed and the terms of proposed remuneration of the Directors are given in the Annexure-I forming part of the Notice. Members seeking to inspect such documents can send an email to <u>lkpfininvestor.relations@lkpsec.com</u>.
- Pursuant to the Circular No. 14/2020 dated April 08, 2020, 3. Circular No.17/2020 dated April 13, 2020 issued by the Ministry of Corporate Affairs (MCA) followed by Circular No. 20/2020 dated May 05, 2020, Circular No. 02/2021 dated January 13, 2021, General Circular No. 10/2022 and General Circular No. 11/2022, dated December 28, 2022 and Circular no SEBI/HO/ CFD/ PoD-2/P/CIR/2023/4 dated January 05, 2023 and all other relevant circulars issued from time to time (collectively referred to as "MCA Circulars"), MCA has permitted holding of the Annual General Meeting ("AGM") through Video Conferencing ("VC") / Other Audio Visual Means ("OAVM"), without the physical presence of the Members at a common venue. In compliance with the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 ("Act"), SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 ("SEBI Listing Regulations") and MCA Circulars, the AGM of the Company is being held through VC / OAVM. The deemed venue for the Twenty-Ninth AGM shall be the Registered Office of the Company i.e. 203, Embassy Centre, Nariman Point, Mumbai 400 021.
- Pursuant to the provisions of Section 108 of the Act read with Rule 20 of the Companies (Management and Administration) Rules, 2014 (as amended) and Regulation 44 of SEBI (Listing

Obligations & Disclosure Requirements) Regulations 2015 (as amended), and MCA Circulars dated April 08, 2020, April 13, 2020 and May 05, 2020 the Company is providing facility of remote e-voting to its Members in respect of the business to be transacted at the AGM. For this purpose, the Company has entered into an agreement with Central Depository Services (India) Limited (CDSL) for facilitating voting through electronic means, as the authorized e-Voting's agency. The facility of casting votes by a member using remote e-voting as well as the e-voting system on the date of the AGM will be provided by CDSL.

- 5. The Members can join the AGM in the VC/OAVM mode 30 minutes before the scheduled time of the commencement of the Meeting by following the procedure mentioned in the Notice. The facility of participation at the AGM through VC/OAVM will be made available to atleast 1000 members on first come first served basis. This will not include large Shareholders (Shareholders holding 2% or more shareholding), Promoters, Institutional Investors, Directors, Key Managerial Personnel, the Chairpersons of the Audit Committee, Nomination and Remuneration Committee and Stakeholders Relationship Committee, Auditors etc. who are allowed to attend the AGM without restriction on account of first come first served basis.
- 6. Members attending the AGM through VC/OAVM will be counted for the purpose of reckoning the quorum under Section 103 of the Companies Act, 2013.
- 7. Pursuant to the provisions of the Act, a Member is entitled to attend and vote at the AGM is entitled to appoint proxy to attend and vote on his/her behalf and the proxy need not be a member of the Company. Since, this AGM is being held through VC/OAVM, the physical attendance has been dispensed with. Accordingly, the facility for appointment of proxies by the members to attend and cast vote is not available for this AGM and hence the Proxy Form and Attendance Slip are not annexed to this notice. However, in pursuance of Section 112 and Section 113 of the Companies Act, 2013, representatives of the members such as the President of India or the Governor of a State or body corporate can attend the AGM through VC/OAVM and cast their votes through e-voting.
- In line with the MCA Circulars the Notice calling the AGM 8. along with Annual Report 2022-23 is being sent only through electronic mode to those members whose e-mail address is registered with the Company or the Depository Participant(s). Members may note that the Notice of AGM along with Annual Report has also been uploaded on the website of the Company at www.lkpfinance.com, websites of BSE Limited at www.bseindia. com. The AGM Notice is also disseminated on the website of CDSL (agency for providing the Remote e-voting facility and e-voting system during the AGM) at www.evotingindia.com. Members (Physical / Demat) who have not registered their email addresses with the company can get the same registered with the company by requesting to our Registrar and Share Transfer Agent i.e. Adroit Corporate Services Private Limited ('RTA') at info@adroitcorporate.com and to the Company at lkpfininvestor. relations@lkpsec.com.
- Institutional/Corporate Shareholders (i.e. other than individuals/ HUF, NRI, etc.) are required to send a scanned copy (PDF/JPG Format) of its Board or governing body Resolution/Authorization etc., authorizing its representative to attend the e-AGM on its

behalf and to vote through remote e-voting. The said Resolution/ Authorization shall be sent to the Scrutinizer by email through its registered email address to <u>lkpfinancescrutinizer@gmail.com</u> or with a copy marked to <u>www.evotingindia.com</u>.

- 10. Notice is also given under Section 91 of the Act read with Regulation 42 of the SEBI Listing Regulations that the Register of Members and the Share Transfer Book of the Company will remain closed from Wednesday, June 14, 2023 to Tuesday, June 20, 2023 (both days inclusive).
- 11. The information and instructions for shareholders for remote e-voting are as under:
 - I. Pursuant to Section 108 of the Act, Rule 20 of the Companies (Management and Administration) Rules, 2014, as amended and Regulation 44 of SEBI Listing Regulations, the Company is pleased to provide the facility to Members to exercise their right to vote on the resolutions proposed to be passed at AGM by electronic means.
 - II. The Company has engaged the services of Central Depository Services (India) Limited (CDSL) to provide e-voting facility.
 - III. Voting rights shall be reckoned on the paid-up value of shares registered in the name of the member/ beneficial owner (in case of electronic shareholding) as on the cut-off date, i.e., Tuesday, June 13, 2023. A person who is not a member as on the cut-off date should treat this Notice for information purposes only.
 - IV. A person, whose name is recorded in the register of members or in the register of beneficial owners maintained by the depositories as on the cut-off date, i.e. Tuesday, June 13, 2023 only shall be entitled to avail the facility of e-voting/ Poll on Demand.
- 12. Information and other instructions relating to e-voting are as under::
 - (i) The voting period begins on Friday, June 16, 2023 at 09:00 A.M. and ends on Monday, June 19, 2023 at 05:00 P.M. During this period shareholders' of the Company, holding shares either in physical form or in dematerialized form, as on the cut-off date (record date) of Tuesday, June 13, 2023 may cast their vote electronically. The e-voting module shall be disabled by CDSL for voting thereafter.
 - (ii) Pursuant to SEBI Circular No. SEBI/HO/CFD/CMD/ CIR/P/2020/242 dated December 9, 2020, under Regulation 44 of SEBI Listing Regulations, listed entities are required to provide remote e-voting facility to its shareholders, in respect of all shareholders' resolutions. However, it has been observed that the participation by the public non-institutional shareholders/retail shareholders is at a negligible level.

Currently, there are multiple e-voting service providers (ESPs) providing e-voting facility to listed entities in India. This necessitates registration on various ESPs and maintenance of multiple user IDs and passwords by the shareholders.

In order to increase the efficiency of the voting process, pursuant to a public consultation, it has been decided to enable e-voting to all the demat account holders, by way of a single login credential, through their demat accounts/ websites of Depositories/ Depository Participants. Demat account holders would be able to cast their vote without having to register again with the ESPs, thereby, not only facilitating seamless authentication but also enhancing ease and convenience of participating in e-voting process.

(iii) In terms of SEBI circular no. SEBI/HO/CFD/CMD/ CIR/P/2020/242 dated December 9, 2020 on e-Voting facility provided by Listed Companies, Individual shareholders holding securities in demat mode are allowed to vote through their demat account maintained with Depositories and Depository Participants. Shareholders are advised to update their mobile number and email Id in their demat accounts in order to access e-Voting facility.

Pursuant to abovesaid SEBI Circular, Login method for e-Voting and joining virtual meetings for Individual shareholders holding securities in Demat mode is given below:

Type of	Login Method
shareholders	
Individual Shareholders holding securities in Demat mode with CDSL	Users of who have opted for CDSL's Easi / Easiest facility, can login through their existing user id and password. Option will be made available to reach e-Voting page without any further authentication. The URLs for users to login to Easi / Easiest are <u>https://web.cdslindia.com</u> and click on Login icon and select New System Myeasi. After successful login the Easi / Easiest user will be able to see the e-Voting Menu. On clicking the e-voting menu, the user will be able to see his/her holdings along with links of the respective e-Voting service provider i.e. CDSL/ NSDL/ KARVY/ LINK INTIME as per information provided by Issuer / Company. Additionally, we are providing links to e-Voting Service Providers, so that the user can visit the e-Voting service providers' site directly. If the user is not registered for Easi/Easiest, option to register is available at <u>https://</u> web.cdslindia.com/myeasi./Registration/ EasiRegistration Alternatively, the user can directly access e-Voting page by providing Demat Account Number and PAN No. from a link in <u>www.</u> cdslindia.com home page. The system will authenticate the user by sending OTP on registered Mobile & Email as recorded in the Demat Account. After successful authentication, user will be provided links for the respective ESP where the e-Voting is in progress during or
	before the AGM.

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Individual Shareholders holding	If you are already registered for NSDL IDeAS facility, please visit the e-Services website of NSDL. Open web browser by typing the		/idual Shareholders holding securiti y technical issues related to login thro SL and NSDL
securities in	following URL: <u>https://eservices.nsdl.com</u>		-
demat mode with NSDL	either on a Personal Computer or on a mobile. Once the home page of e-Services is launched, click on the "Beneficial Owner" icon under "Login" which is available under 'IDeAS' section. A new screen will open. You will have to enter your User ID and Password. After successful authentication, you will be able to see e-Voting services. Click on "Access to e-Voting" under e-Voting services and you will be able to see e-Voting page. Click on company name or e-Voting service provider name and you will be re-directed to e-Voting service provider website for casting your vote during the remote e-Voting period or joining virtual meeting & voting during the meeting. If the user is not registered for IDeAS e-Services,		Helpdesk details Members facing any technical issu login can contact CDSL helpdesk sending a request at helpdesk.evotin cdslindia.com or contact at 1800 22 55 Members facing any technical issu login can contact NSDL helpdesk sending a request at evoting@nsdl.cor or call at toll free no.: 1800 1020 990 1800 22 44 30 for e-Voting and joining virtual meetin her than individual shareholders & phy
	option to register is available at https://eservices. nsdl.com. Select "Register Online for IDeAS "Portal or click at https://eservices.nsdl.com/ SecureWeb/IdeasDirectReg.jsp Visit the e-Voting website of NSDL. Open web browser by typing the following URL: https:// www.evoting.nsdl.com/ either on a Personal Computer or on a mobile. Once the home page of e-Voting system is launched, click on the icon "Login" which is available under 'Shareholder/ Member' section. A new screen will open. You will have to enter your User ID (i.e. your sixteen digit demat account number hold with NSDL), Password/OTP and a Verification Code as shown on the screen. After successful authentication, you will be redirected to NSDL Depository site wherein you can see e-Voting page. Click on company name or e-Voting service provider name and you will be redirected to e-Voting service provider website for casting your vote during the remote e-Voting period or joining virtual meeting & voting during the meeting	 www.evot 2) Click on " 3) Now enter a. For C b. For I Digit c. Share shoul Comp 4) Next ente Click on I 5) If you are i on to www e-voting o is to be us 	r the Image Verification as displayed ogin. holding shares in demat form and had lo <u>w.evotingindia.com</u> and voted on an ea f any company, then your existing pass
	You can also login using the login credentials of your demat account through your Depository Participant registered with NSDL/CDSL for e-Voting facility. After successful login, you will be able to see e-Voting option. Once you click on e-Voting option, you will be redirected to NSDL/CDSL Depository site after successful authentication, wherein you can see e-Voting feature. Click on company name or e-Voting service provider name and you will be redirected to e-Voting service provider's website for casting your vote during the remote e-Voting period or joining virtual meeting & voting during the meeting. <u>Members who are unable to retrieve User ID/</u> sed to use Forget User ID and Forget Password	For Shar	reholders holding shares in Demat Form in individual and Physical Form Enter your 10 digit alpha-num *PAN issued by Income Department (Applicable for the demat shareholders as well physical shareholders) • Shareholders who have updated their PAN with Company/Depository Participare requested to use the seque number sent by Company/RTA.

Important note: Members who are unable to retrieve User ID/ Password are advised to use Forget User ID and Forget Password option available at abovementioned website.

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Dividend	Enter the Dividend Bank Details
Bank Details	or Date of Birth (in dd/mm/yyyy
OR	format) as recorded in your demat
Date of Birth	account or in the company records
(DOB)	in order to login.
(DOD)	• If both the details are not recorded
	with the depository or company,
	please enter the member id / folio
	number in the Dividend Bank
	details field as mentioned in
	instruction (v).

- (v) After entering these details appropriately, click on "SUBMIT" tab.
- (vi) Shareholders holding shares in physical form will then directly reach the Company selection screen. However, shareholders holding shares in demat form will now reach 'Password Creation' menu wherein they are required to mandatorily enter their login password in the new password field. Kindly note that this password is to be also used by the demat holders for voting for resolutions of any other company on which they are eligible to vote, provided that company opts for e-voting through CDSL platform. It is strongly recommended not to share your password with any other person and take utmost care to keep your password confidential.
- (vii) For shareholders holding shares in physical form, the details can be used only for e-voting on the resolutions contained in this Notice.
- (viii)Click on the EVSN: 230523005 for LKP FINANCE LIMITED on which you choose to vote.
- (ix) On the voting page, you will see "RESOLUTION DESCRIPTION" and against the same the option "YES/ NO" for voting. Select the option YES or NO as desired. The option YES implies that you assent to the Resolution and option NO implies that you dissent to the Resolution.
- (x) Click on the "RESOLUTIONS FILE LINK" if you wish to view the entire Resolution details.
- (xi) After selecting the resolution, you have decided to vote on, click on "SUBMIT". A confirmation box will be displayed. If you wish to confirm your vote, click on "OK", else to change your vote, click on "CANCEL" and accordingly modify your vote.
- (xii) Once you "CONFIRM" your vote on the resolution, you will not be allowed to modify your vote.
- (xiii)You can also take a print of the votes cast by clicking on "Click here to print" option on the Voting page.
- (xiv)If a demat account holder has forgotten the login password then Enter the User ID and the image verification code and click on Forgot Password & enter the details as prompted by the system.
- (xv) Note for Non Individual Shareholders and Custodians
 - Non-Individual shareholders (i.e. other than Individuals, HUF, NRI etc.) and Custodians are required to log on to <u>www.evotingindia.com</u> and register themselves in the "Corporates" module.

LKP Finance Limited

- A scanned copy of the Registration Form bearing the stamp and sign of the entity should be emailed to <u>helpdesk.evoting@cdslindia.com</u>.
- After receiving the login details a Compliance User should be created using the admin login and password. The Compliance User would be able to link the account(s) for which they wish to vote on.
- The list of accounts linked in the login should be mailed to helpdesk.evoting@cdslindia.com and on approval of the accounts they would be able to cast their vote.
- A scanned copy of the Board Resolution and Power of Attorney (POA) which they have issued in favour of the Custodian, if any, should be uploaded in PDF format in the system for the scrutinizer to verify the same.
- Alternatively Non Individual shareholders are required to send the relevant Board Resolution/ Authority letter etc. together with attested specimen signature of the duly authorized signatory who are authorized to vote, to the Scrutinizer and to the Company at <u>lkpfinancescrutinizer@</u> <u>gmail.com</u> and <u>lkpfininvestor.relations@lkpsec.com</u>, if they have voted from individual tab & not uploaded same in the CDSL e-voting system for the scrutinizer to verify the same.

13. Process for those shareholders whose email addresses/mobile no. are not registered with the depositories for obtaining login credentials for e-voting for the resolutions proposed in this notice:

For Physical shareholders - please provide necessary details like Folio No., Name of shareholder, scanned copy of the share certificate (front and back), PAN (self attested scanned copy of PAN card), AADHAR (self attested scanned copy of Aadhar Card) by email to Company at lkpfininvestor.relations@lkpsec.com or RTA at info@adroitcorporate.com.

- i. For Demat shareholders please update your email id & mobile no. with your respective Depository Participant (DP)
- For Individual Demat shareholders please update your email id & mobile no. with your respective Depository Participant (DP) which is mandatory while e-Voting & joining virtual meetings through Depository.

14. Instructions for shareholders attending the AGM through VC/OAVM are as under:

- i. Shareholder will be provided with a facility to attend the AGM through VC/OAVM through the CDSL e-Voting system. Shareholders may access the same at <u>www.</u> <u>evotingindia.com</u> under shareholders/members login by using the remote e-voting credentials. The link for VC/ OAVM will be available in shareholder/members login where the EVSN of Company will be displayed.
- ii. Shareholders are encouraged to join the Meeting through Laptops / IPads for better experience.
- iii. Further shareholders will be required to allow Camera and use Internet with a good speed to avoid any disturbance during the meeting.

- iv. Please note that Participants Connecting from Mobile Devices or Tablets or through Laptop connecting via Mobile Hotspot may experience Audio/Video loss due to fluctuation in their respective network. It is therefore recommended to use stable Wi-Fi or LAN connection to mitigate any kind of aforesaid glitches.
- v. Shareholders who would like to express their views/ask questions during the meeting may register themselves as a speaker by sending their request before the cut-off date for the AGM (i.e on or before Monday, June 12, 2023) mentioning their name, demat account number/ folio number, email id, mobile number at <u>lkpfininvestor</u>. relations@lkpsec.com. The Company reserves the right to restrict the number of questions and number of speakers, as appropriate, to ensure the smooth conduct of the AGM, depending on the availability of time.
- vi. The shareholders who do not wish to speak during the AGM but have queries may send their queries in advance before the cut-off date for the AGM (i.e on or before Monday, June 12, 2023) mentioning their name, demat account number/ folio number, email id, mobile number at <u>lkpfininvestor</u>. <u>relations@lkpsec.com</u>. These queries will be replied to by the Company suitably by email.
- vii. Those shareholders who have registered themselves as a speaker will only be allowed to express their views/ask questions during the AGM.
- viii. Only those shareholders, who are present in the AGM through VC/OAVM facility and have not casted their vote on the Resolutions through remote e-Voting and are otherwise not barred from doing so, shall be eligible to vote through e-Voting system available during the AGM.
- ix. If any Votes are cast by the shareholders through the e-voting available during the AGM and if the same shareholders have not participated in the meeting through VC/OAVM facility, then the votes cast by such shareholders shall be considered invalid as the facility of e-voting during the meeting is available only to the shareholders attending the meeting.
- 15. If you have any queries or issues regarding attending AGM & e-Voting from the CDSL e-Voting System, you can write an email to <u>helpdesk.evoting@cdslindia.com</u> or contact at 1800 22 55 33.

All grievances connected with the facility for voting by electronic means may be addressed to Mr. Rakesh Dalvi, Manager, (CDSL) Central Depository Services (India) Limited, A Wing, 25th Floor, Marathon Futurex, Mafatlal Mill Compounds, N M Joshi Marg, Lower Parel (East), Mumbai - 400013 or send an email to helpdesk.evoting@cdslindia.com or call on 1800 22 55 33.

16. Members can avail themselves, the facility of nomination in respect of shares held by them in physical form pursuant to the provisions of Section 72 of the Act. Members desiring to avail themselves of this facility may send their nominations in the prescribed Form No. SH-13 duly filled in to the Company's Registrar & Transfer Agents (R&T Agents). Members holding shares in electronic form may contact their respective Depository Participant(s) for availing this facility.

- 17. The Securities and Exchange Board of India ("SEBI") has made it mandatory for all companies to use the bank account details furnished by the Depositories for any payment (including dividend) through Electronic Clearing Service ("ECS") to investors. In the absence of ECS facility, companies shall mandatorily print the bank account details of the investors on such payment instruments. Members are encouraged to avail ECS facility and requested to update bank account details in the prescribed form to their respective Depository Participant(s) and/or the Company's R&T Agents.
- 18. Members who have not registered their e-mail ID so far are requested to register the same for receiving all communication including Annual Report, Notices, Circulars, etc. from the Company in electronic form.
- 19. Members are requested to intimate changes, if any, pertaining to their name, postal address, e-mail ID, telephone/mobile numbers, Permanent Account Number (PAN), mandates, nominations, power of attorney, bank details such as, name of the bank and branch details, bank account number, MICR code, IFSC code, etc., to their respective Depository Participant(s) in case the shares are held in electronic form and to the Company's R&T Agents in case the shares are held in physical form.
- 20. Members may please note that SEBI vide its Circular No. SEBI/ HO/MIRSD/MIRSD_RTAMB/P/CIR/2022/8 dated January 25, 2022, has mandated the listed companies to issue securities in dematerialized form only while processing service requests viz. Issue of duplicate securities certificate; claim from unclaimed dividend account; exchange of securities certificate; sub-division of securities certificate; consolidation of securities certificates/ folios; transmission and transposition. Accordingly, Members are requested to make service requests by submitting a duly filled and signed Form ISR – 4, on the website of the Company's Registrar and Transfer Agents, Adroit Corporate Services Private Limited at <u>https://www.adroitcorporate.com/RandTServices. aspx</u>. It may be noted that any service request can be processed only after the folio is KYC Compliant.
- 21. SEBI vide its notification dated January 24, 2022 has mandated that all requests for transfer of securities including transmission and transposition requests shall be processed only in dematerialized form. In view of the same and to eliminate all risks associated with physical shares and avail various benefits of dematerialisation, Members are advised to dematerialise the shares held by them in physical form. Members can contact the Company or Adroit Corporate Services Private Limited, for assistance in this regard
- 22. To prevent fraudulent transactions, members are advised to exercise due diligence and notify the Company of any change in address or demise of any member as soon as possible. Members are also advised not to leave their demat account(s) dormant for long. Periodic statement of holdings should be obtained from the concerned Depository Participant and holdings should be verified.
- 23. Mr. V. Ramachandran (Membership No. A-7731 / CP No. 4731), Proprietor M/s. V. R. Associates, Practicing Company Secretaries has been appointed as the Scrutiniser to scrutinise the e-voting process in a fair and transparent manner.

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LKP Finance Limited

- 24. The Results declared along with the report of the Scrutiniser shall be placed on the website of the Company at <u>www.lkpfinance.com</u> and on the website of CDSL immediately after the declaration of result by the Chairperson or a person authorised by him/her in writing. The Results shall also be immediately forwarded to Stock Exchanges.
- 25. The Ministry of Corporate Affairs had notified provisions relating to unpaid/unclaimed dividend under Sections 124 and 125 of Companies Act, 2013 and Investor Education and Protection Fund (Accounting, Audit, Transfer and Refund) Rules, 2016. As per these Rules, dividends which are not encashed / claimed by the shareholder for a period of seven consecutive years shall be transferred to the Investor Education and Protection Fund (IEPF) Authority. The IEPF Rules mandate the Companies to transfer the shares of shareholders whose dividends remain unpaid / unclaimed for a period of seven consecutive years to the demat account of IEPF Authority. Hence, the Company urges all the shareholders to encash / claim their respective dividend during the prescribed period.
- 26. Members are requested to send all communications to our R&T Agents at the following address:

Adroit Corporate Services Private Limited 19, Jafferbhoy Industrial Estate, 1st Floor, Makwana Road, Marol Naka, Andheri East, Mumbai - 400 059 Tel. No.: +91 22 4227 0400; Fax No.: +91 22 2850 3748. E-mail ID: <u>info@adroitcorporate.com</u>

27. Since the meeting will be conducted through VC/OAVM facility, the Route Map is not annexed in this Notice.

By order of the Board of Directors For LKP Finance Limited

Place : Mumbai Date : April 28, 2023 (Girish Kumar B. Innani) General Manager (Legal) & Company Secretary

Registered Office:

LKP Finance Limited (CIN: L65990MH1984PLC032831) 203 , Embassy Centre, Nariman Point, Mumbai – 400 021



DIRECTORS' REPORT

The Directors present the Thirty Ninth Annual Report and Audited Accounts of the Company for the year ended March 31, 2023.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

The financial performance of the Company is as follows:

			ŀ	Rs. In lakh	
Particulars	Stand	alone	Consolidated		
	Financial	Financial	Financial	Financial	
	Year	Year	Year	Year	
	2022-23	2021-22	2022-23	2021-22	
Revenue from Operations	2500.22	5554.01	2814.17	6100.19	
Other Income	7.33	15.80	7.60	15.80	
Total Revenue	2507.55	5569.81	2821.77	6115.99	
Profit before Tax	1359.82	3722.03	1585.68	4190.37	
Less: Tax expense	141.13	441.25	198.35	533.95	
Profit after Tax	1218.69	3280.78	1387.33	3656.42	
Other Comprehensive income	(277.58)	212.50	(255.15)	214.68	
for the year					
Total Comprehensive Income	941.11	3493.28	1132.18	3871.10	
/ (loss) for the year					
Earnings per equity share (Face					
Value of Rs.10/- each)					
- Basic and Diluted (in Rs.)	9.70	26.09	11.04	29.09	

RESERVE

The Company during the year under review has transferred Rs. 243.74 lacs to Special Reserve as per applicable regulation for NBFCs, prescribed by the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934.

DIVIDEND

Your Directors are pleased to recommend a Dividend of Rupee 1/- (10 %) per equity share of Rs. 10/- each for the financial year 2022-23, which is subject to consideration and approval of the Shareholders at the ensuing Annual General Meeting of the Company, and shall be paid within the statutory period to those members whose names appear in the Register of Members as on the date of book closure.

The total outflow on account of the proposed dividend shall amount to Rs. 125.69 lakhs.

PERFORMANCE REVIEW

The Company has prepared the financial statement in accordance with the Act and Ind AS. The Company's revenue from operation decreased to Rs.2500.22 lacs from Rs. 5554.01 lacs and Other Income also decreased to Rs.7.33 lacs from 15.80 lacs. There is a net profit after tax of Rs. 1218.69 lakhs as against net profit of Rs. 3280.78 lakhs in the previous year.

SHARE CAPITAL

During the year under review, there is no change in the Share capital of the Company.

Further the Company has not issued any sweat equity shares or bonus shares or equity shares with differential rights.

FIXED DEPOSITS

The Company has no public deposits as of date and will not accept any deposits without prior approval of the Statutory Authorities concerned. The Company has an Internal Control System, commensurate with the size, scale and complexity of its operations. The scope and authority of the Internal Auditors' function is defined in their letter of engagement. To maintain its objectivity and independence, the Internal Audit function reports to the Chairman of the Audit Committee of the Board & to the Executive Chairman.

INTERNAL CONTROL SYSTEMS AND THEIR ADEQUACY

The Internal Audit Department monitors and evaluates the efficacy and adequacy of internal control system in the Company, its compliance with operating systems, accounting procedures and policies of the Company. Based on the report of internal audit function, process owners undertake corrective action in their respective areas and thereby strengthen the controls. Significant audit observations and recommendations along with corrective actions thereon are presented to the Audit Committee of the Board.

RISK MANAGEMENT

Your Company recognizes that risk is an integral part of business and is committed to managing the risks in a proactive and efficient manner.

The Board of the Company at regular intervals monitors the financial, operational, legal risk to the Company. There is no risk, which in the opinion of the Board which may threaten the existence of the Company.

Pursuant to section 134(3)(n) of the Act it is stated that at present the company has not identified any element of risk which may threaten the existence of the Company.

INDIAN ACCOUNTING STANDARD (IND AS)

The Company has adopted Indian Accounting Standards ("IND AS") from April 01, 2019 with a transition date of April 01, 2018. Accordingly, the financial statement for the year 2022-23 have been prepared in accordance with IND AS, prescribed under Section 133 of the Act, read with the relevant rules issued thereunder and the other recognised accounting practices and policies to the extent applicable.

SUBSIDIARY, JOINT VENTURE, HOLDING COMPANY AND ASSOCIATE COMPANIES

As per the Circular No. 51/12/2007-CL-III dated 8th February, 2011 issued by Government of India, Ministry of Corporate Affairs, the required financial information in the consolidated balance sheet is given in respect of Company's subsidiary i.e. Bond Street Capital Private Limited (erstwhile Gayatri Cement and Chemical Industries Private Limited), in Form AOC 1 annexed to this Report as **"Annexure I".**

Annual accounts of the Subsidiary Company and the related detailed information shall be available to shareholders of the Company and Subsidiary Company seeking such information at any point of time and also kept open for inspection by any shareholders in the Registered office of the Company and Subsidiary Company.

The annual accounts of the aforesaid subsidiary and the related detailed information shall also available to shareholders of the Company, seeking such information at Company's website i.e. <u>www.</u>

<u>lkpfinance.com</u>. The Company does not have any joint ventures / associate / holding company.

CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENT

During the year under review, the Board has reviewed the affairs of its subsidiary. The Consolidated Financial Statements of the Company is prepared in accordance with the Act and applicable IND AS along with the relevant documents and Auditors Report thereon form part of this Annual Report.

In accordance with the provisions of Section 136(1) of the Act, the Annual Report of the Company containing therein the audited standalone and consolidated financial statements and the audited financial statement of the subsidiary has been placed on the website of the Company at <u>www.lkpfinance.com</u>. The aforesaid documents are also available to Member interested in obtaining the same upon a request made to the Company.

DIRECTORS

In terms of Section 152 of the Act, Mr. Pratik M. Doshi (DIN:00131122), Non-Executive Director of the Company is liable to retire by rotation at the forthcoming Annual General Meeting ("AGM") and being eligible, offers himself for re-appointment.

On recommendation of Nomination and Remuneration Committee, the Board of Directors in their meeting held on 28th April 2023, pursuant to the provisions of Section 196, 197, 198, 203 and all other applicable provisions, of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act") read with Companies (Appointment and Remuneration of Managerial Personnel) Rules, 2014 and Schedule V to the Act and subject to approval of the Members, re-appointed Mr. Mahendra V. Doshi (DIN 00123243), who has attained the age of 73 (Seventy-Three) years, as the Executive Chairman and Managing Director of the Company for a period of three (3) years with effect from April 1, 2023 upto March 31, 2026 on such terms and conditions and remuneration, as set out in the Notice and Explanatory Statement annexed hereto.

The Company has received necessary disclosure and confirmation from concerned Director(s) in connection with their appointment / re-appointment as required under Regulation 36 of SEBI Listing Regulations, is given in the Notice convening the ensuing AGM.

The Company has received necessary declarations from all the Independent Directors under Section 149(7) of the Act that they meet the criteria of independence laid down in Section 149(6) of the Act and Regulation 25 of SEBI Listing Regulations.

PERFORMANCE EVALUATION OF BOARD

Pursuant to the provisions of the Act and SEBI Listing Regulations, the Board has carried out an annual evaluation of performance of its own, the Committees thereof and the Directors individually.

At the meeting of the Board all the relevant factors that are material for evaluating the performance of the Committees and of the Board were discussed in detail.

A separate exercise was carried out to evaluate the performance of individual Directors including the Chairman of the Board, who were *inter-alia* evaluated on parameters such as level of engagement, contribution, independence of judgement, safeguarding the interest of the Company and its minority shareholders, etc. The performance evaluation of the Independent Directors was carried out by the entire Board except the Director being evaluated. The performance evaluation of the Chairman and Non-Independent Directors was carried out by the Independent Directors.

The Directors expressed their satisfaction with the evaluation process.

The Board has, on the recommendation of the Nomination & Remuneration Committee framed a policy for selection and appointment of Directors, Senior Management and their remuneration. The Remuneration Policy is stated in the Corporate Governance Report.

POLICY ON DIRECTORS' APPOINTMENT AND REMUNERATION

Company's policy is to have an appropriate mix of executive, nonexecutive and independent directors to maintain the independence of the Board, and separate its functions of governance and management. As on March 31, 2023, the Board has six members, one of whom is an Executive Chairman-Managing Director, two Non-Executive Non-Independent Director and three Independent Directors. One of whom is a Woman Independent Director.

The Company's policy on Directors' appointment and remuneration and other matters provided in Section 178(3) of the Act, has been disclosed in the Corporate Governance Report, which forms part of this Annual Report.

MEETINGS

During the year four Board Meetings, four Audit Committee Meetings and four Stakeholder Committee Meetings were convened and held. The details of which are given in the Corporate Governance Report. The intervening gap between the Meetings was within the period prescribed under the Companies Act, 2013.

DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITY STATEMENT

The Board of Directors acknowledges the responsibility for ensuring compliance with the provisions of section 134(3)(c) read with section 134(5) of the Companies Act, 2013 in the preparation of the annual accounts for the year ended on March 31, 2023 and state that :

- i. in the preparation of the annual accounts, the applicable accounting standards have been followed along with proper explanation relating to material departures, if any;
- ii. the Directors have selected such accounting policies and applied them consistently and made judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent so as to give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Company at the end of the financial year and of the profit of the Company for that period;
- iii. the Directors have taken proper and sufficient care for the maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of this Act for safeguarding the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting fraud and other irregularities;
- iv. the Directors have prepared the annual accounts on a going concern basis;
- v. the Directors have laid down internal financial controls to be followed by the Company and that such internal financial controls are adequate and are operating effectively; and

vi. there is a proper system to ensure compliance with the provisions of all applicable laws and that such systems are adequate and operating effectively.

STATUTORY AUDITORS

The term of the existing Statutory Auditors M/s MGB & Co. LLP, Chartered Accountants is coming to an end at the ensuing AGM. The Board of Directors have recommended re-appointment of M/s MGB & Co. LLP to hold office from the conclusion of this AGM till the conclusion of the Fortieth AGM.

The Company has received a written confirmation from the Statutory Auditors confirming that their continued appointment shall be in accordance with the applicable provisions of the Act. The Statutory Auditors have confirmed that they satisfy the criteria of independence, as required under the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 and that they are holding a valid certificate issued by the Peer Review Board of the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India.

The Auditors have issued a qualified report. In respect of the same, your Board states that ;

- a) The Company had requested the investee companies for the fair value of the investments. In respect of the Companies where valuation reports have not been received till date, the Company does not expect any material change in the carrying value of investments.
- b) The Company could not to get the confirmation/ term sheet from two lenders as they were not contactable. The Company does not expect any material change in balances.

SECRETARIAL AUDIT

Pursuant to provisions of section 204 of the Companies Act 2013 and The Companies (Appointment and Remuneration of Managerial Personnel) Rules, 2014 the company has appointed M/s V. R. Associates, a firm of Company Secretaries in practice to undertake the Secretarial Audit of the Company. The Secretarial Audit Report is annexed herewith as **"Annexure II"**.

The Board of Directors affirm that the Company has complied with the applicable Secretarial Standards issued by the Institute of Companies Secretaries of India (SS1 and SS2) respectively relating to Meetings of the Board, its Committees and the General Meetings.

ANNUAL RETURN

As per Section 92 of the Companies Act, 2013, the copy of annual return of the company has been placed on the website of the company and can be accessed at <u>www.lkpfinance.com</u>.

CORPORATE SOCIAL RESPONSIBILITY INITIATIVES

The company has contributed funds for the promotion of education and environmental sustainability etc. The contribution has been made to a registered trust which mainly undertakes activities specified under Schedule VII of the Companies Act, 2013.

The report on CSR activities is annexed herewith as "Annexure III".

RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

All related party transactions that were entered into during the financial year were on arm's length basis and were in the ordinary course of the

business. There are no materially significant related party transactions made by the Company with Promoters, Key Managerial Personnel or other designated persons which may have potential conflict with interest of the Company at large.

PARTICULARS OF LOANS GIVEN, INVESTMENTS MADE, GUARANTEES GIVEN OR SECURITY PROVIDED BY THE COMPANY

Being an NBFC, the disclosures regarding particulars of loans given, guarantees given and security provided is exempted under the provisions of section 186(11) of the Act. As regards investments made by the company, the details of the same are provided under financial statements of the company for the year ended 31 March, 2023.

CODE OF CONDUCT:

The Board of Directors has approved a Code of Conduct which is applicable to the Members of the Board and all employees in the course of day to day business operations of the company. The Code has been placed on the Company's website at <u>www.lkpfinance.com</u>

The Code lays down the standard procedure of business conduct which is expected to be followed by the Directors and the designated employees in their business dealings and in particular on matters relating to integrity in the work place, in business practices and in dealing with stakeholders.

All the Board Members and the Senior Management personnel have confirmed compliance with the Code.

VIGIL MECHANISM / WHISTLE BLOWER POLICY

The Company is committed to the high standards of Corporate Governance and stakeholder responsibility.

The Company has established a vigil mechanism to be known as the 'Whistle Blower Policy' for its Directors and employees, to report instances of unethical behavior, actual or suspected, fraud or violation of the Company's Code of Conduct. The aim of the policy is to provide adequate safeguards against victimization of whistle blower who avails of the mechanism and also provide direct access to the Chairman of the Audit Committee, in appropriate or exceptional cases.

Accordingly, 'Whistle Blower Policy' has been formulated with a view to provide a mechanism for the Directors and employees of the Company to approach the Chairman of the Audit Committee of the Company.

The purpose of this policy is to provide a framework to promote responsible and secure whistle blowing. It protects employees willing to raise a concern about serious irregularities within the Company.

PREVENTION OF INSIDER TRADING

The Company has adopted a Code of Conduct for Prevention of Insider Trading as amended from time to time with a view to regulate trading in securities by the Directors and designated employees of the Company. The Code requires pre-clearance for dealing in the Company's shares and prohibits the purchase or sale of Company shares by the Directors and the designated employees while in possession of unpublished price sensitive information in relation to the Company and during the period when the Trading Window is



closed. The Board is responsible for implementation of the Code.

All Board Directors and the designated employees have confirmed compliance with the Code.

INFORMATION PURSUANT TO SECTION 134(3) OF THE COMPANIES ACT, 2013

The Statement of Disclosure of Remuneration under Section 197 of Companies Act, 2013 and Rule 5(1) of Companies (Appointment and Remuneration of Managerial Personnel) Rules, 2014, Annexed as **"Annexure IV"**.

A statement showing the names of the top ten employees in term of remuneration drawn and the name of every employee, who was in receipt remuneration not less than the limits as set out in the Rule 5(2) and Statement of Particulars as per Rule 5(3) of Companies (Appointment and Remuneration of Managerial Personnel) Rules, 2014 forms part of this report. However, in terms of first proviso to Section 136(1) of the Act, the Annual Report and Accounts are being sent to the Members and others entitled thereto, excluding the aforesaid information. The said information is available for inspection by the Members at the Registered Office of the Company during business hours on working days and through electronic means. Further in terms of proviso to said Rule 5(3), such particulars shall be available to any shareholder on specific request made by him in writing or e. mail to Company Secretary, at <u>lkpfininvestor.relations@lkpsec.com</u>.

The prescribed particulars of Conservation of Energy, Technology Absorption do not apply to your Company. There are no foreign exchange earnings & outgo during the year under report.

MATERIAL CHANGES AND COMMITMENTS AFFECTING THE FINANCIAL POSITION OF THE COMPANY

There were no material changes and commitments, affecting the financial position of the Company from end of the financial year upto the date of this Board's Report.

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

The Report on Corporate Governance along with a Certificate of compliance from the Practising Company Secretaries and Management Discussion and Analysis Report forms part of this Report.

DISCLOSURES

- There are no significant and material orders passed by the regulators or courts or tribunals impacting the going concern status and the Company's operations in future.
- During the year under review, the Company has not issued any Debentures.
- There is no change in the nature of business of the Company.
- Executive Chairman-Managing Director, as per the terms of his appointment, does not draw any commission or remuneration from subsidiary company. Thereby, no disclosure is required under Section 197(14) of the Act.
- Maintenance of cost records and requirement of cost Audit as prescribed under the provisions of Section 148(1) of the Act are not applicable to the business activities carried out by the Company.

DISCLOSURES WITH RESPECT TO DEMAT SUSPENSE ACCOUNT/ UNCLAIMED SUSPENSE ACCOUNT

Aggregate	Number of	Number of	Aggregate
number of	shareholders	shareholders	number of
shareholders	who approached	to whom	shareholders
and the	listed entity	shares were	and the
outstanding	for transfer of	transferred	outstanding
shares in the	shares from	from suspense	shares in the
suspense	suspense	account during	suspense
account	account during	the year	account lying
lying at the	the year		at the end of
beginning of			the year
the year			
NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL

Declaration that the voting rights on shares in the suspense account shall remain frozen till the rightful owner of such shares claims the shares – Not Applicable

DISCLOSURE UNDER THE SEXUAL HARASSMENT OF WOMEN AT WORKPLACE (PREVENTION, PROHIBITION AND REDRESSAL) ACT, 2013.

The Company has in place an Anti Sexual Harassment Policy in line with the requirements of the Sexual Harassment of Women at the Workplace (Prevention, Prohibition & Redressal) Act, 2013. Internal Complaints Committee (ICC) has been set up to redress complaints received regarding sexual harassment. All employees (permanent, contractual, temporary, trainees) are covered under this policy. The following is a summary of sexual harassment complaints received and disposed-off during the year 2022-23.

- Number of complaints received: Nil
- Number of complaints disposed-off: Nil
- Number of complaints pending: Nil

ACKNOWLEDGEMENT

Your Directors would like to place on record their sincere appreciation to Shareholders, Bankers, Institutions and Employees for their cooperation and support.

For and on behalf of Board of Directors

Place: Mumbai Date: April 28, 2023 (M. V. Doshi) Executive Chairman & Managing Director DIN: 00123243

Annexure I

Rs In Lacs

Form AOC-1

(Pursuant to first proviso to sub-section (3) of section 129 read with rule 5 of Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014)

Statement containing salient features of the financial statement of subsidiaries/associate companies/joint ventures

Part "A": Subsidiaries

SI.	Particulars	Details
No.	i ui ticultui s	Detunis
1	Name of the subsidiary	Bond Street Capital
		Private Limited
		(f/k/a Gayatri
		Cement & Chemical
		Industries Private
		Limited)
2	Reporting period for the subsidiary	01/04/2022 To
	concerned, if different from the	31/03/2023
	holding company's reporting period	
3	Reporting currency and Exchange	Not Applicable
	rate as on the last date of the relevant	
	Financial year in the case of foreign	
	subsidiaries	
4	Share Capital	995.00
5	Reserves & Surplus	2301.99
6	Total Assets	6727.21
7	Total Liabilities	3430.22
8	Investments	3904.68
9	Turnover	382.78
10	Profit before taxation	225.86
11	Provision for taxation	57.22
12	Profit after taxation	168.64
13	Proposed Dividend	Nil
14	% of shareholding	Nil

- Names of subsidiaries which are yet to commence operations Not Applicable
- 2. Names of subsidiaries which have been liquidated or sold during the year Not Applicable

Part "B": Associates and Joint Ventures: Not Applicable

For MGB & Co. LLP Chartered Accountants Firm Registration No. 101169W/W-100035	For and on behalf of the board LKP Finance Limited	
Hitendra Bhandari Partner Membership No. 107832	M.V Doshi Executive Chairman & Managing Director DIN:00123243	Pratik M Doshi Director DIN: 00131122
Place : Mumbai Date : April 28, 2023	G.B Innani G.M (Legal) & Company Secretary	S.S Gulati Head-Corporate Affairs

Annexure II

SECRETARIAL AUDIT REPORT

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31st MARCH, 2023

[Pursuant to section 204(1) of the Companies Act, 2013 and rule No.9 of the Companies (Appointment and Remuneration Personnel) Rules, 2014]

To,

The Members,

LKP Finance Limited.

We have conducted the secretarial audit of the compliance of applicable statutory provisions and the adherence to good corporate practices by LKP Finance Limited (hereinafter called the Company).

Secretarial Audit was conducted in a manner that provided us a reasonable basis for evaluating the corporate conducts/statutory compliances and expressing my opinion thereon.

Based on our verification of the Company's books, papers, minute books, forms and returns filed and other records maintained by the Company and also the information provided by the Company, its officers, agents and authorized representatives during the conduct of secretarial audit, we hereby report that in my opinion, the Company has, during the audit period covering the financial year ended on 31st March, 2023 complied with the statutory provisions listed hereunder and also that the Company has proper Board-processes and compliance- mechanism in place to the extent, in the manner and subject to the reporting made hereinafter:

We have examined the books, papers, minute books, forms and returns filed and other records maintained by the Company for the financial year ended on 31st March, 2023 according to the provisions of:

- (i) The Companies Act, 2013 (the Act) and the rules made thereunder;
- (ii) The Securities Contracts (Regulation) Act, 1956 ('SCRA') and the rules made thereunder;
- (iii) The Depositories Act, 1996 and the Regulations and Bye-laws framed thereunder;
- (iv) Foreign Exchange Management Act, 1999 and the rules and regulations made thereunder to the extent of Foreign Direct Investment, Overseas Direct Investment and External Commercial Borrowings;
- (v) The following Regulations and Guidelines prescribed under the Securities and Exchange Board of India Act, 1992 ('SEBI Act') as applicable to the company:-
 - (a) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Substantial Acquisition of Shares and Takeovers) Regulations, 2011;
 - (b) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Prohibition of Insider Trading) Regulations, 2015;
 - (c) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Issue of Capital and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2009; (not applicable to the company during the audit period)
 - (d) The Securities and Exchange Board of India Share Based Employee Benefits) Regulations, 2014;

- (e) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Issue and Listing of Debt Securities) Regulations, 2008; (not applicable to the company during the audit period)
- (f) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Registrars to an Issue and Share Transfer Agents) Regulations, 1993 regarding the Companies Act and dealing with client;
- (g) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Delisting of Equity Shares) Regulations, 2009; and
- (h) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Buyback of Securities) Regulations, 1998; (not applicable to the company during the audit period)
- (vi) Other Applicable Acts;
 - (a) Prevention of Money Laundering Act, 2002
 - (b) RBI Regulations on Non-Banking Financial (Non Deposits Accepting or Holding) Companies
 - (c) The Employees Provident Fund & Miscellaneous Provisions Act, 1952;
 - (d) Employees State Insurance Act, 1948;
 - (e) Payment of Gratuity Act, 1972;
 - (f) The Sexual Harassment of Women at Workplace (Prevention, Prohibition & Redressal) Act, 2013;

I/we have also examined compliance with the applicable clauses of the following:

- (a) Secretarial Standards issued by The Institute of Company Secretaries of India.
- (b) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015;

During the period under review the Company has complied with the provisions of the Act, Rules, Regulations, Guidelines, Standards, etc. mentioned above.

I further report that

The Board of Directors of the Company is duly constituted with proper balance of Executive Directors, Non-Executive Directors and Independent Directors. The changes in the composition of the Board of Directors that took place during the period under review were carried out in compliance with the provisions of the Act.

Adequate notice is given to all directors to schedule the Board Meetings, agenda and detailed notes on agenda were sent at least seven days in advance, and a system exists for seeking and obtaining further information and clarifications on the agenda items before the meeting and for meaningful participation at the meeting.

Majority decision is carried through while the dissenting members' views are captured and recorded as part of the minutes.

We further report that there are adequate systems and processes in the company commensurate with the size and operations of the company to monitor and ensure compliance with applicable laws, rules, regulations, guidelines, etc. to above except for: i. The Company has been allotted 29,94,011 (Twenty Nine Lacs Ninety Four Thousand and Eleven) equity shares of face value of Rs. 2/- each fully paid up of LKP Securities Limited on March 15, 2023 pursuant to its application for conversion of Warrants.

For V.R. Associates Company Secretaries

> V. Ramachandran CP 4731

Place: Mumbai Date : April 28, 2023 UDIN: A007731E000222594 Peer Review Certificate no. 1662/2022

This report is to be read with our letter of even date which is annexed as 'Annexure I' and forms an integral part of this report.

'Annexure I' to Secretarial Audit Report

To, The Members, LKP Finance Limited.

Our report of even date is to be read along with this letter.

- 1. Maintenance of Secretarial record is the responsibility of the management of the Company. Our responsibility is to express as opinion on these secretarial records based on my audit.
- 2. We have followed the audit practices and process as were appropriate to obtain reasonable assurance about the correctness of the contents of the Secretarial records. The verification was done on test basis to ensure that correct facts are reflected in secretarial records. We believe that the processes and practices, I followed provide a reasonable basis for my opinion.
- 3. We have not verified the correctness and appropriateness of financial records and Books of Accounts of the Company.
- 4. Where ever required, we have obtained the management representation about the compliance of laws, rules and regulations and happening of events etc.
- The compliance of the provisions of Corporate and other applicable laws, Rules, Regulations, standards is the responsibility of management. Our examination was limited to the verification of procedures on test basis.
- 6. The Secretarial Audit report is neither an assurance as to the future viability of the Company nor of the efficacy or effectiveness with which the management has conducted the affairs of the Company.

For V.R. Associates Company Secretaries

> V. Ramachandran CP 4731

Place : Mumbai Date : April 28, 2023 UDIN: A007731E000222594 Peer Review Certificate no. 1662/2022

Annexure III 2. Composition of CSR Com

REPORT ON CSR ACTIVITIES

1. Brief outline on CSR Policy of the Company.

LKP Finance Limited, as a good corporate citizen, has adopted CSR as strategic tool for sustainable growth and has decided to contribute to the development of the communities as a whole. In doing so the Company aims at building a better, sustainable way of life for the weaker sections of society.

Programs to be undertaken via CSR will be identified by the Company's CSR Committee in a participatory manner after proactively consulting the communities for gauging their basic needs and any of the programs so selected will meet the regulatory requirements. Such programs shall be mapped with the activities as suggested in the Schedule VII of the Companies Act, 2013.

The focus areas in which LKP plans to work shall include Education, Health care and Environmental Sustainability. The objectives of the Company for the above activities shall be as follows:-

- I. Education: Our endeavours is to spark the desire for learning and enlighten minds. We may undertake to fulfil this objective by way of providing quality education initiatives or by financial assistance to the poor and needy students, undertaking to impart vocational training, adult education programs, girl education, other related infrastructure etc.
- II. Health care: Our goal is to render quality health care facilities which we may provide by way of undertaking preventive healthcare programs by way of including but not limited to setting various camps and related infrastructure services, providing of sanitation and making available safe drinking water, etc.
- III. Environmental Sustainability: We aim at providing livelihood in an environmentally sustainable manner. For addressing this objective we may undertake afforestation, planting of trees, maintain public garden, playground cleanliness and such other like programs, activities towards maintaining ecological balance, quality of soil, air and water, conservation of natural resources, etc.

Further, the Company on the recommendations of the CSR Committee may also undertake any other activities as mentioned in the Schedule VII of the Companies Act, 2013, apart from those mentioned above in pursuance of achieving its CSR objectives.

SI. No.	Name of Director	Designation / Nature of Directorship	Number of meetings of CSR Committee held during the year	Number of meetings of CSR Committee attended during the year
1	Mr. Mahendra V. Doshi	Executive Chairman & Managing Director	One	One
2	Mr. Pratik M. Doshi	Non-executive Director	One	One
3	Mr. Vineet N. Suchanti	Independent Director	One	One

- Web-link where Composition of CSR committee, CSR Policy and CSR projects approved by the board: <u>www.lkpfinance.com</u>
- 4. Provide the details of Impact assessment of CSR projects carried out in pursuance of sub-rule (3) of rule 8 of the Companies (Corporate Social responsibility Policy) Rules, 2014, if applicable (attach the report). Not applicable
- 5. Details of the amount available for set off in pursuance of sub-rule (3) of rule 7 of the Companies (Corporate Social responsibility Policy) Rules, 2014 and amount required for set off for the financial year, if any

Sl. No.	Financial Year	Amount available for set-off from preceding financial years (in Rs)	Amount required to be set-off for the financial year, if any (in Rs)
1	2022-23	7,172/-	Nil
2	2021-22	3,70,752/-	Nil
3	2020-21	2,73,771/-	Nil
	TOTAL	6,51,695/-	Nil

- Average net profit of the company as per section 135(5).: Rs. 41,97,45,563/--
- (a) Two percent of average net profit of the company as per section 135(5): Rs. 83,94,911/-
 - (b) Surplus arising out of the CSR projects or programmes or activities of the previous financial years: Nil
 - (c) Amount required to be set off for the financial year, if any: 6,51,695/-
 - (d) Total CSR obligation for the financial year (7a+7b-7c): Rs. 77,43,216/-

8. (a) CSR amount spent or unspent for the financial year:

	Cost amount spent of unspent for the inflateral year.									
Am	Total Amount Spent									
unt transferred To	For the Financial Year.	Amount transferred	l to any fund specif	fied under Schedule						
Account as per section	(in Rs.)	tion VII as per se	VII as per second proviso to section 135(5).							
135(6).										
Date of transfer.		fer. Name of the Fund	Amount.	Date of transfer.						
Nil	84,00,000/-	Nil	Nil	Nil						
	84,00,000/-									

LKP Since 1948

LKP Finance Limited

(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)		(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)		(11)
SI. No.	Name of the Project.	Item from the list of activities in Schedule VII to the Act.	Local area (Yes/ No).	Location projec		Project duration.	Amount allocated for the project (in Rs.).	Amount spent in the current financial Year	Amount transferred to Unspent CSR Account for the project	Mode of Implementation- Direct (Yes/No).	Through	nplementation Implementing gency
				State.	District.			(in Rs.).	as per Section 135(6) (in Rs.).		Name	CSR Registration number.
l.	Devghar Village	Promotion of Education, Literacy, Health Care and Environmental Sustainability	No	Maharashtra	Pune	Ongoing	-	-	Nil	No	Smt. Jayalaxmi Vasantrai Doshi Charitable Trust	CSR00010265

(c) Details of CSR amount spent against other than ongoing projects for the financial year:

(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)		(5)	(6)	(7)		(8)		
Sl. No.	Name of the Project	Item from	Local area (Yes/ No).	Location of th	1 0		AmountMode ofspent forImplementation		Mode of implementation - Through implementing agency.		
		the list of activities in schedule VII to the Act.		State.	District.	the project (in Rs.).	Direct (Yes/No).	Name.	CSR Registration number.		
1.	Relief and Rehabilitation	Relief and Rehabilitation of the Disabled with a vision to have Disabled Free Society	No	Gujarat	Bhavnagar	9,00,000/-	Yes	PNR Society	CSR00001320		
2.	Upliftment of Eco-Socio backward Society	Upliftment of Eco-Socio backward Society by providing health education and self- employment.	Yes	Maharashtra	Mumbai	40,00,000/-	Yes	Kalawati Devi Memorial Charitable Society	CSR00001320		
3.	Upliftment of Eco-Socio backward Society	Upliftment of Eco-Socio backward Society of blind and handicapped	Yes	Maharashtra	Mumbai	35,00,000/-	Yes	Omkar Andh Apang Samajik Sanstha	CSR00003196		
	TOTAL					84,00,000/-					

(d) Amount spent in Administrative Overheads: With in limit of 5%.

(e) Amount spent on Impact Assessment, if applicable; Not Applicable

(f) Total amount spent for the Financial Year Rs. 84,00,000/-

(g) Excess amount for set off, if any: Nil

LKF

LKP Finance Limited

- 9. (a) Details of Unspent CSR amount for the preceding three financial years: Nil
 - (b) Details of CSR amount spent in the financial year for **ongoing projects** of the preceding financial year(s):

(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)
SI.	Project	Name of	Financial	Project	Total	Amount spent	Cumulative	Status of
No.	ID.	the	Year in	duration.	amount	on the Project	amount spent at the	the Project
		Project.	which the		allocated for	in the reporting	end of reporting	Completed /
		-	project was		the project	Financial Year	Financial Year.	Ongoing.
			commenced.		(in Rs.).	(Rs).	(in Rs.)	
1.	NA	Devghar	commenced. 2013-2014	Ongoing	1 3		(in Rs.) 2,53,10,000/-	Ongoing

Brief Description of Projects:

It is a matter of great concern and shame that villagers in large number continue to be out of school and remain illiterate. This problem is particularly severe in many states including Maharashtra. Smt. Jayalaxmi Vasantrai Doshi Charitable Trust ,has vowed to change this in the next few years through starting community schools, which are multi grade multi-level schools started in the Devghar Village, Ambawane Panchayat in Pune district of Maharashtra .

- 10. In case of creation or acquisition of capital asset, furnish the details relating to the asset so created or acquired through CSR spent in the financial year (asset-wise details).
 - (a) Date of creation or acquisition of the capital asset(s). Not applicable
 - (b) Amount of CSR spent for creation or acquisition of capital asset. Not applicable
 - (c) Details of the entity or public authority or beneficiary under whose name such capital asset is registered, their address etc. Not applicable
 - (d) Provide details of the capital asset(s) created or acquired (including complete address and location of the capital asset). Not applicable
- 11. Specify the reason(s), if the company has failed to spend two per cent of the average net profit as per section 135(5). Not applicable

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

Place: Mumbai	Sd/-	Sd/-
Date : April 28, 2023	Pratik M. Doshi	M. V. Doshi
	Director	Chairman CSR Committee
	DIN: 00131122	DIN:00123243

Annexure IV

Statement of Disclosure of Remuneration under Section 197 of Companies Act, 2013 and Rule 5(1) of Companies (Appointment and Remuneration of Managerial Personnel) Rules, 2014.

i. The ratio of the remuneration of each Executive Director, Directors to the median remuneration of the employees of the Company for the financial year:

Name of Director	Designation	Ratio to median remuneration of the employees
Mr. Mahendra V. Doshi	Executive Chairman & Managing Director	9.48 : 1
Mr. Vineet Suchanti	Independent Director	Not Applicable as only sitting fees is paid to him.
Mr. Sajid Mohamed	Independent Director	Not Applicable as only sitting fees is paid to him.
Mrs. Anjali Suresh	Independent Director	Not Applicable as only sitting fees is paid to her.
Mr. Pratik M. Doshi	Non-executive and Non-Independent Director	Not Applicable as only sitting fees is paid to him.
Mr. Dinesh Waghela	Non-executive and Non-Independent Director	Not Applicable as only sitting fees is paid to him.

ii. The % increase in remuneration of each Directors, Chief Financial Officer, Chief Executive Officer, Company Secretary or Manager, if any, in the financial year:

	D : .:	0/ T ·
Name of Directors / Employees	Designation	% Increase in remuneration
Mr. Mahendra V. Doshi	Executive Chairman & Managing Director	(-) 53.33
Mr. Vineet Suchanti	Independent Director	Nil-Only sitting fees for attending Board Meetings
		is paid
Mr. Sajid Mohamed	Independent Director	Nil-Only sitting fees for attending Board Meetings
		is paid
Mrs. Anjali Suresh	Independent Director	Nil-Only sitting fees for attending Board Meetings
		is paid
Mr. Pratik M. Doshi	Non-executive and Non-Independent Director	Nil-Only sitting fees for attending Board Meetings
		is paid
Mr. Dinesh Waghela	Non-executive and Non-Independent Director	Nil-Only sitting fees for attending Board Meetings
-		is paid
Mr. S. S. Gulati	Head Corporate Affairs / CFO	1.527
Mr. Girish Kumar Innani	GM (Legal) & Company Secretary	1.478

iii. The % increase in the median remuneration of employees in the financial year : 43.90

iv. The number of permanent employees on the rolls of the Company : 28

v. Average percentage increase already made in the salaries of employees other than the managerial personnel in the last financial year: 13.08

Average percentage increase in the managerial remuneration in the last financial year. (-) 44.32

There are no exceptional circumstances for increase in the managerial remuneration except, on account of payment of commission to MD- Executive Chairman, in terms of Special Resolution approved by the shareholders pursuant to the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013.

vi. It is hereby affirmed that the remuneration is as per the Remuneration Policy of the Company.

For and on behalf of Board of Directors

(M. V. Doshi) Executive Chairman & Managing Director DIN: 00123243

Place: Mumbai Date: April 28, 2023

REPORT ON CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

Company's philosophy on Corporate Governance

The Company provides detailed information on various issues concerning the Company's business / performance, to its shareholders. The fundamental philosophy of Corporate Governance in the Company is to achieve business excellence and dedicate itself for meeting its obligations to the shareholders. The Company believes that good Corporate Governance is a continuous process and strive to improve the same to meet shareholder's expectations.

Board of Directors

Composition

The composition and category of Directors in the Company and other listed entities as on March 31, 2023 are as follows:

Name of	LKP Finance	Limited	Other Lis	ted Entities
Directors	Category	Designation	Name of the other listed entity	Category
Mr. M. V. Doshi	Promoter	Executive Chairman &	Graviss Hospitality Limited	Independent Director
		Managing Director	Nilkamal Limited	Independent Director
			LKP Securities Limited	Promoter- Non-executive Director
Mr. Vineet N. Suchanti	Independent & Non-executive	Director	Keynote Financial Services Ltd.	Promoter- Non-executive Director
Mrs. Anjali Suresh	Independent & Non-executive	Director	LKP Securities Limited	Independent Director
Mr. Sajid Mohamed	Independent & Non-executive	Director	LKP Securities Limited	Independent Director
Mr. Pratik M. Doshi	Promoter Non-independent & Non-executive	Director	LKP Securities Limited	Managing Director
Mr. Dinesh K Wahghela	Non-independent & Non-executive	Director	None	Not Applicable

The composition of the Board of Directors is in accordance with the Regulation 17 of SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulation, 2015. Non-Executive Independent Directors of your Company have no pecuniary relationship or any transaction with your Company.

Board Meetings

The Meeting of the Board of Directors are scheduled well in advance and generally held at the Company's office at Nariman Point, Mumbai through Audio Visual means. The notice confirming the meeting and the detailed agenda is sent well in advance to all the Directors.

There were four Board Meetings held during the financial year ended March 31, 2023, namely on May 05, 2022, July 28, 2022, October 18, 2022 and January 20, 2023.

Attendance, Other Directorship & Membership

Membership and Attendance of each Director at the Board of Directors' Meetings held during the year and the last Annual General Meeting and the number of other Directorship/Membership of Board Committees as on March 31, 2023:

S. No.	Name of the Director	Board Meeting Attended	Attendance at Last AGM	(Including LKP Finance Ltd.)		Membership in other Boar Committees (Including LH Finance Ltd.) *	
				Public	Private	Membership	Chairmanship
1	Mr. Mahendra V. Doshi	4	Yes	7	3	3	1
2	Mr. Vineet Suchanti	4	Yes	5	2	2	1
3	Mr. Pratik M. Doshi	4	Yes	4	6	3	0
4	Mr. Sajid Mohamed	4	Yes	2	1	1	0
5	Mrs. Anjali Suresh	4	No	2	1	3	1
6	Mr. Dinesh K. Waghela	4	Yes	1	2		

*In accordance with Regulation 26 of SEBI Listing Regulations, Memberships/ Chairmanships of only Audit Committees and Stakeholders' Relationship Committees in all public limited companies have been considered.

None of the present Directors are relative of each other except Mr. Pratik M. Doshi who is son of Mr. Mahendra V. Doshi.

The familiarization program imparted to independent directors of the Company is available at the website of the Company.

In the opinion of the Board of Directors, the Independent Directors fulfil the conditions specified in the SEBI (LODR) Regulations, 2015 and are independent of the management.

Remuneration of Directors

During the year under review the Company has paid Rs. 139.84 lacs towards remuneration to Mr. Mahendra V. Doshi, Executive Chairman of the Company pursuant to the special resolution passed by members on August 31, 2020. At present, Independent Directors are not paid any remuneration except sitting fess for attending Board Meetings.

Sitting Fees (gross) paid to Directors for attending Board Meetings

Mr. Sajid Mohamed	Rs. 2,00,000/-
Mr. Vineet N. Suchanti	Rs. 2,00,000/
Mr. Pratik M. Doshi	Rs. 2,00,000/
Mr. M. V. Doshi	Nil
Mrs. Anjali Suresh	Rs. 2,00,000/-
Mr. Dinesh K. Waghela	Rs. 2,00,000/-

No stock options were granted to any of the Independent Directors and Promoter Directors. Further the Company has not granted any advance or loans to any directors during the year.

Audit Committee

The Board has set up the Audit Committee with two Independent Directors Mr. Vineet N. Suchanti, Mrs. Anjali Suresh and one Promoter Director Mr. M. V. Doshi. Mr. Vineet N. Suchanti is the Chairman of the Audit Committee and was present at the last Annual General Meeting.

Audit Committee meetings were held on May 05, 2022, July 28, 2022, October 18, 2022 and January 20, 2023. All the members have attended the aforesaid meetings. The Statutory Auditors were the invitees to the above meetings. The scope of activities and powers of Audit Committee includes the areas prescribed under the Regulation 18 of SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulation, 2015, and section 177 of the Companies Act, 2013.

Stakeholders Relationship Committee

Stakeholders Relationship Committee has been constituted pursuant to the section 178 of the Companies Act, 2013 and Regulation 20 of

SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulation, 2015. The said Committee is having two Independent Directors Mrs. Anjal Suresh, Mr. Vineet Suchanti and a non-executive Director Mr. Pratik Doshi. Mrs. Anjali Suresh is appointed as the Chairperson of the Committee. Mr. Girish Innani, General Manager (Legal) & Company Secretary of the Company is Compliance Officer. The company has not received any complaint from shareholders of the Company during the year under review. The Committee meetings were held on May 05, 2022, July 28, 2022, October 18, 2022 and January 20, 2023. There is no complaint which has remained un-addressed.

M/s. V. R. Associates, Practicing Company Secretaries is conducting Reconciliation of Share Capital Audit, for the Company.

Nomination and Remuneration Committee

The Nomination and Remuneration Committee has been constituted by the Company and has two Independent Directors Mrs. Anjal Suresh, Mr. Vineet Suchanti and a non-executive Director Mr. Pratik Doshi. Mr. Vineet N. Suchanti is the Chairman of the Committee.

The terms of reference of the Nomination and Remuneration Committee cover all the areas mentioned under Part D Schedule II read with regulation 19 of SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulation, 2015 and section 178 of the Companies Act, 2013. The broad terms of reference of the Nomination and Remuneration Committee therefore include recommending a policy relating to remuneration and employment terms of Executive Chairman/Managing Director, directors and senior management personnel, adherence to the remuneration/employment policy, also to prepare, administrate and monitor Company's Employees Stock Options Plans /Scheme from time to time, as finally approved by the Board of Directors. Preparing the criteria and identify persons who may be appointed as directors or senior management of the Company, preliminary evaluation of every Director's performance, Board diversity, compliance of the Code for Independent Directors referred to in Schedule IV of the Companies Act, 2013, compliance with the Company's Code of Conduct by Directors and employees of the Company, reporting non-compliances, in case if any, to the Board of Directors, monitor loans to employees and any other matters which the Board of Directors may direct from time to time.

During the financial year ended March 31, 2023 one meeting of the Nomination and Remuneration Committee were held on May 05, 2022. All the members have attended the aforesaid meeting. At present, Directors are not paid any fees for attending any Committee Meetings.

Criteria of selection of Non-executive Directors

The Non-executive Directors shall be of high integrity with relevant expertise and experience so as to have a diverse Board with Directors having expertise in the fields of marketing, finance, taxation, law, governance and general management.

In case of appointment of Independent Directors, the Committee shall satisfy itself with regard to the independent nature of the Directors vis-a-vis the Company so as to enable the Board to discharge its function and duties effectively.

The Committee shall ensure that the candidate identified for appointment as a Director is not disqualified for appointment under Section 164 of the Companies Act, 2013.

The Committee shall consider the following attributes / criteria, whilst recommending to the Board the candidature for appointment as Director.

- Qualification, expertise and experience of the Directors in their respective fields;
- Personal, Professional or business standing;
- Diversity of the Board.

In case of re-appointment of Non-executive Directors, the Board shall take into consideration the performance evaluation of the Director and his engagement level.

Remuneration

A Non-executive Director shall be entitled to receive sitting fees for each meeting of the Board attended by him, of such sum as may be approved by the Board of Directors within the overall limits prescribed under the Companies Act, 2013 and The Companies (Appointment and Remuneration of Managerial Personnel) Rules, 2014 and reimbursement of expenses for participation in the Board meetings.

Executive Chairman- Managing Director / Director – Criteria for selection / appointment: For the purpose of selection of the Executive Chairman- Managing Director / Director the Committee shall identify persons of integrity who possess relevant expertise, experience and leadership qualities required for the position and shall take into consideration recommendation, if any, received from any member of the Board.

The Committee will also ensure that the incumbent fulfils such other criteria with regard to age and other qualifications as laid down under the Companies Act, 2013 or other applicable laws.

Remuneration for the Executive Chairman-Managing Director / Director: At the time of appointment or re-appointment, the Executive Chairman- Managing Director / Director shall be paid such remuneration as may be mutually agreed between the Company (which includes the Committee and the Board of Directors) and the Executive Chairman-Managing Director / Director within the overall limits prescribed under the Companies Act, 2013.

The remuneration shall be subject to the approval of the Members of the Company in General Meeting. The remuneration of the Executive Chairman- Managing Director / Director comprises of fixed and variable component as per the provisions of Companies Act, 2013. The fixed component comprises salary, allowances, perquisites, amenities and retiral benefits.

Remuneration Policy for the Senior Management Employees: In determining the remuneration of the Senior Management Employees the Committee shall ensure the relationship of remuneration and performance benchmark is clear.

The Executive Chairman will carry out the individual performance review based on the respective defined objectives, qualification, expertise, experience and other factors whilst recommending the annual increment and performance incentive to the Committee for its review and approval.

Corporate Social Responsibility (CSR) Committee:

As required under section 135 of the Companies Act, 2013 the company has formed a CSR committee consisting of the following members.

Name of the Member	Designation
Mr. Mahendra V. Doshi	Chairman
Mr. Vineet N. Suchanti	Member
Mr. Pratik M. Doshi	Member

The committee met once on January 20, 2023 during the financial year. All the members have attended the said CSR Committee meeting.

Performance Evaluation of the Board

A separate exercise was carried out to evaluate the performance of individual Directors including the Chairman of the Board, who were evaluated on parameters such as level of engagement and contribution, independence of judgement, safeguarding the interest of the Company and its minority shareholders etc. The performance evaluation of the Independent Directors was carried out by the entire Board. The performance evaluation of the Chairman and the Nonindependent Directors was carried out by the Independent Directors. The Directors expressed their satisfaction with the evaluation process.

Independent Directors Meeting

During the year under review, the Independent Directors met on March 27, 2023, inter alia, to discuss:

Evaluation of the performance of Non Independent Directors and the Board of Directors as a Whole;

Evaluation of the performance of the Chairman of the Company, taking into account the views of the Non-executive Directors.

Evaluation of the quality, content and timelines of flow of information between the management and the Board that is necessary for the Board to effectively and reasonably perform its duties.

Skills, Expertise and Competencies

The Board has a right blend of dynamism with each of the Directors having several years of vast experience and knowledge in various diversified functions, *viz.*, investment banking and institutional and retail stock broking, corporate banking and treasury, planning, project finance, business strategies, banking and finance, competition law, corporate affairs, industry, economic regulation and corporate law *etc*.

The Board is suitably equipped to understand the ever changing business dynamics of NBFCs in which the Company operates and ensures that appropriate strategies are articulated benefitting the Company in the long run. The Independent Directors provide their treasured inputs and guidance at the Meetings of the Board which have been of immense help to the Company in pursuing strategic goals.

The skills, expertise and competence of the Directors are given below:

Skills/Expertise/	Mr.	Mr.	Mr. Pratik	Mr. Sajid	Mrs.	Mr.
Competence ^s	Mahendra	Vineet	M. Doshi	Mohamed	Anjali	Dinesh K.
-	V. Doshi	Suchanti			Suresh	Waghela
Knowledge of	√	√	√	√	✓	√
the Sector						
Accounting and Finance	√	√	√	√	✓	√
Investment	√	√	√		√	
& Corporate						
banking and						
Treasury						
Strategy	√	√	√	√		√
development						
and						
Implementation						
Corporate	√	\checkmark	√	√	✓	\checkmark
Governance,						
Compliances						
and Economic						
regulation						

Notes:

\$ These skills/competencies are broad-based, encompassing several areas of expertise/ experience. Each Director may possess varied combinations of skills/experience within the described set of parameters.

General Body Meetings

The particulars of last three years Annual General Meetings are as under:

Year	Day, Date &	Venue	Special Resolutions
	Time of AGM		Passed
2021-22	Monday, June	Through Video Conferencing	None
	20,2022 at 2.00	(VC)/ Other Audio Visual Means	
	PM	(OAVM). Deemed venue- 203,	
2020-21	Tuesday, August	Embassy Centre, Nariman Point,	Re-appointment of
	10, 2021 at	Mumbai 400 021.	Mr. Sajid Mohamed as
	11.30 AM		Independent Director for
			2 nd term of 5 years
2019-20	Monday, August		Re-appointment of Mr.
	31, 2020 at		Mahendra V. Doshi as
	11:00 AM		Executive Chairman
			and Managing Director
			and payment of
			remuneration to him.
			Re-appointment of
			Mrs. Anjali Suresh as
			Independent Director for
			2 nd term of 5 years

Extraordinary General Meeting

No extraordinary general meeting of the members was held during financial year ended March 31, 2023.

Postal Ballot

During the year under review, the Company had not conducted any postal ballot.

Further, none of the businesses proposed to be transacted at the ensuing AGM requires passing of a special resolution through postal ballot.

LKP Finance Limited

Disclosure

The related party details are disclosed in the notes to financial statements. The Register of Contracts containing the transactions in which Directors are interested is regularly placed before the Board for its approval.

The Company has complied with the requirements of regulatory authorities. During the financial year under review, there were no instances of non-compliance by the Company and no penalty or restrictions were imposed on the Company by the Stock Exchange(s) or Securities and Exchange Board of India or any statutory authority, on any matter related to the capital markets.

No personnel have been denied access to the Chairman or members of the Audit Committee. The mechanism of Whistle Blower Policy is in place.

To the extent possible, the Company has complied with the mandatory requirement of this clause.

The Company has complied with all applicable Accounting Standards in preparation of its financial statements pursuant to the amended Schedule III of Companies Act, 2013.

Weblink:

Policy on dealing with related party transactions

http://lkpfinance.com/DownloadDoc/Policy%20on%20Related%20 Party%20Transactions_F.pdf

Policy for determining 'material' subsidiaries

http://lkpfinance.com/DownloadDoc/Policy%20on%20 determining%20material%20subsidiary%20f.pdf

Means of Communication

All financial results were published in Business Standard and Mumbai Lakshadeep, widely circulating national and local dailies. These were not sent individually to the shareholders.

The Company's results or official news are displayed on the web site of the Company at <u>www.lkpfinance.com</u>

There were no presentations made to the institutional investors or to the analysts.

The Management, Discussion and Analysis Report forms a part of this Annual Report.

General Shareholder Information

AGM Date, Time and Venue: Tuesday, June 20, 2023 at 3.00 pm. through Video Conference / Other Audio Visual Means. The deemed venue of the meeting shall be considered at the Registered Office of the Company.

Financial Calendar: April to March

Announcement of Audited / Un-audited Results (tentative)

1st Quarter - First week of August

2nd Quarter - First week of November

3rd Quarter - First week of February

4th Quarter - First week of May

Book Closure: Wednesday, June 14, 2023 to Tuesday, June 20, 2023 (both days inclusive).

Dividend: Interim Dividend which remains unpaid or unclaimed, declared by the Company for the year ended on March 31, 2016 at the Board Meeting held on March 30, 2016 will be due on May 04, 2023 to transfer to the Investor Education and Protection Fund of the Central Government pursuant to the provisions of section 124 of the Companies Act, 2013. Thereafter no claim shall lie against the Company on these dividend from the shareholders.

Transfer to Investor Education and Protection Fund:

As required under Section 124 of the Act, the unclaimed Final dividend amount aggregating to Rs. 4,26,388/- lying with the Company for a period of seven years pertaining to the financial year ended on March 31, 2015 was transferred during the year 2022-23, to the Investor Education and Protection Fund established by the Central Government.

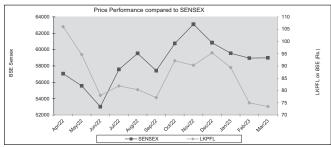
Listing on Stock Exchange: BSE Limited, Mumbai (Code-507912). The Company has paid the listing fees for FY 2023-24.

Demat ISIN No. for Depositories : INE 724A01017

Market Price Data and Performance in comparison to BSE Sensex

	LKP Fin	ance Ltd	BSE S	ensex
	LKP High Price	LKP Low Price	Sensex High	Sensex Low
Apr-22	110.95	93.05	60845.10	56009.07
May-22	109.00	86.10	57184.21	52632.48
Jun-22	100.35	71.10	56432.65	50921.22
Jul-22	84.80	75.70	57619.27	52094.25
Aug-22	87.00	72.00	60411.20	57367.47
Sep-22	92.85	72.25	60676.12	56147.23
Oct-22	108.00	75.05	60786.70	56683.40
Nov-22	95.00	84.30	63303.01	60425.47
Dec-22	102.35	78.80	63583.07	59754.10
Jan-23	99.90	84.60	61343.96	58699.20
Feb-23	90.00	71.10	61682.25	58795.97
Mar-23	81.00	71.50	60498.48	57084.91

Price Performance compared to SENSEX



The performance comparison is based on the closing price / Sensex on the last trading day of the month.

Credit Rating

The Company's financial discipline and prudence is reflected in the credit ratings given by rating agency. The following Credit rating are assigned to the Company during the year under review.

Rating Agency	Product	Rating as on March 31, 2023	Rating as on March 31, 2022
Infomerics Valuation And Rating Pvt. Ltd.	Fund based – Long Term Bank Facilities- Cash Credit	IVR BBB-/ Stable	BWR BBB (Stable) by Brick Work Ratings India Pvt. Ltd.
	Fund based – Short Term Bank Facilities – Secured Overdraft	IVR A3	

Registrar & Share Transfer Agent

M/s. Adroit Corporate Services Private Limited 19, Jafarbhoy Industrial Estate, 1st Floor, Makawana Road, Marol Naka, Andheri (East), Mumbai 400 059. Tel: +91 (0)22 42270400, 022-42270422 ; Fax: +91 (0)22 28503748

email:info@adroitcorporate.com / <u>sandeeps@adroitcorporate.com</u> ; Website: <u>www.adroitcorporate.com</u>

Share Transfer System

The Company's Shares are traded on BSE Limited compulsorily in the dematerialized form. In terms of the Regulation 40 of the SEBI Listing Regulations, securities of listed companies can only be transferred in dematerialized form with effect from April 1, 2019, except in case of transmission or transposition of securities.

Shareholding Pattern as on March 31, 2023

Sr.	Description	Folios	%	Shares	%
No					
1	Resident Individual	5159	93.70	2358558	18.77
2	Non Resident Indians (Individuals)	181	3.29	89437	0.71
3	Corporate Bodies (Promoter)	2	0.04	3957020	31.48
4	Corporate Bodies	52	0.94	1534595	12.21
5	Foreign Individuals	1	0.02	200	0.00
6	Banks	2	0.04	250	0.00
7	Directors (Promoter)	5	0.09	3622567	28.82
8	Directors	1	0.02	1185	0.01
9	Directors Relatives (Promoter)	3	0.05	416725	3.32
10	Corporate Body - Broker	2	0.04	184	0.00
11	Investors Education And Protection	1	0.02	93820	0.75
12	Foreign Portfolio Investors	2	0.04	448000	3.56
13	NBFCS	1	0.02	6861	0.05
14	Hindu Undivided Family (HUF)	94	1.71	39221	0.31
Tota		5506	100.00	12568623	100.00

Distribution of	snarenoiding	as on	viarch 31,	2023	
No. of Shares	No. of Shareholders	%	No. of Shares	Amount in Rs.	%
UPTO - 100	3783	68.71	224656	2246560	1.79
101 - 500	1205	21.89	315368	3153680	2.51
501 - 1000	253	4.59	195607	1956070	1.56
1001 - 2000	122	2.22	178763	1787630	1.42
2001 - 3000	46	0.84	113332	1133320	0.90
3001 - 4000	19	0.35	63643	636430	0.51
4001 - 5000	11	0.20	49694	496940	0.40
5001 - 10000	30	0.54	202788	2027880	1.61
10001 - 20000	13	0.24	197865	1978650	1.57
20001 - 50000	4	0.07	106251	1062510	0.85
50001 & Above	20	0.36	10920656	109206560	86.89
Total	5506	100.00	12568623	125686230	100.00

LKP Finance Limited

Dematerialization of equity Shares and liquidity

As on March 31, 2023, 98.32 % of the Company's total shares represented by 1,23,56,569 shares were held in dematerialized form.

Out-standing GDR/Warrants/Convertible Instruments

The Company has no out-standing GDR/Warrants/Convertible Instruments.

Address for correspondence

LKP Finance Limited 203, Embassy Centre, Nariman Point, Mumbai 400 021 E.mail : lkpfininvestor.relations@lkpsec.com

For and on behalf of Board of Directors

Place: Mumbai Date: April 28, 2023 (M. V. Doshi) Executive Chairman DIN:00123243

CERTIFICATE ON CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

To the Members, LKP Finance Limited

We have examined the compliance of conditions of Corporate Governance by LKP Finance Limited ("the Company") for the financial year ended on March 31, 2023 as stipulated in Regulations 17 to 27 and clauses (b) to (i) of sub-regulation (2) of regulation 46 and Para C, D and E of Schedule V of the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 ("Listing Regulations").

The compliance of conditions of corporate governance is the responsibility of the management. Our examination has been limited to a review of the procedures and implementation thereof adopted by the company for ensuring compliance with the conditions of the corporate governance as stipulated in the said clause. It is neither an audit nor an expression of opinion on the financial statements of the company.

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, we certify that the Company has complied in all material aspects with the conditions of Corporate Governance as stipulated in the above-mentioned Listing Regulations as applicable.

We state that such compliance is neither an assurance as to future viability of the company nor of the efficiency or effectiveness with which the management has conducted the affairs of the company.

For V.R. Associates Company Secretaries

V. Ramachandran CP 4731; ACS 7731

Place: Mumbai Date: April 28, 2023

UDIN: A007731E000222627 Peer Review Certificate no. 1662/2022

CERTIFICATE OF NON-DISQUALIFICATION OF DIRECTORS

(pursuant to Regulation 34(3) and Schedule V Para C clause (10) (i) of the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015)

To, The Members, LKP Finance Limited

We have examined the relevant registers, records, forms, returns and disclosures received from the Directors of LKP Finance Limited having CIN L65990MH1984PLC032831 and having registered office at 203, Embassy Centre, Nariman Point, Mumbai 400 021 (hereinafter referred to as 'the company'), produced before us by the company for the purpose of issuing this certificate, in accordance with regulation 34(3) read with Schedule V para C sub clause 10(i) of the Securities Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015.

LKP Finance Limited

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the verifications (including Directors Identification Number (DIN) status at the portal www.mca.gov.in) as considered necessary and explanations furnished to us by the company & its officers, we hereby certify that none of the Directors on the Board of the company as stated below for the financial year ended on March 31, 2023 have been debarred or disqualified from being appointed or continuing as Directors of the company by the Securities and Exchange Board of India, Ministry of Corporate Affairs or any such other statutory authority.

Sr.	Name of the Director	DIN	Date of
No.			appointment in the
			Company
1.	Mr. Mahendra Vasantrai	00123243	May 05, 1984
	Doshi		
2.	Mr. Vineet Suchanti	00004031	July 26, 2001
3.	Mr. Pratik Mahendra Doshi	00131122	October 26, 2009
4.	Ms. Anjali Suresh	02545317	January 29, 2015
5.	Mr. Sajid Mohamed	06878433	August 03, 2015
6.	Mr. Dinesh Waghela	00230087	December 04, 2020

Ensuring the eligibility for the appointment/continuity of every Director on the Board is the responsibility of the management of the company. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these based on our verification. This certificate is neither an assurance as to the future viability of the company nor of the efficiency or effectiveness with which the management has conducted the affairs of the company.

For V.R. Associates Company Secretaries

V. Ramachandran

Proprietor ACS 7731; CP 4731 UDIN: A007731E000222649 Peer Review Certificate no. 1662/2022

Place: Mumbai Date: April 28, 2023

COMPLIANCE CERTIFICATE

[Regulation 17(8) of SEBI (Listing Obligation and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015]

The Board of Directors, LKP Finance Limited

- **A.** We have reviewed financial statements and the cash flow statement for the year and that to the best of our knowledge and belief:
 - these statements do not contain any materially untrue statement or omit any material fact or contain statements that might be misleading;
 - (2) these statements together present a true and fair view of the Company's affairs and are in compliance with existing accounting standards, applicable laws and regulations.
- **B.** There are, to the best of our knowledge and belief, no transactions entered into by the Company during the year which are fraudulent, illegal or violative of the Company's code of conduct.

- C. We accept responsibility for establishing and maintaining internal controls for financial reporting and that we have evaluated the effectiveness of internal control systems of the Company pertaining to financial reporting and we have disclosed to the auditors and the audit committee, deficiencies in the design or operation of such internal controls, if any, of which we are aware and the steps we have taken or propose to take to rectify these deficiencies.
- **D.** We have indicated to the Auditors and the Audit committee that there is no :
 - (1) significant changes in internal control over financial reporting during the year;
 - (2) significant changes in accounting policies during the year and that the same have been disclosed in the notes to the financial statements; and
 - (3) instances of significant fraud of which we have become aware and the involvement therein; if any, of the management or an employee having a significant role in the Company's internal control system over financial reporting.

For LKP Finance Limited

	M. V. Doshi	S. S. Gulati
Place: Mumbai	Executive Chairman	Head Corporate
Date: April 28, 2023	DIN: 00123243	Affairs

COMPLIANCE WITH CODE OF CONDUCT

As provided under SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015, the Board Members and the Senior Management personnel have confirmed compliance with the Code of Conduct for the year ended March 31, 2023.

For and on behalf of Board of Directors

Place: Mumbai Date: April 28, 2023 (M. V. Doshi) Executive Chairman DIN: 00123243

MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

INDUSTRY STRUCTURE AND DEVELOPMENTS

NBFCs have become important constituents of the financial sector and have been recording higher credit growth than scheduled commercial banks over the past few years. NBFCs are leveraging their superior understanding of regional dynamics and customised products and services to expedite financial inclusion in India. Lower transaction costs, quick decision making, customer orientation and prompt service standards have typically differentiated NBFCs from banks. Systemically Important NBFCs have demonstrated agility, innovation, and frugality to provide formal financial services to millions of Indians.

Inflation has emerged as a global challenge owing to the surge in energy prices, non-food commodities, input prices disruptions of global supply chains and rising freight costs. In India, retail inflation measured by the Consumer Price Index (CPI) hit the highest of 7.79% in April 2022. India is presently known as one of the most important players in the global economic landscape. Our country is growing rapidly and is expected to become a US\$ 5 trillion economy by 2025. The Union Budget presented on February 01, 2023 highlighted the policies and investment incentives to look forward to in the next year. The investments in India have been riding high for the last few years. Investments here should always be a long-term story. The next 10 years will surely give good returns.

Over the years, India has emerged as one of the fastest-growing economies in the world and an attractive investment destination driven by economic reforms and a large consumption base. We believe that NBFCs with superior capital adequacy, better margins, frugal cost management, prudent risk management and those incorporating above four key cornerstones in their business models will continue to deliver sustainable growth in the foreseeable future.

OPPORTUNITIES AND THREATS

Your Company is committed to addressing the changes boosted by its strengths in market position, agile execution capabilities, robust early warning systems and extensive use of analytics for risk mitigation and resource allocation. It will ensure to take advantage of the tailwinds that may emerge during the course of the year. The stringent RBI and other regulatory norms governing the functioning of NBFC and certain government restrictions acts as hindrance in smooth functioning of NBFC.

SEGMENT WISE / PRODUCT WISE PERFORMANCE

The Company is engaged in investment activities and other financial services during the year under review, hence the requirement of segment-wise reporting is considered irrelevant.

OUTLOOK

LKP Finance Limited being an investment Company seeks opportunities in the capital market. While interest rate hikes may peak out in 2023, margins of most NBFCs should fall year-on-year in 2023 (FY24) as the full impact of higher interest rates will be reflected in average funding costs next year. The volatility in stock indices represents both an opportunity and challenge for the Company. We continue to see significant in the market and will use periods of weakness as investment opportunities for long term.

The Company carries shares and securities in its books. The effect of mark to market thereon have been taken into account for the year. The Company believes that it has taken into account the impact of known events arising out of COVID-19 pandemic in the preparation of financial results resulting out of fair valuation of these investments. However the impact assessment of COVID-19 is a continuing process given its nature and duration. The Company will continue to monitor for any material changes to future economic conditions. Company would definitely try to establish itself and remain as a strong player in the finance industry. With the Capital market expected to be in a better mode than the previous few year and with our efforts we can look forward to a more successful year for the company.

RISKS AND CONCERNS

The very nature of the Company's business makes it subject to various kinds of risks. As an NBFC, the Company is exposed to credit, liquidity, market and interest rate risk. Capital market activities in which most of our activities depend on is also influenced by global events and hence there is an amount of uncertainty in the near term outlook of the market.

The Company has a strong Risk Management System for identification, monitoring, mitigation and reporting of the risks associated with its operations. The Company has an established practice of compliance reporting covering all operations and support functions; compliance reporting is periodically reviewed to ensure comprehensive coverage.

INTERNAL CONTROL SYSTEMS AND THEIR ADEQUACY

The Company has an adequate system of internal controls to ensure accuracy of accounting records, compliance with all laws & regulations and compliance with all rules, procedures & guidelines prescribed by the management. An extensive internal audit is carried out by independent firm. An internal team of inspection also regularly visits branches for ensuring regulatory compliance. Post audit reviews are also carried out to ensure follow up on the observations made.

FINANCIAL PERFORMANCE AND OPERATIONAL REVIEW

Share Capital

The paid up equity share capital of the Company as on March 31, 2023 stands at Rs. 12,56,86,230/- divided into 1,25,68,623 fully paid up equity shares of Rs. 10/- each.

Net Worth

The Net Worth of the Company stands at Rs. 29331.73 lakh.

Secured Loans

The Company has secured borrowings of Rs. 5129.13 lakh in the current year.

Total Income

During the year total income was reported at Rs. 2507.55 lakh.

Finance Cost

The finance cost of the Company stands at Rs. 303.19 lakh.

Tax Expense

The Company has incurred a tax expense of Rs. 141.13 lakh in the current year.

HUMAN RESOURCES

During the year under review there has been no material development on the Human Resource/Industrial Relations front. The Company places significant importance to its human capital. As on March 31, 2023 there are 28 employees employed by the Company. The Company's focus is on recruitment of good talent and retention of the talent pool. The Company commends the commitment, dedication and competence shown by its employees in all aspects of business.

KEY FINANCIAL RATIOS

The key financial ratios and details of significant changes in these ratios, to the extent applicable, as required by SEBI Listing Regulations are given below:

Key Financial Ratios	Financial Year 2022-23	Financial Year 2021-22
(i) Debtors Turnover	N.A	N.A
(ii) Interest Coverage Ratio	5.50	13.71
(iii) Current Ratio	N.A	N.A
(iv) Debt Equity Ratio	0.32	0.33
(v) Operating Profit Margin (%)	N.A	N.A
(vi) Net Profit Margin (%)	48.62	59.07

Cautionary statement

Statements in this Management Discussion and Analysis describing the Company's objectives, projections, estimates and expectations may be 'forward looking' within the meaning of applicable laws and regulations. Actual results may differ from those expressed or implied. Investors are advised to exercise due care and caution while interpreting these statements.

Independent Auditor's Report

To The Members of **LKP Finance Limited**

1. Qualified Opinion

We have audited the accompanying standalone Ind AS financial statements of **LKP Finance Limited** ("the Company"), which comprise the Balance Sheet as at 31 March 2023, the Statement of Profit and Loss (including Other Comprehensive Income), the Statement of changes in equity and the Statement of Cash Flows for the year then ended on that date, and a summary of the significant accounting policies and other explanatory information (herein after referred to as "the standalone Ind AS financial statements").

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, except for the possible effects of matters described in the Basis for Qualified opinion of our report, the aforesaid standalone financial statements give the information required by the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act") in the manner so required and give a true and fair view in conformity with the Indian Accounting Standards prescribed under section 133 of the Act read with the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015, as amended, ("Ind AS") and other accounting principles generally accepted in India, of the state of affairs of the Company as at 31 March 2023, its profit, total comprehensive income the changes in equity and its cash flows for the year ended on that date.

2. Basis for Qualified Opinion

- (a) The Company has investment in unquoted securities. In respect of certain investments of Rs.6,323.13 lakhs, the Company is unable to obtain fair valuation report as at 31 March 2023 as required by Ind AS 109 "Financial Instruments". In the absence of fair valuation report, we are unable to comment on the carrying value of these investments and the consequent impact thereof on Other Comprehensive Income. The Opinion on the standalone Ind AS financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2022 was also modified in respect of this matter.
- (b) The Company did not obtain/ receive balance confirmation / term sheet from two lenders amounting to Rs 3,596.65 lakhs. Hence, we could not obtain external confirmations as required by SA-505, Standards on Auditing and are unable to comment on adjustments or disclosures, if any, that may arise. The Opinion on the standalone Ind AS financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2022 was also modified in respect of this matter

We conducted our audit of the standalone Ind AS Financial Statements in accordance with the Standards on Auditing (SAs) specified under section 143(10) of the Companies Act, 2013. Our responsibilities under those Standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the standalone financial statements section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the Code of Ethics issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India (ICAI) together with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the standalone financial statements under the provisions of the Act and the Rules made thereunder, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the ICAI's Code of Ethics. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our qualified audit opinion on the standalone Ind AS financial statements.

3. Emphasis of Matter

As described in Note 30(b) to the standalone Ind AS financial statements, State Bank of India has obtained an Order from Debt Recovery Tribunal (DRT), Bangalore against Kingfisher Airlines, United Breweries (Holdings) Limited and Others for recovery of dues from them. The Company received a garnishee Order from the Recovery Officer, DRT, Bangalore claiming Rs. 2,500 lakhs (plus interest), as the financial statements of Kingfisher Finvest Limited (lender) reflected the amount due from the Company. The Company has contested the claim and deposited Rs 1,126.22 lakhs. The matter is presently pending before the Debt Recovery Appellate Tribunal, Chennai. The scope, duration or outcome of the matter is uncertain.

Our opinion is not modified in respect of this matter.

4. Key Audit Matters

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the Standalone Ind AS financial statements of the current year. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the Standalone Ind AS financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.

We have determined that there are no key audit matters to communicate in our report for the year ended 31 March, 2023 except for matters specified in para "Basis of Qualified Opinion"

5. Other information

The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Directors Report along with annexures, Report on Corporate Governance, Management Discussion and Analysis ('MD&A') (collectively referred to as 'other information' but does not include the Ind AS financial statements and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the standalone Ind AS financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon. In connection with our audit of the standalone Ind AS financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the standalone Ind AS financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

6. Management responsibility for the standalone Ind AS financial statements.

The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the matters stated in Section 134(5) of the Act with respect to the preparation of these Ind AS financial statements that give a true and fair view of the financial position, financial performance, total comprehensive income, changes in equity and cash flows of the Company in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, including the Indian Accounting Standards (Ind AS) prescribed under Section 133 of the Act read with the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015, as amended.

This responsibility also includes maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; selection and application of appropriate accounting policies; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls, that were operating effectively for ensuring the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the standalone Ind AS financial statements that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the standalone Ind AS financial statements, the Board of Directors is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so. The Board of Directors are responsible for overseeing the Company's financial reporting process.

7. Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Standalone Ind AS Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the standalone Ind AS financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with SAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these standalone Ind AS financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with SAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the standalone Ind AS financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal financial controls relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances. Under section 143(3)(i) of the Act, we are also responsible for expressing our opinion on whether the Company has adequate internal financial controls system in place and the operating effectiveness of such controls.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the standalone Ind AS financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the standalone Ind AS financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the standalone Ind AS financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all

relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with those charged with governance, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the standalone Ind AS financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

8. Report on Other Legal and Regulatory requirements

- 1. As required by the Companies (Auditor's Report) Order, 2020 ("the Order") issued by the Central Government in terms of Section 143(11) of the Act, we give in the "Annexure A" a statement on the matters specified in the paragraph 3 and 4 of the Order.
- 2. As required by Section 143 (3) of the Act, we report that:
 - a) We have sought, except for the matter described in the "Basis for Qualified Opinion" paragraph above, and obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purpose of our audit.
 - b) Except for the effects/possible effects of the matter described in the "Basis for Qualified Opinion" paragraph above, in our opinion, proper books of account as required by law have been kept by the Company so far as it appears from our examination of those books.
 - c) The Balance Sheet, the Statement of Profit and Loss including Other Comprehensive Income, the Statement of Changes in Equity and the Statement of Cash Flow dealt with by this Report are in agreement with the books of account.
 - d) Except for the effects/possible effects of the matter described in the "Basis for Qualified Opinion" paragraph above, in our opinion, the aforesaid standalone Ind AS financial statements comply with the Indian Accounting Standards specified under Section 133 of the Act, read with the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015, as amended.
 - e) On the basis of the written representations received from the directors as on 31 March 2023 taken on record by the Board of Directors, none of the directors is disqualified as on 31 March 2023 from being appointed as a director in terms of Section 164 (2) of the Act.

- f) The matters described in the Basis for Qualified Opinion paragraph above, in our opinion, may have an adverse effect on the functioning of the Company
- g) With respect to the adequacy of the internal financial controls over financial reporting of the Company and the operating effectiveness of such controls, refer to our separate Report in "Annexure B".
- With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with the requirements of section 197(16) of the act, as amended;

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the remuneration paid/payable by the Company to its directors during the year is in accordance with the provisions of Section 197 of the Act.

- With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with Rule 11 of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014, in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us:
 - i. The Company has disclosed the impact of pending litigations on its financial position in its standalone Ind AS financial statements. (Refer note 30 of the financial statements)
 - ii. The Company has made provision as required under the applicable law or accounting standards, for material foreseeable losses, if any, in respect of long term contracts including derivative contracts; and
 - iii. There has been no delay in transferring amounts, required to be transferred, to the Investor Education and Protection Fund by the Company.
 - The management has represented, that, iv. (a) to the best of its knowledge and belief, as referred in notes to the accounts, no funds have been advanced or loaned or invested (either from borrowed funds or share premium or any other sources or kind of funds) by the Company to or in any other persons or entities, including foreign entities ("Intermediaries"), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Intermediary shall, whether, directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Company ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries



- (b) The management has represented, that, to the best of its knowledge and belief, as referred in the notes to the accounts, no funds have been received by the Company from any persons or entities, including foreign entities ("Funding Parties"), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Company shall, whether, directly or indirectly, lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Funding Party ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries; and
- (c) Based on the information and details provided and other audit procedures followed, nothing has come to our notice that has caused us to believe that the representations under subclause iv(a) and (b) contain any material misstatement.
- v. As stated in Note 42 to the standalone financial statements
 - (a) The final dividend proposed in the previous year declared and paid by the Company during the year is in accordance with Section 123 of the Act.

- (b) The Board of Directors of the Company have proposed final dividend for the year which is subject to approval of the members at the ensuing Annual General Meeting. The amount of dividend proposed is in accordance with Section 123 of the Act.
- vi. Proviso Rule 3(1) of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014 for maintaining books of account using accounting software which has a feature of recording audit trail (edit log) facility is applicable to the Company with effect from 1 April, 2023, and accordingly, reporting under Rule 11 (g) of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules 2014 is not applicable for financial year ended March 31 2023.

For MGB & Co LLP

Chartered Accountants Firm Registration Number 101169W/W-100035

Hitendra Bhandari

Partner Membership Number 107832

Mumbai, 28 April 2023 UDIN: 23107832BGWAWW5705 i.

Annexure - A to the Independent Auditor's Report

Annexure referred to in paragraph 8 (1) under "Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements" of our report of even date to the Members of the LKP Finance Limited on the standalone Ind AS financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2023.

- (a) The Company has maintained proper records showing full particulars, including quantitative details and situation of Property, Plant and Equipment and right -of - use assets. The Company does not have any intangible assets
 - (b) As explained to us, all the property, plant and equipment and right of use assets have been physically verified by the management during the year, which in our opinion, is reasonable having regard to the size of the Company and nature of its assets. As informed to us, no discrepancies were noticed on such verification.
 - (c) According to the information and explanations given to us, and on the basis of examination of records, the title deeds of immovable property are held in the name of the Company.
 - (d) The Company has not revalued its Property, Plant and Equipment (including Right to Use assets) during the year and hence clause 3(i)(d) of the Order is not applicable.
 - (e) There are no proceedings initiated or pending against the Company for holding any benami property under the Benami Transactions (Prohibition) Act, 1988 (45 of 1988) and rules made thereunder, and hence clause 3(i)
 (e) of the Order is not applicable.
- ii. (a) The Company's business does not involve inventories and accordingly, the requirements under clause 3(ii)(a) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
 - (b) The Company has been sanctioned working capital limits in excess of five crore rupees, in aggregate, from banks and financial institutions on the basis of pledge of security of investments in mutual fund, equity shares and bonds and fixed deposits with bank. The quarterly returns or statements are not required to be filed by the Company and hence clause 3(ii)(b) of the Order is not applicable.
- iii. (a) As the Company is a Non- Banking Finance Company (NBFC) holding Certificate of Registration from Reserve Bank of India and having its principal business to give loans and make investments, hence clause iii (a) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
 - (b) In our opinion, the Company has made investments and given loans during the year. The investments made, interest and other terms and conditions on which the loan given to related parties and other parties were prima facie not prejudicial to the interest of the Company. The Company has not provided guarantees or securities during the year.

(c) In respect of loans granted by the Company, the repayments of principal amounts and interest are generally regular considering the stipulation to repayment except as detailed below:

Name of the entity	Amount Rs./Lakh	Due Date	Extent of delays (Days) upto 31	Nature of transaction	Remarks
			March 2023		
Aurangabad Auto Engineering Private Limited	27.25	31-Mar-22	13	Interest	Received
Mulraj Mody	10.00	19-Jan-23	44	Principal	Principal of Rs
	8.00	19-Jan-23	58	1	8.23 lakhs has been
	2.00	19-Jan-23	65		written off and interest has been reversed on final recovery of loan
Nilkamal Crates &	57.09	20-Feb-23	39	Interest	Received
Containers		03-Mar-23	28	Interest	Received
	0.25	06-Mar-23	25	Interest	Received
	1.09	24-Mar-23	7	Interest	Received
New Berry Advisors Limited	44.88	31-Mar-22	12	Interest	Received
Bay Capital Advisors Private Limited	121.18	31-Mar-22	7	Interest	Received
Pahari Projects Private Limited	46.80	31-Mar-22	14	Interest	Received
Iced Deserts &	20.00	28-Mar-20	905	Principal	Received
Food Parlours India	20.00	28-Mar-20	915	Principal	
Limited		28-Mar-20	1098	Principal	Treated as NPA and interest not provided a s p e r N B F C guidelines
Khambaliya Laljibhai		31-Dec-22	78	Principal	-Principal received
Samatbhai	4.50	31-Dec -22	81	Principal	-No delay in interest considered as the loan was treated as NPA
SSK Scripts Private	200.00	01-Dec-21	485	Principal	Treated as NPA and
Limited	200.00	19-May-22	316	Principal	interest not provided as per NBFC guidelines

- Delay in interest is considered as per the original terms of the agreement
- (d) There is no overdue amount in respect of interest receivable and loans granted for more than 90 days except as stated below

The Company has taken reasonable steps for recovery of principal and interest

No of cases	overdue	Interest overdue (Rs. Lakhs)	Total Overdue (Rs. Lakhs)	Remarks
2	760	-	760	Treated NPA
				and interest not
				provided as per
				RBI guidelines

(e) As the Company is a Non- Banking Finance Company holding Certificate of Registration from Reserve Bank of India and having its principal business to give loans and LKP Since 1948

make investments, hence clause iii (e) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.

(f) The loans granted is repayable on demand. The aggregate amount, percentage thereof to the total loans granted, aggregate amount of loans granted to Promoters, related parties as defined in clause (76) of section 2 of the Companies Act, 2013 is as under

		(R	s. In lakhs)
Particulars	All	Promoters	Related
	Parties		Parties
Aggregate of Loans/ advances in	4,920.00	-	3,800
the nature of loans			
 Repayable on demand* 			
Percentage of loans/ advances in	42.86%	-	33.11%
the nature of loans to total loans			

* where the terms of the agreement are mentioned with a rider of repayable on demand has been considered in the above table.

- iv. According to the information and explanations given to us and the records of the Company examined by us, the Company has complied with the provisions of Section 185 and Section 186 of the Act in respect of loans granted and investments made, to the extent applicable. The Company has not given guarantees and provided security for which provisions of Section 185 and Section 186 of the Act are not applicable.
- v. The Company has not accepted any deposits or amounts which are deemed to be deposits, from the public within the directives issued by Reserve Bank of India and within the meaning of Sections 73 to 76 of the Act and the rules framed thereunder.
- vi. According to information and explanation given to us, the Central Government of India has not prescribed the maintenance of cost records under Section 148(1) of the Act, for any of the activities carried on by of the Company
- vii. According to the records of the Company examined by us and information and explanations given to us:
 - a) Undisputed statutory dues including provident fund, employees' state insurance, income tax, sales tax, service tax, goods and services tax, duty of customs, duty of excise, value added tax, cess and others as applicable have generally been regularly deposited with the appropriate authorities except delays in few cases. There are no undisputed amounts payable in respect of aforesaid dues outstanding as at 31 March 2023 for a period of more than six months from the date they became payable.
 - b) There are no amounts of any statutory dues which are yet to be deposited on account of any dispute.
- viii. There are no such transactions relating to previously unrecorded income that have been surrendered or disclosed as income during the year in the tax assessments under the Income Tax Act, 1961 (43 of 1961).

 ix. (a) According to the records of the Company examined by us and the information and explanations given to us, the Company has not defaulted in repayment of loans or borrowings to banks and financial institution. However in case of inter corporate deposits from other parties, there are no stipulations for repayment (Refer Note 12). The Company has not taken any loan from Government or issued debentures during the year.

Nature of borrowing, including debt securities	Name of lender	Amount not paid on due date	Whether principal or interest	No. of days delay or unpaid	Remarks, if any
Inter corporate	Other	3,596.65	Principal	-	No
Deposits	companies				stipulations
					for repayment
					in absence of
					term sheet

- (b) According to the records of the Company examined by us, and information and explanations given to us, the Company is not declared wilful defaulter by any bank or financial institution or any other lender.
- (c) According to the records of the Company examined by us, and information and explanations given to us, the Company has not taken any term loan during the year and there are no outstanding term loans at the beginning of the year and hence, reporting under clause 3(ix)(c) of the Order is not applicable.
- (d) On an overall examination of the financial statements of the Company, funds raised on short term basis have, prima facie, not been used during the year for long-term purposes by the Company.
- (e) According to the records of the Company examined by us, and information and explanations given to us, the Company has not taken any funds from any entities to meet obligations of its subsidiaries and there are no joint venture and associate.
- (f) According to the records of the Company examined by us, and information and explanations given to us, the Company has not raised any loans during the year on the pledge of securities held in its subsidiaries and there are no joint venture and associate.
- (a) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has not raised any money by way of initial public offer or further public offer (including debt instruments) and hence reporting on clause 3(x)(a) of the Order is not applicable.
 - (b) According to the records of the Company examined by us, and information and explanations given to us, the Company has not made any preferential allotment or private placement of shares or fully or partly or optionally convertible debentures and hence clause 3(x)(b) of the Order is not applicable.

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- xi. (a) During the course of our examination of the books and records of the Company, carried out in accordance with the generally accepted auditing practices in India, and according to the information and explanations given to us, we have neither come across any instance of fraud by the Company or on the Company, noticed or reported during the year, nor have been informed of any such case by the Management.
 - (b) No report under sub-section (12) of section 143 of the Act has been filed in Form ADT-4 as prescribed under rule 13 of Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014 with the Central Government, during the year and upto the date of this report.
 - (c) According to the records of the Company examined by us, and information and explanations given to us, there are no whistle blower complaints received during the year.
- xii. In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the Company is not a Nidhi company and the Nidhi Rules, 2014 are not applicable to it. Hence clause (xii) (a), (b) and (c) of the Order are not applicable.
- xiii. According to the information and explanations given to us and based on our examination of the records of the Company, transactions with the related parties are in compliance with Sections 177 and 188 of the Act, and details of such transactions have been disclosed in the standalone Ind AS financial statements as required by the applicable Accounting Standards.
- xiv. (a) During the year, Internal audit has been carried out by the independent firm of Chartered accountants. In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the scope and coverage is commensurate with the size of the Company and the nature of its business.
 - (b) We have considered the internal audit reports of the Company, issued during the year and till date, in determining the nature, timing and extent of our audit procedures.
- xv. According to the records of the Company examined by us, and information and explanations given to us, the Company has not entered into non-cash transactions with directors or persons connected with him and hence provisions of section 192 of the Act are not applicable to the Company.
- xvi. (a) The Company is registered as Non-Banking Financial Institution (NBFI) and is holding a certificate of registration (CoR) from Reserve Bank of India to carry on business of NBFI in terms of Sec 45-IA of the RBI Act, 1934

- (b) In our opinion, there is no core investment company within the Group (as defined in the Core Investment Companies (Reserve Bank) Directions, 2016) and accordingly reporting under clause 3(xvi)(d) of the Order is not applicable.
- xvii. According to the records of the Company examined by us, and information and explanations given to us, the Company has not incurred cash losses neither in the current financial year nor in the immediately preceding financial year.
- xviii. There has been no resignation of statutory auditor during the year, hence clause 3(xviii) of the Order is not applicable.
- xix. On the basis of the financial ratios, ageing and expected dates of realisation of financial assets and payment of financial liabilities, other information accompanying the financial statements, the auditor's knowledge of the Board of Directors and management plans, there is no material uncertainty that exists as on the date of the audit report and that the Company is capable of meeting its liabilities existing at the date of balance sheet as and when they fall due within a period of one year from the balance sheet date. We, however, state that this is not an assurance as to the future viability of the company. We further state that our reporting is based on the facts up to the date of the audit report and we neither give any guarantee nor any assurance that all liabilities falling due within a period of one year from the balance sheet date, will get discharged by the company as and when they fall due
- xx. (a) There are no unspent amounts towards Corporate Social Responsibility ("CSR") on other than ongoing projects, requiring to transfer to a fund specified in Schedule VII to the Companies Act, 2013. Accordingly, reporting under clause 3(xx)(a) of the Order is not applicable for the year.
 - (b) In respect of other than ongoing projects, the Company has spent the amount required and hence reporting under clause xx(b) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.

For MGB & Co LLP

Chartered Accountants Firm Registration Number: 101169W/W-100035

Hitendra Bhandari

Partner Membership Number 107832

Mumbai, 28 April 2023 UDIN : 23107832BGWAWW5705



Annexure - B to the Independent Auditor's Report

Report on the Internal Financial Controls under Clause (i) of Sub-section 3 of Section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act") as referred to in paragraph 8(II)(g) under "Report on other Legal and Regulatory requirements" of our report of even date to the members of the Company on the standalone Ind AS financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2023

We have audited the internal financial controls over financial reporting of **LKP Finance Limited** ("the Company") as of 31 March 2023 in conjunction with our audit of the standalone Ind AS financial statements of the Company for the year ended on that date.

Management's Responsibility for Internal Financial Controls

The Company's management is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal financial controls based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting (the "Guidance Note") issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India (ICAI). These responsibilities include the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls that were operating effectively for ensuring the orderly and efficient conduct of its business, including adherence to company's policies, the safeguarding of its assets, the prevention and detection of frauds and errors, the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, and the timely preparation of reliable financial information, as required under the Act.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Company's internal financial controls over financial reporting based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with the Guidance Note on "Audit of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting" (the "Guidance Note") issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India and the Standards on Auditing prescribed under Section 143(10) of the Companies Act 2013, to the extent applicable to an audit of internal financial controls. Those Standards and the Guidance Note require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether adequate internal financial controls over financial reporting was established and maintained and if such controls operated effectively in all material respects.

Our audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the adequacy of the internal financial controls system over financial reporting and their operating effectiveness. Our audit of internal financial controls over financial reporting included obtaining an understanding of internal financial controls over financial reporting, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, and testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal control based on the assessed risk. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the standalone Ind AS financial statements, whether due to fraud or error.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the Company's internal financial controls system over financial reporting.

Meaning of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting

A company's internal financial control over financial reporting is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of Ind AS financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A company's internal financial control over financial reporting includes those policies and procedures that (1) pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the company; (2) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of Ind AS financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the company are being made only in accordance with authorisations of management and directors of the company; and (3) provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorized acquisition, use, or disposition of the company's assets that could have a material effect on the Ind AS financial statements.

Inherent Limitations of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting

Because of the inherent limitations of internal financial controls over financial reporting, including the possibility of collusion or improper management override of controls, material misstatements due to error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projections of any evaluation of the internal financial controls over financial reporting to future periods are subject to the risk that the internal financial control over financial reporting may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

Basis of Qualified Opinion

According to the information and explanations given to us and based on our audit, material weaknesses have been identified in respect of:

- i) Independent Confirmation/ term sheet which were not obtained /received from two lenders for the balances outstanding as at 31 March, 2023.
- ii) Fair valuation of unquoted securities as required by the Ind AS 109 "Financial Instruments".

A 'material weakness' is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal financial control with reference to financial statements, such that there is reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the company's annual or interim financial statements will not be prevented or detected on a timely basis.

Qualified Opinion

In our opinion, except for the effects of the material weakness described in the 'Basis for qualified opinion' paragraph above on the achievement of the objectives of the controls criteria, the company has maintained, in all material respects, internal financial controls with reference to financial statements and such internal financial controls with reference to financial statements were operating effectively as at 31 March 2023, based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India.

We have considered the material weakness identified and reported above in determining the nature, timing, and extent of audit tests applied in our audit of the standalone Ind AS financial statement

LKP Finance Limited

of the Company as at and for the year ended 31 March 2023, and the material weakness has affected our opinion on the standalone financial statements of the Company and we have issued a Qualified opinion on the standalone Ind AS financial statements.

For MGB & Co LLP

Chartered Accountants Firm Registration Number 101169W/W-100035

Hitendra Bhandari Partner Membership Number 107832

Mumbai, 28 April 2023 UDIN: 23107832BGWAWW5705

			Notes	31 March 2023	(Rs. in Lakh 31 March 2022
ASS	BETS		110103	51 March 2025	51 March 2022
(1)	Financial Assets				
()	(a) Cash and cash equivalents		3(a)	692.29	1,598.23
	(b) Bank balance other than (a) above		3(b)	1,032.37	722.5
	(c) Trade receivables		4	70.22	174.50
	(d) Loans		5	11,366.54	12,987.09
	(e) Investments		6	23,796.96	20,670.13
	(f) Other financial assets		7	308.87	580.03
	Total Financial Assets			37,267.25	36,732.5
2)	Non-Financial Assets				
	(a) Current tax assets (net)		8	241.03	354.6
	(b) Property, plant and equipment		9	6.32	8.1
	(c) Right-of-use assets		9A	11.03	
	(d) Other non-financial assets		10	1,184.55	1,174.4
	Total Non-Financial Assets		-	1,442.93	1,537.3
	TOTAL ASSETS		-	38,710.18	38,269.8
	LIABILITIES AND EQUITY		-		
	LIABILITIES				
(1)	Financial Liabilities				
	(a) Payables				
	(I) Trade payables		11		
	(i) total outstanding dues of micr	ro enterprises and small enterprises		-	
	(ii) total outstanding dues of cred	itors other than micro enterprises and small enterprises		43.64	
	(II) Other payables	X X			
		ro enterprises and small enterprises		-	
		itors other than micro enterprises and small enterprises		10.08	6.9
	(b) Borrowings	X X	12	8,725.77	8,226.0
	(c) Lease liabilities		13	11.21	
	(d) Other financial liabilities		14	84.42	591.7
	Total Financial Liabilities			8,875.12	8,824.7
(2)	Non-Financial Liabilities				
	(a) Provisions		15	51.12	50.7
	(b) Deferred tax liabilities (net)		16	426.13	529.4
	(c) Other non-financial liabilities		17	26.08	97.1
	Total Non-financial liabilities		-	503.33	677.3
(3)	EQUITY				
	(a) Equity share capital		18	1,256.86	1,256.8
	(b) Other equity		19	28,074.87	27,510.8
	Total Equity		-	29,331.73	28,767.6
	TOTAL LIABILITIES AND EQUITY		-	38,710.18	38,269.8
Not	es forming part of the standalone financi	al statements	1-55		
n te	rms of our Report attached	For and on behalf of the board			
For	MGB & Co. LLP	LKP Finance Limited			
	tered Accountants Registration Number 101169W/W-100035	5			
. 11 11	registration runnoer 101107 w/ w-10003.	, ,			
Hite	ndra Bhandari	M.V Doshi	Pra	ntik Doshi	
Parti	ner	Executive Chairman & Managing Director	Dir	ector	
Men	nbership Number 107832	DIN : 00123243	DI	N:00131122	
Dlac	e : Mumbai	G.B Inani	66	Gulati	
	e : Mumbai e : 28 April,2023	G.B Inani G.M (Legal) & Company Secretary		d-Corporate Affairs	
Jato					

Standalone Balance Sheet as at 31 March 2023

LKP

				(Rs in Lakhs)
		Note	31 March 2023	31 March 2022
Revenue from operations (i) Interest income		20	1,369.63	1,076.04
			34.12	92.08
			1,077.45	4,381.85
(iii) Net gain on fair value changes(iv) Others			1,077.43	4,581.85
Total Revenue from operations			2,500.22	5,554.01
Other Income		21	7.33	15.80
Total Income		21	2,507.55	5,569.81
Expenses				5,507.01
(i) Finance costs		22	303.19	292.89
(ii) Fees and commission expense		23		5.08
(iii) Impairment on financial instruments		23	268.65	340.96
(iv) Employee benefits expense		25	324.56	868.10
(v) Depreciation and amortisation expenses		26	3.57	1.64
(v) Other expenses		20	247.76	339.12
Total Expenses			1,147.73	1,847.78
Profit before tax			1,359.82	3,722.03
Tax expenses			1,000102	0,722000
Current tax - Current Year			201.16	656.78
-Earlier Year			(5.73)	-
Deferred tax (credit) / charge			(54.31)	(215.53)
Total tax expenses			141.13	441.25
Profit after tax			1,218.69	3,280.78
Other Comprehensive Income (OCI)				
Items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss (n				
- Remeasurement gains/(losses) on defined benefit pla			(0.08)	(14.06)
- Fair value change on equity instruments through oth	ner comprehensive income		(277.50)	226.56
Other Comprehensive Income/ (loss) for the year			(277.58)	212.50
Total comprehensive Income for the year			941.11	3,493.28
Earning per equity share (face value of Rs. 10 each)			
Basic (in Rs.)			9.70	26.09
Diluted (in Rs.)			9.70	26.09
Notes forming part of the standalone financial stat	tements	1-55		
In terms of our Report attached	For and on behalf of the board			
For MGB & Co. LLP Chartered Accountants Firm Registration Number 101169W/W-100035	LKP Finance Limited			
Hitendra Bhandari	M.V Doshi		atik Doshi	
Partner Marshanshin Number 107822	Executive Chairman & Managing Director		rector	
Membership Number 107832	DIN : 00123243	DI	N:00131122	
Place : Mumbai	G.B Inani	S.5	8 Gulati	
Date : 28 April,2023	G.M (Legal) & Company Secretary	He	ead-Corporate Affairs	

Standalone Statement of Profit and Loss for the year ended 31 March 2023



Rs in Lakhs

Statement of Changes in Equity for the year ended 31 March 2023

		Note	Rs in Lakhs
A.	Equity Share Capital		
	Balance as at 1 April 2021	18	1,256.86
	Changes in equity share capital during the year		-
	Balance as at 31 March 2022	18	1,256.86
	Changes in equity share capital during the year		-
	Balance as at 31 March 2023		1,256.86

The Company has not made any adjustement in equity share capital due to prior period errors.

B. Other Equity

b. Other Equity						KS III LAKII
		Reserve	es and Surplus		Other	Total
					Comprehensive	Other
					Income (OCI)	Equity
	Securities	General	Reserve u/s 45-	Retained	Equity	
	Premium	Reserve	IC of Reserve	Earnings	Instruments	
			bank of India			
			Act, 1934			
Balance as at 31 March 2021	370.03	6,146.06	5,822.98	10,038.87	1,890.97	24,268.91
Profit/ (Loss) for the year	-	-	-	3,280.78	-	3,280.78
Remeasurement gains/(losses) on defined benefit plan (net of tax)	-	-	-	(14.06)	-	(14.06)
Other comprehensive income						
Transfer to reserve fund in terms of Section 45-1C(1) of Reserve			656.16	(656.16)	-	-
Bank of India Act, 1934						
Gain /(Loss) on fair value of financial asset measured through				-	226.56	226.56
other comprehensive income (net of tax)						
Total comprehensive income	-	-	656.16	2,610.56	226.56	3,493.28
Dividend paid				(251.37)	-	(251.37)
Transfer on account of decognition of financial instrument	-	-	-	-	-	-
measured through other comprehensive income (net of tax)						
Balance as at 31 March 2022	370.03	6,146.06	6,479.14	12,398.05	2,117.53	27,510.81
Profit/ (Loss) for the year	-	-	-	1,218.69		1,218.69
Remeasurement gains/(losses) on defined benefit plan (net of tax)	-	-	-	(0.08)		(0.08)
Other comprehensive income	-	-				
Gain /(Loss) on fair value of financial asset measured through	-	-	-	-	(277.50)	(277.50)
other comprehensive income (net of tax)						
Total comprehensive income	-	-	-	1,218.61	(277.50)	941.11
Dividend paid	-	-	-	(377.06)		(377.06)
Transfer to reserve fund in terms of Section 45-1C(1) of Reserve	-	-	243.74	(243.74)	-	-
Bank of India Act, 1934						
Balance as at 31 March 2023	370.03	6,146.06	6,722.88	12,995.87	1,840.02	28,074.87

 1)
 Securities Premium is used to record the premium on issue of shares. The reserve is utilised in accordance with the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013.

2) General Reserve is a distributable reserve maintained by the Company out of transfers made from profits.

3) Reserve Fund is created as per the terms of section 45-IC(1) of the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934 as a statutory reserve.

4) Retained Earnings represent the accumulated earnings net of losses if any made by the Company over the years.

5) Other Comprehensive Income (OCI) includes fair value gain on equity instruments measured at fair value through OCI and remeasurement of defined benefit plan.

1-55

The Company has not made any adjustement in Other Equity due to prior period expenses.

Notes forming part of the standalone financial statements

In terms of our Report attached

6)

For and on behalf of the board

LKP Finance Limited

For MGB & Co. LLP Chartered Accountants Firm Registration Number 101169W/W-100035

Hitendra Bhandari Partner

Membership Number 107832

Place : Mumbai Date : 28 April,2023 M.V Doshi Executive Chairman & Managing Director DIN : 00123243

G.B Inani G.M (Legal) & Company Secretary **Pratik Doshi** Director DIN : 00131122

S.S Gulati Head-Corporate Affairs



			31 March 2023	(Rs. in Lakhs) 31 March 2022
A.	Cash flow from operating activities			
	Profit before tax		1,359.82	3,722.03
	Adjustments for:		2.57	1.64
	Depreciation and amortization expense	1		1.64
		nd equipment		216.50
	Interest expenses Interest income			(1,091.85)
	Dividend income			(1,091.83)
	Net loss/ (gain) on fair value changes			(4,381.85)
	Impairment on financial instruments			(4,381.83) 340.96
	Operating profit before working capital cl	19DG65		(1,284.65)
	Adjustments for:	langes	(3)0.07)	(1,204.03)
	(Increase) / decrease in trade receivables		104 28	625.17
	Increase / (decrease) in trade payables and ot	her payables		9.27
	(Increase) / decrease in financial assets	ner payaones		54.65
	(Increase) / decrease in non financial assets			2.41
	Increase / (decrease) other non-financial liab	ilities		(76.78)
	Increase / (decrease) other financial liabilitie			(227.09)
	Cash generated from operations			(897.02)
	Direct tax paid (net of refunds)			(705.72)
	Net cash from/ (used in) operating activitie	31 March 2023 31 Mar tivities 1,359.82 texpense 3.57 toperty, plant and equipment (5.91) 200.38 (1,371.03) (1,371.03) (1) ments (268.65) king capital changes (1077.45) (1,077.45) (268.65) ia assets 2.64 nancial assets (10.10) -fnancial liabilities (7.11) ions (1,014.23) ancial assets (10.10) -fnancial liabilities (7.11) ioins (1,014.23) (1,116.69) (1 ivities (1,116.69) ipment (1.51) dequipment (1.31) equipment (1.31) equipment (229.04) (int) (1,729.17) (int) (1,729.17) (int) (23) wings (372.77) (int) (23.9) wings (372.7) (23.86)	(1,602.74)	
3.	Cash flow from investing activities		× · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	())
	Sale of Property, plant and equipment		7.50	-
	Purchase of Property, plant and equipment		(1.31)	(1.56)
	(Increase)/decrease in Investments			6,638.32
	Advance for purchase of Investments			(560.59)
	(Increase)/ decrease in Loans (net)		1,729.17	(7,623.45)
	(Increase)/ decrease in bank deposits		(309.86)	(481.83)
	Interest received		993.77	1,206.81
	Dividend received		34.12	92.08
	Net cash from/ (used in) investing activitie	s (B)	(345.91)	(730.22)
с.	Cash flow from financing activities			
	Dividend Paid		(372.77)	(270.22)
	Payment of lease liabilities		(2.23)	-
	Increase / (decrease) in borrowings		499.70	3,648.44
	Interest paid		(259.86)	(216.50)
	Net cash from/ (used in) financing activitie		. ,	3,161.72
	Net changes in cash and cash equivalents (A			828.76
	Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of	5		769.47
	Cash and bank balances at the end of the	year	692.29	1,598.23
Not				
1.				
2				
		ising from financing activities is given in note 38		
3.	Cash and cash equivalents consists of :			
	Cash in Hand		0.03	0.11
	Balances with banks:			
	In current accounts		692.26	1,529.45
	Cheques on hand			68.67
		Tota	<u> </u>	1,598.23
n te	erms of our Report attached	For and on behalf of the board		
For	MGB & Co. LLP	LKP Finance Limited		
	rtered Accountants			
	n Registration Number 101169W/W-100035			
1124	n due Dhandari	M W DL:	Due the De L	
	endra Bhandari			
Part				
Mer	nbership Number 107832	D1N : 00123243	DIN : 00131122	
	- Marcha	C B Inoni	S.S.Culat	
D1-		VT.15 [1080]	5.5 Guiati	
	e : Mumbai e : 28 April,2023			

Standalone Statement of Cash Flow for the year ended 31 March 2023

1 Company information

LKP Finance Limited ("the Company') is domiciled and incorporated in India and its shares are publicly traded on the Bombay Stock Exchange (BSE) in India. The Company's registered office is located at 203, Embassy Centre, Nariman Point, Mumbai 400021, Maharashtra, India. The Company is engaged in the business of finance and trading in shares and securities, derivatives etc. The Company obtained permission from the Reserve Bank of India (RBI) for carrying on the business of Non-Banking Financial Institutions on 21 May 2009 vide Regn No. B.13.01282.

The seperate financial statement (hereinafter referred to as "Financial Statements") of the Company for the year ended 31 March 2023 were authorised for issue by the Board of Directors at the meeting held on 28 April, 2023.

2 Significant accounting policies

(a) Basis of preparation

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Indian Accounting Standards (Ind AS) as per the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015 as amended from time to time and notified under section 133 of the Companies Act, 2013 (the Act) along with other relevant provisions of the Act and the Master Direction – Non-Banking Financial Company (Reserve Bank) Directions, 2016 ('the NBFC Master Directions') issued by RBI. These financial statements have been prepared and presented under the historical cost convention, on the accural basis of accounting except for certain financial assets and liabilities that are measured at fair values at the end of each reporting period, as stated in the accounting policies stated out below.

The Financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis. The Company presents its balance sheet in order of Liquidity.

Accounting policies have been consistently applied except where newly issued accounting standard is initially adopted or a revision to an existing accounting standard requires a change in the accounting policy hitherto in use.

Rounding of amounts

All amounts disclosed in the financial statements and notes have been rounded off to the nearest lakh as per the requirement of schedule III (except per share data), unless otherwise stated. " 0 " (zero) denoted less than thousand.

(b) Presentation of financial statements

The Company presents its Balance Sheet in order of liquidity. The Company prepares and present its Balance Sheet, the Statement of Profit and Loss and the Statement of Changes in Equity in the format prescribed by Division III of Schedule III to the Act. The Statement of Cash Flows has been prepared and presented as per the requirements of Ind AS 7 'Statement of Cash Flows'. The Company generally reports financial assets and financial liabilities on a gross basis in the Balance Sheet. They are offset and reported net only when Ind AS specifically permits the same or it has an unconditional legally enforceable right to offset the recognised amounts without being contingent on a future event. Similarly, the Company offsets incomes and expenses and reports the same on a net basis when permitted by Ind AS specifically unless they are material in nature. The preparation of the Company's financial statements requires Management to make use of estimates and judgments. In view of the inherent uncertainties and a level of subjectivity involved in measurement of items, it is possible that the outcomes in the subsequent financial years could differ from those based on Management's estimates.

(c) Property, plant and equipment

Property, Plant and Equipments are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses if any. Cost comprises the purchase price and any attributable cost of bringing the asset to its working condition for its intended use.

(d) Depreciation on property, plant and equipment

Depreciable amount for property, plant and equipment is the cost of an asset or other amount substituted for cost less its estimated residual value.

Depreciation on property, plant and equipment is provided on straight-line method as per the useful life prescribed in Schedule II to the Companies Act, 2013.

(e) Derecognition of property, plant and equipment

The carrying amount of an item of property, plant and equipment is derecognised on disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected from its use or disposal. The gain or loss arising from the derecognition of an item of property, plant and equipment is measured as the difference between the net disposal in proceeds and the carrying amount of the item and is recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss when the item is derecognised.

(f) Leases

(i) The Company assesses whether a contract contains a lease, at inception of a contract. A contract is, or contains, a lease if the contract conveys the right to control the use of an identified asset for a period of time in exchange for consideration. To assess whether a contract conveys the right to control the use of an identified asset, the Company assesses whether: (i) the contract involves the use of an identified asset (ii) the Company has substantially all of the economic benefits from use of the asset through the period of the lease and (iii) the Company has the right to direct the use of the asset.

At the date of commencement of the lease, the Company recognizes a right-of-use asset ("ROU") and a corresponding lease liability for all lease arrangements in which it is a lessee, except for leases with a term of twelve months or less (short-term leases) and low value leases. For these short-term and low value leases, the Company recognizes the lease payments as an operating expense on a straight-line basis over the term of the lease.

Certain lease arrangements includes the options to extend or terminate the lease before the end of the lease term. ROU assets and lease liabilities includes these options when it is reasonably certain that they will be exercised.

The right-of-use assets are initially recognized at cost, which comprises the initial amount of the lease liability adjusted for any lease payments made at or prior to the commencement date of the lease plus any initial direct costs less any lease incentives. They are subsequently measured at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses.

$(ii) \quad \text{Short-term leases and leases of low-value assets} \\$

The Company applies the short-term lease recognition exemption to its short-term leases of rented premises (i.e., those leases that have a lease term of 12 months or less from the commencement date and do not contain a purchase option). It also applies the lease of low-value assets recognition exemption to leases of office equipment that are considered to be low value. Lease payments on short-term leases and leases of low-value assets are recognised as expense on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

(g) Cash and cash equivalents

- (i) Cash and cash equivalents in the balance sheet comprise cash at bank and on hand and short-term deposit with original maturity upto three months, which are subject to insignificant risk of changes in value.
- (ii) For the purpose of presentation in the statement of cash flows, cash and cash equivalents consists of cash and short-term deposit, as defined as they are considered as integral part of company's cash management.

(h) Fair value measurement

The Company has an established control framework with respect to the measurement of fair values. The management regularly reviews significant unobservable inputs and valuation adjustments.

All financial assets and financial liabilities for which fair value is measured or disclosed in the financial statements are categorised within the fair value hierarchy, described as follows, based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement as a whole:

- Level 1 Quoted (unadjusted) market prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities;
- Level 2 Valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is directly or indirectly observable, or
- Level 3 Valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is unobservable.

The Company recognises transfers between levels of the fair value hierarchy at the end of the reporting period during which the change has occurred.

(I) Financial instruments

Financial instruments is any contract that gives rise to a financial asset of one entity and a financial liability or equity instrument of another entity.

Financial assets

i Initial recognition

Financial assets are recognized when the company becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the financial instrument.

Financial assets and financial liabilities are initially measured at fair value. Transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition or issue of financial assets and financial liabilities (other than financial assets and financial liabilities (other than financial assets and financial liabilities at fair value through profit and loss) are added to or deducted from the fair value of the financial assets or financial liabilities, as appropriate, on initial recognition. Transaction costs directly attributable to the acquisition of financial assets or financial liabilities at fair value through profit and loss are recognised immediately in the statement of profit and loss.

ii Subsequent measurement

Financial assets are classified into the following specified categories: amortised cost, financial assets at fair value through profit and loss (FVTPL), Fair value through other comprehensive income (FVTOCI). The classification depends on the Company's business model for managing the financial assets and the contractual terms of cash flows.

Debt Instrument

Amortised Cost

A financial asset is subsequently measured at amortised cost if it is held within a business model whose objective is to hold the asset in order to collect contractual cash flows and the contractual terms of the financial asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding. This category generally applies to trade and other receivables.

Fair value through other comprehensive income (FVTOCI)

A 'debt instrument' is classified as at the FVTOCI if both of the following criteria are met:

- a. The objective of the business model is achieved both by collecting contractual cash flows and selling the financial assets.
- b. The asset's contractual cash flows represent solely payments of principal and interest.

Debt instruments included within the FVTOCI category are measured initially as well as at each reporting date at fair value. Fair value movements are recognized in the other comprehensive income (OCI). However, the Company recognizes interest income, impairment losses and reversals and foreign exchange gain or loss in the statement of profit and loss. On derecognition of the asset, cumulative gain or loss previously recognised in OCI is reclassified from the equity to statement of profit and loss. Interest earned whilst holding FVTOCI debt instrument is reported as interest income using the EIR method.

Fair value through Profit and Loss (FVTPL)

FVTPL is a residual category for debt instruments. Any debt instrument, which does not meet the criteria for categorization as at amortized cost or as FVTOCI, is classified as at FVTPL. In addition, the Company may elect to designate a debt instrument, which otherwise meets amortized cost or FVTOCI criteria, as at FVTPL. However, such election is considered only if doing so reduces or eliminates a measurement or recognition inconsistency (referred to as 'accounting mismatch').

Debt instruments included within the FVTPL category are measured at fair value with all changes recognized in the statement of profit and loss.

Equity investments

The Company measures its equity investments other than in subsidiary at fair value through profit and loss. However where the Company's management makes an irrevocable choice on initial recognition to present fair value gains and losses on specific equity investments in other comprehensive income, there is no subsequent reclassification, on sale or otherwise, of fair value gains and losses to statement of profit and loss.

Investment in subsidiary

Investment in subsidiary are carried at cost and are not adjusted to fair value at the end of each reporting date. The Company assess at the end of each reporting period, if there are any indicatons, that the said investment may be impaired. If so the company estimates the recoverable value/ amount of the investment and provides for impairment, if any , i.e deficit in the recoverable value over cost.

Derivative financial instruments

Derivative financial instruments are classified and measured at fair value through profit and loss.

Purchased or originated credit-impaired (POCI) financial assets

POCI financial assets are treated differently because the asset is credit-impaired at initial recognition. For these assets, the Company recognises all changes in lifetime ECL since initial recognition as a loss allowance with any changes recognised in Statement of Profit and Loss. A favourable change for such assets creates an impairment gain.

iii Derecognition of financial assets

A financial asset is derecognised only when

- i) The Company has transferred the rights to receive cash flows from the asset or the rights have expired ;
- The Company retains the contractual rights to receive the cash flows of the financial asset, but assumes a contractual obligation to pay the cash flows to one or more recipients in an arrangement.

Where the entity has transferred an asset, the Company evaluates whether it has transferred substantially all risks and rewards of ownership of the financial asset. In such cases, the financial asset is derecognised. Where the entity has not transferred substantially all risks and rewards of ownership of the financial asset, the financial asset is not derecognised.

Impairment of financial assets

The Company measures the expected credit loss associated with its assets based on historical trend, industry practices and the business environment in which the entity operates or any other appropriate basis. The impairment methodology applied depends on whether there has been a significant increase in credit risk.

Significant increase in credit risk

The Company monitors all financial assets, issued irrevocable loan commitments and financial guarantee contracts that are subject to the impairment requirements to assess whether there has been a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition. If there has been a significant increase in credit risk the Company will measure the loss allowance based on lifetime rather than tweleve-months ECL. The Company's accounting policy is not to use the practical expedient that financial assets with 'low' credit risk at the reporting date are deemed not to have had a significant increase in credit risk. As a result, the Company monitors all financial assets, issued irrevocable loan commitments and financial guarantee contracts that are subject to impairment for significant increase in credit risk.

In assessing whether the credit risk on a financial instrument has increased significantly since initial recognition, the Company compares the risk of a default occurring on the financial instrument at the reporting date based on the remaining maturity of the instrument with the risk of a default occurring that was anticipated for the remaining maturity at the current reporting date when the financial instrument was first recognised. In making this assessment, the Company considers both quantitative and qualitative information that is reasonable and supportable, including historical experience and forward-looking information that is available without undue cost or effort, based on the Company's historical experience and expert credit assessment.

Given that a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition is a relative measure, a given change, in absolute terms, in the probability of default (PD) will be more significant for a financial instrument with a lower initial PD than compared to a financial instrument with a higher PD.

Definition of default

Critical to the determination of ECL is the definition of default. The definition of default is used in measuring the amount of ECL and in the determination of whether the loss allowance is based on 12-month or lifetime ECL, as default is a component of the probability of default (PD) which affects both the measurement of ECLs and the identification of a significant increase in credit risk.

The Company considers the following as constituting an event of default:

• the borrower is past due more than 90 days on any material credit obligation to the Company; or

the borrower is unlikely to pay its credit obligations to the Company in full.

The definition of default is appropriately tailored to reflect different characteristics of different types of assets.

When assessing if the borrower is unlikely to pay its credit obligation, the Company takes into account both qualitative and quantitative indicators. The information assessed depends on the type of the asset, for example in corporate lending a qualitative indicator used is the admittance of bankruptcy petition by National Company Law Tribunal (NCLT), which is not relevant for retail lending. Quantitative indicators, such as overdue status and non-payment on another obligation of the same counterparty are key inputs in this analysis. The Company uses a variety of sources of information to assess default which are either developed internally or obtained from external sources. The definition of default is applied consistently to all financial instruments unless information becomes available that demonstrates that another default definition is more appropriate for a particular financial instrument.

Write-off

Loans and debt securities are written-off when the Company has no reasonable expectations of recovering the financial asset (either in its entirety or a portion of it). This is the case when the Company determines that the borrower does not have assets or sources of income that could generate sufficient cash flows to repay the amounts subject to the write-off. A write-off constitutes a derecognition event. The Company may apply enforcement activities to financial assets written off. Recoveries resulting from the Company's enforcement activities will result in impairment gains.

Presentation of allowance for ECL in the Balance Sheet

Loss allowances for ECL are presented in the Balance Sheet as follows:

- for financial assets measured at amortised cost: as a deduction from the gross carrying amount of the assets;
- for debt instruments measured at FVTOCI: no loss allowance is recognised in the Balance Sheet as the carrying amount is at fair value.
- where a financial instrument includes both a drawn and an undrawn component, and the Company cannot identify the ECL on the loan commitment component separately from those on the drawn component: the Company presents a combined loss allowance for both components. The combined amount is presented as a deduction from the gross carrying amount of the drawn component.

Financial liabilities and equity instruments

Debt or equity instruments issued by the Company are classified as either financial liabilities or as equity in accordance with the substance of the contractual arrangements and the definitions of a financial liability and an equity instrument.

Equity instruments

An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of an entity after deducting all of its liabilities. Equity instruments issued by the Company are recognised at the proceeds received, net of direct issue costs.

Repurchase of the Company's own equity instruments is recognised and deducted directly in equity. No gain or loss is recognised on the purchase, sale, issue or cancellation of the Company's own equity instruments.



Net Gain/ loss on fair value changes includes the effect of financial instruments held at fair value through Profit or loss ($\rm FVTPL$) for continuing and discontinuing portfolio.

Financial liabilities

i Classification

Financial liabilities are recognized when company becomes party to contractual provisions of the instrument. The Company determines the classification of its financial liability at initial recognition. All financial liabilities are recognised initially at fair value plus transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition of the financial liability except for financial liabilities classified as fair value through profit or loss. The Company classifies all financial liabilities at amortised cost or fair value through profit or loss.

ii Subsequent measurement

For the purposes of subsequent measurement, financial liabilities are classified in two categories:

- i) Financial liabilities measured at amortised cost
- ii) Financial liabilities measured at FVTPL (fair value through profit or loss)

i) Financial liabilities measured at amortised cost

After initial recognition, financial liability are subsequently measured at amortized cost using the EIR method. Gains and losses are recognised in the statement of profit and loss when the liabilities are derecognised as well as through the EIR amortization process. Amortized cost is calculated by taking into account any discount or premium on acquisition and fee or costs that are an integral part of the EIR. The EIR amortisation is included in finance costs in the statement of profit and loss.

ii) Financial liabilities measured at fair value through profit or loss

After initial recognition, loans, borrowings and deposits are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest rate (EIR) method. Gains and losses are recognised in the statement of profit and loss when the liabilities are derecognised as well as through the EIR amortization process. The EIR amortisation is included in finance costs in the statement of profit and loss.

Trade and other payables

These amounts represent liabilities for goods and services provided to the Company prior to the end of financial year which are unpaid. For trade and other payables maturing within one year from the balance sheet date, the carrying amounts approximate fair value due to the short-term maturity of these instruments.

iii De-recognition of financial liabilities

A financial liability is de-recognised when the obligation under the liability is discharged or cancelled or expires. When an existing financial liability is replaced by another from the same lender on substantially different terms, or the terms of an existing liability are substantially modified, such an exchange or modification is treated as the de-recognition of the original liability and the recognition of a new liability. The difference in the respective carrying amounts is recognised in the statement of profit or loss.

(i) Borrowing costs

Borrowing costs attributable to the acquisition or construction of qualifying assets are capitalised as part of cost of such assets. All other borrowing costs are expensed in the period in which they occur. Borrowing costs consist of interest and other costs that an entity incurs in connection with the borrowing of funds and is measured with reference to the effective interest rate applicable to the respective borrowings.

(j) Provisions, contingent liabilities and contingent assets

The Company recognizes provisions when a present obligation (legal or constructive) as a result of a past event exists and it is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle such obligation and the amount of such obligation can be reliably estimated.

If the effect of time value of money is material, provisions are discounted using a current pre-tax rate that reflects, when appropriate, the risks specific to the liability. When discounting is used, the increase in the provision due to the passage of time is recognized as a finance cost.

A disclosure for a contingent liability is made when there is a possible obligation or a present obligation that may, but probably will not require an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits or the amount of such obligation cannot be measured reliably. When there is a possible obligation or a present obligation in respect of which likelihood of outflow of resources embodying economic benefits is remote, no provision or disclosure is made.

Contingent assets are not recognised in the financial statements, however they are disclosed where the inflow of economic benefits is probable. When the realisation of income is virtually certain, then the related asset is no longer a contingent asset and is recognised as an asset.

(k) Revenue recognition

The Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Amendment Rules, 2018 issued by the Ministry of Corporate Affairs (MCA) notified Ind AS 115 "Revenue from Contracts with Customers" related to revenue recognition which replaces all existing revenue recognition standards and provide a single, comprehensive model for all contracts with customers. The revised standard contains principles to determine the measurement of revenue and timing of when it is recognized. The amendment also requires additional disclosure about the nature, amount, timing and uncertainty of revenue and cash flows arising from customer contracts, including significant judgments and changes in those judgments as well as assets recognized from costs incurred to fulfill these contracts.

A. Revenue - Revenue towards satisfication of a performance obligation is measured at the amount of transaction price (net of variable consideration) allocated to that performance obligation. The transaction price of service rendered is net of variable consideration on account of various discount and schemes offered by the Company as part of contract.

- a) Interest income from a financial asset is recognised when it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the Company and the amount of income can be measured reliably.
- b) Dividend income is recognised when the Company's right to receive dividend is established.
- c) Advisory fees is measured and recognised as per the terms of the agreement.

Transaction price is accounted net of GST. Since GST is not received by the company on its own account, rather, it is collected by the Company on behalf of the government. Accordingly, it is excluded from revenue.

(d) The Company designates certain financial assets for subsequent measurement at fair value through profit or loss (FVTPL) or fair value through other comprehensive income (FVOCI). The Company recognises gains on fair value change of financial assets measured at FVTPL and realised gains on derecognition of financial asset measured at FVTPL and FVOCI on net basis in profit or loss.



- (e) The Company recognises income on recoveries of financial assets written off on realisation or when the right to receive the same without any uncertainties of recovery is established.
- B. Contract Costs

In accordance with Ind AS - 115, incremental costs to obtain a contract are capitalized and amortized over the contract term if the cost are expected to be recoverable. The Company does not capitalize incremental costs to obtain a contract where the contract duration is expected to be one year or less.

C. Arrangements with Multiple Performance Obligations

The Company's contracts with customers may include multiple performance obligations. For such arrangements, the Company allocates revenue to each performance obligation based on its relative standalone selling price, which is generally determined based on the price charged to customers.

D. Contract assets and liabilities

Contract assets relate primarily to the Company's rights to consideration for work completed but not billed at each reporting date. Contract assets are transferred to receivables when the rights become unconditional. This usually occurs when the Company issues an invoice to a customer.

Contract liabilities primarily relate to consideration received in advance from customers, for which the performance obligation is yet to be satisfied.

(l) Retirement and other employee benefits

(i) The Company operates both defined benefit and defined contribution schemes for its employees.

For defined contribution schemes the amount charged as expense is equal to the contributions paid or payable when employees have rendered services entitling them to the contributions.

For defined benefit plans, actuarial valuations are carried out at each balance sheet date using the Projected Unit Credit Method. All such plans are funded.

All expenses represented by current service cost, past service cost, if any, and net interest on the defined benefit liability/ (asset) are recognized in the Statement of Profit and Loss. Remeasurements of the net defined benefit liability/ (asset) comprising actuarial gains and losses (excluding interest on the net defined benefit liability/ (asset)) are recognised in Other Comprehensive Income (OCI). Such remeasurements are not reclassified to the statement of profit and loss, in the subsequent periods.

(ii) Short term employee benefits: All employee benefits payable wholly within twelve months of rendering the service are classified as short term employee benefits and they are recognized in the period in which the employee renders the related service. The Company recognizes the undiscounted amount of short term employee benefits expected to be paid in exchange for services rendered as a liability.

(m) Transactions in foreign currencies

- (i) The functional currency of the Company is Indian Rupees ("Rs."). Foreign currency transactions are accounted at the exchange rate prevailing on the date of such transactions.
- (ii) Foreign currency monetary items are translated using the exchange rate prevailing at the reporting date. Exchange differences arising on settlement of monetary items or on reporting such monetary items at rates different from those at which they were initially recorded during the period or reported in previous financial statements are recognised as income or as expenses in the period in which they arise.

- (iii) Non-monetary foreign currency items are carried at historical cost and translated at the exchange rate prevelant at the date of the transaction.
- (n) Accounting for taxes on income

Tax expense comprises of current and deferred tax.

Current tax

Current tax is the amount of income taxes payable in respect of taxable profit for a period. Current tax for current and prior periods is recognized at the amount expected to be paid to or recovered from the tax authorities, using the tax rates and tax laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted at the balance sheet date. Management periodically evaluates positions taken in the tax returns with respect to situations in which applicable tax regulations are subject to interpretation and establishes provisions where appropriate.

Current tax is recognized in the statement of profit and loss except to the extent that the tax relates to items recognized directly in other comprehensive income or directly in equity.

Deferred tax

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are recognized for all temporary differences arising between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts in the financial statements except when the deferred tax arises from the initial recognition of an asset or liability that effects neither accounting nor taxable profit or loss at the time of transition.

Deferred tax assets are reviewed at each reporting date and are reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that the related tax benefit will be realized.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured using tax rates and tax laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted at the balance sheet date and are expected to apply to taxable income in the years in which those temporary differences are expected to be recovered or settled.

Presentation of current and deferred tax

Current and deferred tax are recognized as income or an expense in the statement of profit and loss, except to the extent they relate to items that are recognized in other comprehensive income, in which case, the current and deferred tax income / expense are recognised in other comprehensive income.

(o) Impairment of non-financial assets

The carrying amounts of non financial assets are reviewed at each balance sheet date if there is any indication of impairment based on internal/external factors. An asset is treated as impaired when the carrying amount exceeds its recoverable value. The recoverable amount is the greater of an asset's or cash generating unit's, net selling price and value in use. In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to the present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessment of the time value of money and risks specific to the assets. An impairment loss is charged to the statement of profit and loss in the year in which an asset is identified as impaired. After impairment, depreciation is provided on the revised carrying amount of the asset over its remaining useful life. The impairment loss recognized in prior accounting periods is reversed by crediting the statement of profit and loss if there has been a change in the estimate of recoverable amount.

(p) Earnings per share

Basic earnings per share is computed and disclosed using the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the period. Dilutive earnings per share is computed and disclosed using the weighted average number of equity and dilutive equity equivalent



shares outstanding during the period, except when the results would be anti-dilutive.

(q) Share based payments

The Company recognizes compensation expense relating to sharebased payments in net profit using fair-value in accordance with Ind AS 102 Share- Based Payment. The estimated fair value of awards is charged to statement of profit and loss on a straight-line basis over the requisite service period for each separately vesting portion of the award as if the award was in substance, multiple awards with a corresponding increase to share based payment reserves.

(r) Contributed equity

Equity shares are classified as equity. Incremental costs directly attributable to the issue of new shares or options are shown in equity as a deduction, net of tax, from the proceeds.

(s) Exceptional items

In certain occassions, the size, type, or incidences of the item of income or expenses pertaining to the ordinary activities of the Company is such that its disclosure improves the understanding of the performance of the Company, Such income or expenses are classified as an exceptional item and accordingly, disclosed in the financial statements.

(t) Critical accounting judgment and estimates

The preparation of financial statements requires management to exercise judgment in applying the Company's accounting policies. It also requires the use of estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, income and expenses and the accompanying disclosures including disclosure of contingent liabilities. Actual results may differ from these estimates. Estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis, with revisions recognised in the period in which the estimates are revised and in any future periods affected.

a Contingencies

In the normal course of business, contingent liabilities may arise from litigation and other claims against the Company. Potential liabilities that have a low probability of crystallising or are very difficult to quantify reliably are treated as contingent liabilities. Such liabilities are disclosed in the notes but are not provided for in the financial statements. There can be no assurance regarding the final outcome of these legal proceedings.

b Useful lives and residual values

The Company reviews the useful lives and residual values of property, plant and equipment at each financial year end.

c Impairment testing

Judgment is also required in evaluating the likelihood of collection of customer debt after revenue has been recognised. This evaluation requires estimates to be made, including the level of provision to be made for amounts with uncertain recovery profiles. Provisions are based on historical trends in the percentage of debts which are not recovered or on more detailed reviews of individually significant balances.

Determining whether the carrying amount of these assets has any indication of impairment also requires judgment. If an indication of impairment is identified, further judgment is required to assess whether the carrying amount can be supported by the net present value of future cash flows forecast to be derived from the asset. This forecast involves cash flow projections and selecting the appropriate discount rate.

d Tax

The Company's tax charge is the sum of the total current and deferred tax charges. The calculation of the Company's total tax charge necessarily involves a degree of estimation and judgment in respect of certain items whose tax treatment cannot be finally determined until resolution has been reached with the relevant tax authority or, as appropriate, through a formal legal process.

Accruals for tax contingencies require management to make judgments and estimates in relation to tax related issues and exposures.

The recognition of deferred tax assets is based upon whether it is more likely than not that sufficient and suitable taxable profits will be available in the future against which the reversal of temporary differences can be deducted. Where the temporary differences are related to losses, the availability of the losses to offset against forecast taxable profits is also considered. Recognition therefore involves judgment regarding the future financial performance of the particular legal entity or tax Company in which the deferred tax asset has been recognized.

e Defined benefit obligation

The costs of providing pensions and other post-employment benefits are charged to the Statement of Profit and Loss in accordance with Ind AS 19 'Employee benefits' over the period during which benefit is derived from the employees' services. The costs are assessed on the basis of assumptions selected by the management. These assumptions include salary escalation rate, discount rates, expected rate of return on assets and mortality rates. The same is disclosed in Note 35, 'Employee benefits plan'.

f Recent accounting pronouncements

Ministry of Corporate Affairs ("MCA") notifies new standards or amendments to the existing standards under Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules as issued from time to time.

On 31 March, 2023, MCA amended the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Amendment Rules, 2023, as below:

Ind AS 1 - Presentation of Financial Statements - This amendment requires the entities to disclose their material accounting policies rather than their significant accounting policies. The effective date for adoption of this amendment is annual periods beginning on or after 1 April, 2023. The Company has evaluated the amendment and the impact of the amendment is insignificant in the standalone financial statements.

Ind AS 8 - Accounting Policies, Changes in Accounting Estimates and Errors - This amendment has introduced a definition of 'accounting estimates' and included amendments to Ind AS 8 to help entities distinguish changes in accounting policies from changes in accounting estimates. The effective date for adoption of this amendment is annual periods beginning on or after 1 April, 2023. The Company has evaluated the amendment and there is no impact on its standalone financial statements.

Ind AS 12 - Income Taxes - This amendment has narrowed the scope of the initial recognition exemption so that it does not apply to transactions that give rise to equal and offsetting temporary differences. The effective date for adoption of this amendment is annual periods beginning on or after 1 April, 2023. The Company has evaluated the amendment and there is no impact on its standalone financial statement.

Notes forming part of standalone financial statements

				(Rs. in Lakhs)
			31 March 2023	31 March 2022
3(a)	Cash and cash equivalents			
	Cash on hand		0.03	0.11
	Balances with bank			
	- In Current accounts #		692.26	1,529.45
	Cheques on hand		-	68.67
		Total	692.29	1,598.23
3(b)	Bank Balances other than cash and cash equivalents			
	Unpaid dividend accounts		43.92	39.63
	Earmarked Balance with bank against bank deposits *		988.45	682.88
		Total	1,032.37	722.51

Includes debit balance in Overdraft facilities

*(2023: Rs 806.97 Lakhs)(2022: Rs 501.69 Lakhs) Including interest is lien against cash credit and bank Overdraft taken from bank and (2023: Rs 181.48 Lakhs) (2022: Rs 181.19 Lakhs) including interest lien marked against bank guarantee given to Government Authority . (Refer note 30a)

			(Rs. in Lakhs)
		31 March 2023	31 March 2022
4	Receivables		
	Trade receivables		
	Considered good - Unsecured	0.22	4.50
	Significant increase in credit risk	150.00	250.00
	Less: Impairment Loss Allowance	(80.00)	(80.00)
	Tota	70.22	174.50

For related party transactions refer note 36

(Rs. In Lakhs)

31 March	2023					
Particular	Less than 6 Months	6 Months to 1 Years		2 Years to 3 Years	More than 3 Years	Total
Undisputed Trade receivables – considered good	0.22	-	-	-	-	0.22
Undisputed Trade Receivables – which have significant increase in credit risk	-	-	-	-	150.00	150.00
Undisputed Trade Receivables – credit impaired	-	-	-	-	-	-
Disputed Trade receivables – considered good	-	-	-	-	-	-
Disputed Trade Receivables – which have significant increase in credit risk	-	-	-	-	-	-
Disputed Trade Receivables – credit impaired	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total	0.22	-	-	-	150.00	150.22

(Rs. in Lakhs)

31 March	2022					
Particular	Less than 6 Months	6 Months to 1 Years	1 Year to 2 Years	2 Years to 3 Years	More than 3 Years	Total
Undisputed Trade receivables - considered good	4.50	-	-	-	-	4.50
Undisputed Trade Receivables – which have significant increase in credit risk	-	-	-	-	250.00	250.00
Undisputed Trade Receivables – credit impaired	-	-	-	-	-	-
Disputed Trade receivables – considered good	-	-	-	-	-	-
Disputed Trade Receivables – which have significant increase in credit risk	-	-	-	-	-	-
Disputed Trade Receivables – credit impaired	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total	4.50	-	-	-	250.00	254.50

Related Parties

LKP Finance Limited

460.00

3.41

Notes forming part of standalone financial statements

				(Rs. in Lakhs)
			31 March 2023	31 March 2022
5	Loans			
	At amortised cost			
	Considered Good - Secured by securities *		3,000.00	4,000.00
	Considered Good - Unsecured		8,149.44	8,685.59
	Significant increase in credit risk		760.00	800.00
	Less: Impairment Loss Allowance		760.00	500.00
			11,149.44	12,985.59
	Loans to employees	ĺ		
	- Considered Good	ĺ	2.10	1.50
	Others	ĺ		
	Credit impaired financial assets acquired from banks and financial institutions		215.00	
		Total	11,366.54	12,987.09
	Loans in India	-		
	- Others		12,126.54	13,487.09
	Tot	al (Gross)	12,126.54	13,487.0
	Less: Impairment loss allowance		760.00	500.0
	Т	otal (Net)	11,366.54	12,987.09

* Includes Rs. 440.62 lakhs (2022 : 460.00 lakhs) (including interest) due from a Private Limited Company in which director is Interested as director. *For related party transactions refer note 36

For FY 2022-23		(Rs. in Lakhs)
Type of Borrower	Amount of loan or advance in the nature of loan outstanding	Percentage to the total Loans and Advances in the nature of loans
Repayable on demand		
Promoters	-	-
Directors	-	-
KMPs	-	-
Related Parties	440.62	3.63
For F.Y. 2021-22		
Type of Borrower	Amount of loan or advance in the nature of loan outstanding	Percentage to the total Loans and Advances in the nature of loans
Repayable on demand		
Promoters	-	-
Directors	-	-
KMPs	-	-



Notes forming part of standalone financial statements

		31 March 2023	(Rs. in Lakh 31 March 202
Inve	estments	01 10101 2020	0111111011202
(A)	Investment in Mutual Funds		
	Investment carried at Fair value through profit and loss		
	Face value of Rs. 1,000 each**	1,568.31	1,468.3
		1,568.31	1,468.3
(B)	Investments in government securities ^		
	Investment carried at Fair value through profit and loss		
	5.63% Government of India 2026 face value of Rs. 100 each	-	1,012.7
	6.54% Government of India 2032 face value of Rs. 100 each	-	2,489.9
	6.18% Government of India 2032 face value of Rs. 100 each	498.25	,
		498.25	3,502.0
(C)	Investments in debentures or bonds ^		-)
(-)	Investment carried at Fair value through profit and loss		
	10% Edelweiss Housing Finance Limited 2026 face value of Rs.1,000 each	194.77	485.4
	13.75% South Indian Bank 2025 face value of Rs. 1,00,000 each	201.80	
	7.09% Canara Bank 2036 face value of Rs. 1,00,00,000 each	4,262.90	
	8.57% Raj Sdl Spl 2027 face value of Rs. 100 each	42.79	
	8.67% Up Sdl Spl 2027 face value of Rs. 100 each	211.56	
	6.75% India Infradebt Limited 2027 face value of Rs. 1,000 each	211.50	1,507.
	0.7576 india initiate Linited 2027 face value of KS. 1,000 cach	4,913.82	1,992.
m)	Investment in Equity Shares -	4,913.02	1,992
· ·			
a)	Unquoted		
(i)	Investment carried at Fair value through other comprehensive income	2 100 00	2 100
	3,50,000 (2022 : 350,000) shares of Rs. 10 each of SAMCO Ventures Private Limited	2,100.00	2,100.
	20,44,628 (2022 : 19,86,211) shares of Rs. 10 each of Care Health Insurance Company Limited	2,923.82	2,840.
	(formerly known as Religare Health Insurance Co Limited)		
	5,600 (2022: 5,600) shares of Rs. 10 each of The Hindustan Times Limited	304.67	304.
	20,000 (2022 : Nil) National Stock Exchange Limited	560.59	
	4,381 (2022: 2,035) Nivaata System Private Limited	224.04	199.
	8,00,000 (2022 : Nil)Mapple Leaf Trading & Services Limited	200.00	
	2,550 (2022 : Nil)Avision Systems Limited	1,632.00	
		7,945.13	5,444.9
b)	Quoted		
(i)	Investment carried at Fair value through other comprehensive income		
	65,21,725 (2022 : 35,27,714) shares of Rs 2 /-each LKP Securities Limited	737.61	487.:
		737.61	487.
(ii)	Investment carried at Fair value through profit and loss		
	Quoted		
	Equity shares of face value of Rs 10 each		
	Nil (2022 : 75,838) Yuken India Limited	-	421.
	7,10,000 (2022: 15,00,000) Subex Limited	201.43	481.
	4,241 (2022 : 4,241) John Cockeril India Limited (Formerly known as CMI FPE Limited)	61.58	66.
	3,00,000 (2022: 13,46,760) Religare Enterprises Limited	435.15	1,752.
			1,7021
		67 19	
	33,000 (2022 : Nil) shares of Rs.10 /- each Veranda Leasing Solutions Limited	67.19	183
	33,000 (2022 : Nil) shares of Rs.10 /- each Veranda Leasing Solutions Limited Nil (2022: 1,00,000) Coal India Limited	-	183.
	33,000 (2022 : Nil) shares of Rs.10 /- each Veranda Leasing Solutions Limited Nil (2022: 1,00,000) Coal India Limited 50,000 (2022: Nil) Solara Activa Pharma Limited	67.19 - 164.20	
	33,000 (2022 : Nil) shares of Rs.10 /- each Veranda Leasing Solutions Limited Nil (2022: 1,00,000) Coal India Limited 50,000 (2022: Nil) Solara Activa Pharma Limited 5,400 (2022 : 5,400) Cremica Agro Foods Limited#	- 164.20	0.
	33,000 (2022 : Nil) shares of Rs.10 /- each Veranda Leasing Solutions Limited Nil (2022: 1,00,000) Coal India Limited 50,000 (2022: Nil) Solara Activa Pharma Limited 5,400 (2022 : 5,400) Cremica Agro Foods Limited# 332 (2022 : 332) Linde India Limited	164.20 - 13.38	0. 5.
	33,000 (2022 : Nil) shares of Rs.10 /- each Veranda Leasing Solutions LimitedNil (2022: 1,00,000) Coal India Limited50,000 (2022: Nil) Solara Activa Pharma Limited5,400 (2022: 5,400) Cremica Agro Foods Limited#332 (2022: 332) Linde India Limited762 (2022: 250) Sandur Manganese & Iron Ores Limited	164.20 13.38 7.83	0. 5. 2.
	 33,000 (2022 : Nil) shares of Rs.10 /- each Veranda Leasing Solutions Limited Nil (2022: 1,00,000) Coal India Limited 50,000 (2022: Nil) Solara Activa Pharma Limited 5,400 (2022 : 5,400) Cremica Agro Foods Limited# 332 (2022 : 332) Linde India Limited 762 (2022 : 250) Sandur Manganese & Iron Ores Limited 17000 (2022: 17,000) Solid Stone Company Limited 	164.20 - 13.38	0. 5. 2. 4.
	 33,000 (2022 : Nil) shares of Rs.10 /- each Veranda Leasing Solutions Limited Nil (2022: 1,00,000) Coal India Limited 50,000 (2022: Nil) Solara Activa Pharma Limited 5,400 (2022: 5,400) Cremica Agro Foods Limited# 332 (2022: 332) Linde India Limited 762 (2022: 250) Sandur Manganese & Iron Ores Limited 17000 (2022: 17,000) Solid Stone Company Limited Nil(2022: 4,00,000) Reliance Infrastructure Limited 	164.20 - 13.38 7.83 5.72 -	0. 5. 2. 4. 450.
	 33,000 (2022 : Nil) shares of Rs.10 /- each Veranda Leasing Solutions Limited Nil (2022: 1,00,000) Coal India Limited 50,000 (2022: Nil) Solara Activa Pharma Limited 5,400 (2022 : 5,400) Cremica Agro Foods Limited# 332 (2022 : 332) Linde India Limited 762 (2022 : 250) Sandur Manganese & Iron Ores Limited 17000 (2022: 17,000) Solid Stone Company Limited Nil(2022 : 4,00,000) Reliance Infrastructure Limited 2,00,000 (2022 : 5,00,000) JSW Ispat Special Product Limited 	164.20 13.38 7.83 5.72 62.22	0. 5. 2. 4. 450.
	 33,000 (2022 : Nil) shares of Rs.10 /- each Veranda Leasing Solutions Limited Nil (2022: 1,00,000) Coal India Limited 50,000 (2022: Nil) Solara Activa Pharma Limited 5,400 (2022 : 5,400) Cremica Agro Foods Limited# 332 (2022 : 332) Linde India Limited 762 (2022 : 250) Sandur Manganese & Iron Ores Limited 17000 (2022: 17,000) Solid Stone Company Limited Nil(2022 : 4,00,000) Reliance Infrastructure Limited 2,00,000 (2022 : 5,00,000) JSW Ispat Special Product Limited 1,00,000 (2022 : Nil) Delta Corp. Limited 	- 164.20 - 13.38 7.83 5.72 - 62.22 180.70	0. 5. 2. 4. 450.
	 33,000 (2022 : Nil) shares of Rs.10 /- each Veranda Leasing Solutions Limited Nil (2022: 1,00,000) Coal India Limited 50,000 (2022: Nil) Solara Activa Pharma Limited 5,400 (2022 : 5,400) Cremica Agro Foods Limited# 332 (2022 : 332) Linde India Limited 762 (2022 : 250) Sandur Manganese & Iron Ores Limited 17000 (2022: 17,000) Solid Stone Company Limited Nil(2022: 4,00,000) Reliance Infrastructure Limited 2,00,000 (2022 : 5,00,000) JSW Ispat Special Product Limited 1,00,000 (2022 : Nil) Delta Corp. Limited 1,00,000 (2022 : Nil) Zee Entertainment Enterprises Limited \$ 	- 164.20 - 13.38 7.83 5.72 - 62.22 180.70 211.70	0. 5. 2. 4. 450.
	 33,000 (2022 : Nil) shares of Rs.10 /- each Veranda Leasing Solutions Limited Nil (2022: 1,00,000) Coal India Limited 50,000 (2022: Nil) Solara Activa Pharma Limited 5,400 (2022 : 5,400) Cremica Agro Foods Limited# 332 (2022 : 332) Linde India Limited 762 (2022 : 250) Sandur Manganese & Iron Ores Limited 17000 (2022: 17,000) Solid Stone Company Limited Nil(2022 : 4,00,000) Reliance Infrastructure Limited 2,00,000 (2022 : Nil) Delta Corp. Limited 1,00,000 (2022 : Nil) Delta Corp. Limited 1,00,000 (2022 : Nil) Zee Entertainment Enterprises Limited \$ 2,00,000 (2022 : Nil) Jsw Energy Limited 	- 164.20 - 13.38 7.83 5.72 - 62.22 180.70	0. 5. 2. 4. 450. 161.
	 33,000 (2022 : Nil) shares of Rs.10 /- each Veranda Leasing Solutions Limited Nil (2022: 1,00,000) Coal India Limited 50,000 (2022: Nil) Solara Activa Pharma Limited 5,400 (2022 : 5,400) Cremica Agro Foods Limited# 332 (2022 : 332) Linde India Limited 762 (2022 : 250) Sandur Manganese & Iron Ores Limited 17000 (2022: 17,000) Solid Stone Company Limited Nil(2022 : 4,00,000) Reliance Infrastructure Limited 2,00,000 (2022 : Nil) Delta Corp. Limited 1,00,000 (2022 : Nil) Delta Corp. Limited 1,00,000 (2022 : Nil) Zee Entertainment Enterprises Limited \$ 2,00,000 (2022 : Nil) Jsw Energy Limited Nil (2022 : 11,500) Speciality Restaurant Limited 	164.20 13.38 7.83 5.72 62.22 180.70 211.70 481.40	0. 5. 2. 4. 450. 161.
	 33,000 (2022 : Nil) shares of Rs.10 /- each Veranda Leasing Solutions Limited Nil (2022: 1,00,000) Coal India Limited 50,000 (2022: Nil) Solara Activa Pharma Limited 5,400 (2022 : 5,400) Cremica Agro Foods Limited# 332 (2022 : 332) Linde India Limited 762 (2022 : 250) Sandur Manganese & Iron Ores Limited 17000 (2022: 17,000) Solid Stone Company Limited Nil (2022 : 4,00,000) Reliance Infrastructure Limited 2,00,000 (2022 : Nil) Delta Corp. Limited 1,00,000 (2022 : Nil) Delta Corp. Limited 1,00,000 (2022 : Nil) Zee Entertainment Enterprises Limited \$ 2,00,000 (2022 : Nil) Speciality Restaurant Limited Nil (2022 : 11,500) Speciality Restaurant Limited 1,00,000 (2022 : Nil) Aegis Logisitic Limited 	164.20 13.38 7.83 5.72 62.22 180.70 211.70 481.40 	0. 5. 2. 4. 450. 161.
	 33,000 (2022 : Nil) shares of Rs.10 /- each Veranda Leasing Solutions Limited Nil (2022: 1,00,000) Coal India Limited 50,000 (2022: Nil) Solara Activa Pharma Limited 5,400 (2022 : 5,400) Cremica Agro Foods Limited# 332 (2022 : 332) Linde India Limited 762 (2022 : 250) Sandur Manganese & Iron Ores Limited 17000 (2022: 17,000) Solid Stone Company Limited Nil(2022 : 4,00,000) Reliance Infrastructure Limited 2,00,000 (2022 : Nil) Delta Corp. Limited 1,00,000 (2022 : Nil) Delta Corp. Limited 1,00,000 (2022 : Nil) Zee Entertainment Enterprises Limited \$ 2,00,000 (2022 : Nil) Jsw Energy Limited Nil (2022 : 11,500) Speciality Restaurant Limited 	164.20 13.38 7.83 5.72 62.22 180.70 211.70 481.40	0. 5. 2. 4. 450. 161.
	 33,000 (2022 : Nil) shares of Rs.10 /- each Veranda Leasing Solutions Limited Nil (2022: 1,00,000) Coal India Limited 50,000 (2022: Nil) Solara Activa Pharma Limited 5,400 (2022 : 5,400) Cremica Agro Foods Limited# 332 (2022 : 332) Linde India Limited 762 (2022 : 250) Sandur Manganese & Iron Ores Limited 17000 (2022: 17,000) Solid Stone Company Limited Nil (2022 : 4,00,000) Reliance Infrastructure Limited 2,00,000 (2022 : Nil) Delta Corp. Limited 1,00,000 (2022 : Nil) Delta Corp. Limited 1,00,000 (2022 : Nil) Zee Entertainment Enterprises Limited \$ 2,00,000 (2022 : Nil) Speciality Restaurant Limited Nil (2022 : 11,500) Speciality Restaurant Limited 1,00,000 (2022 : Nil) Aegis Logisitic Limited 	164.20 13.38 7.83 5.72 62.22 180.70 211.70 481.40 	0. 5. 2. 4. 450. 161.
	 33,000 (2022 : Nil) shares of Rs.10 /- each Veranda Leasing Solutions Limited Nil (2022: 1,00,000) Coal India Limited 50,000 (2022: Nil) Solara Activa Pharma Limited 5,400 (2022 : 5,400) Cremica Agro Foods Limited# 332 (2022 : 332) Linde India Limited 762 (2022 : 250) Sandur Manganese & Iron Ores Limited 17000 (2022: 17,000) Solid Stone Company Limited Nil(2022 : 4,00,000) Reliance Infrastructure Limited 2,00,000 (2022 : 5,00,000) JSW Ispat Special Product Limited 1,00,000 (2022 : Nil) Delta Corp. Limited 1,00,000 (2022 : Nil) Jsw Energy Limited Nil (2022 : 11,500) Speciality Restaurant Limited 1,00,000 (2022 : Nil) Aegis Logisitic Limited 1,00,000 (2022 : Nil) Aegis Logisitic Limited 10,00,000 (2022 : Nil) DFC First Bank Limited \$ 		0. 5. 2. 4. 450. 161.
	 33,000 (2022 : Nil) shares of Rs.10 /- each Veranda Leasing Solutions Limited Nil (2022: 1,00,000) Coal India Limited 5,000 (2022: Nil) Solara Activa Pharma Limited 5,400 (2022 : 5,400) Cremica Agro Foods Limited# 332 (2022 : 332) Linde India Limited 762 (2022 : 250) Sandur Manganese & Iron Ores Limited 17000 (2022: 17,000) Solid Stone Company Limited Nil(2022 : 4,00,000) Reliance Infrastructure Limited 2,00,000 (2022 : 5,00,000) JSW Ispat Special Product Limited 1,00,000 (2022 : Nil) Delta Corp. Limited 1,00,000 (2022 : Nil) Jzee Entertainment Enterprises Limited \$ 2,00,000 (2022 : Nil) Jsw Energy Limited Nil (2022 : 11,500) Speciality Restaurant Limited 1,00,000 (2022 : Nil) IDFC First Bank Limited \$ 1,12,000 (2022 : Nil) Repro India Limited 	164.20 13.38 7.83 5.72 62.22 180.70 211.70 481.40 - 378.95 550.20 399.62	183. 0. 5. 2. 4. 450. 161.

Notes forming part of standalone financial statements

		31 March 2023	(Rs. in Lakhs) 31 March 2022
	2.50,000 (2022 : Nil) Zomato Limited	127.40	-
	10,55,600 (2022 : Nil) Central Bank Of India	255.03	-
	10,00,000 (2022 : Nil) South India bank Limited	146.20	_
	1.683 (2022 : Nil) Poddar Housing and Development Limited	1.37	_
	750 (2022 : Nil) Jyoti Resins & Adhesives Limited	9.53	-
		3.22	-
	20,000 (2022 : Nil) Chemtech Industrial Valves Limited		-
	16,191 (2022 : Nil) Shri Keshav Cements & Infra Limited	20.28	-
	Equity shares of face value of Rs 5 each		
	67,500 (2022: Nil) Prime Securities Limited	74.13	125.72
	Equity shares of face value of Re 1 each		
	2,00,000 (2022: 2,00,000) Transformers and Rectifiers (India) Limited	114.76	65.90
	3,34,604 (2022: 2,99,993) Elpro International Limited	200.76	180.90
	50,000 (2022: 50,000) Greave Cotton Limited	63.10	95.45
	Investment in PMS		
	Mutual Funds		
		2.50	
	Kotal Liquid fund Direct Plan (G)	2.58	-
	HDFC Liquid fund Direct paln (G)	2.58	-
	Equity shares of face value of Rs 10 each		
	1,599 (2022 : 1052) ICICI Prudential Life Insurance Company Limited	6.97	5.26
	Nil (2022 : 26) Shree Cement Limited	-	6.24
	208 (2022 : 270) Timken India Limited	5.18	5.81
	Nil (2022 : 212) Indigo Paint Limited	-	3.39
	954 (2022 : Nil) Mas Financial Services Limited	7.65	-
	Equity shares of face value of Rs 5 each	,100	
	659 (2022 : 578) Kotak Mahindra Bank Limited	11.42	10.14
	Equity shares of face value of Rs 2 each	11.42	10.14
		7 47	7 (0
	133 (2022 : 106) Bajaj Finance Limited	7.47	7.69
	Nil (2022 : 310) Housing Development Financial Corporation Limited	-	7.40
	147 (2022 : 130) L&T Technology Services Limited	4.97	6.63
	1,069 (2022 : 211) Jubilant Foodwork Limited	4.70	5.56
	Equity shares of face value of Rs 1 each		
	4,270 (2022 : 5781) City Union Bank Limited	5.37	7.46
	682 (2022 : 673) HDFC Bank Limited	10.98	9.89
	1,155 (2022 : 1140) Tata Consumer Product Limited	8.19	8.86
	438 (2022 : 432) Titan Company Limited	11.02	10.96
	339 (2022 : 406) Tube Investment of India Limited	8.63	6.58
		3.20	
	2,574 (2022 : 373) FSN - E Commerce Venture Limited		6.30
		4,615.66	4,124.34
	Investment in Preference shares		
	Unquoted		
	Investment carried at Fair value through other comprehensive income		
	Preference shares of of Rs 100 each		
	5,00,000 (2022 : Nil) of Sicom Limited	10.00	-
		10.00	-
F)	Investment in Subsidiary - Measured at cost		
	Unquoted		
	In Wholly owned subsidiary- equity shares of Rs 100 each		
		3 086 00	2 0.96 0.0
	9,95,000 (2022 : 9,95,000) of Bond Street Capital Private Limited (formely known as Gayatri	3,086.00	3,086.00
	Cement & Chemical Industries Private Limited)		
	Investments In Alternate Investment Funds (AIF)		
	Investment carried at Fair value through profit and loss		
	3,073.50 (2022 : 2,687.50)Edelweiss Infra Yield Plus of Rs. 10,000/- each	398.71	354.24
	26,824.35 (2022: 26,824.35) Edelweiss Credit Opportunity Fund of Rs 1,000/- each	13.31	195.78
	2.000 (2022 : 2.000) Edelweiss Stressed & Troubled Assets Revival Fund of Rs 10.000/- each	10.17	13.71
		422.19	563.73
		477 191	r / r.nr

"0" (Zero) denotes amounts less than thousand

^ are marked as lien against secured loan from banks viz. Bank of India Limited and Federal Bank Limited

** HDFC Mutual fund amounting to Rs. 1044.69 Lakhs (2022: 958.81 lakhs) are marked as lien against secured loan from NBFC viz. Barclays Investment and Loan (India) Private Limited.

\$ are marked as lien against secured loan from NBFC viz. Tata Capital Financial Services Limited.

Notes forming part of standalone financial statements

For related party transactions refer note 36

)ut c	of Above				31	March 2023	31 March 202
n Inc						23,796.96	20,670.1
Outsi	ide India					-	- ,
	regate book value of quoted investments				1	6,921.58	6,080.2
	regate book value of unquoted investments (including subsidiar	y)				16,875.38	14,589.8
	regate market value of quoted investments	• /				6,921.58	6,080.2
	regate market value of unquoted investments other than subsidi	ary				13,789.38	11,503.8
nves	stment in subsidiary is stated at cost					3,086.00	3,086.0
							(Rs. in Lakh
					31 N	March 2023	31 March 202
	Other financial assets						
	Unsecured and considered good					İ	
	Security Deposits- others					13.98	18.9
	Advance for Investment Application money					292.04	560.5
	Other Advances					2.85	0.5
	Total					308.87	580.0
	Current tax assets (net)						
	Balance with Government Authorities				l	i i	
	Advance Direct Tax (net of provisions)					241.03	354.0
						211100	00 11
				Total		241.03	354.0
						1	
_	Property, Plant and Equipments						(Rs. in Lakh
-	Property, Plant and Equipments Description of Assets	Buildings	Furniture & Fixtures	Vehio	cles	Computers	(Rs. in Lakh
-		Buildings		Vehio	cles	Computers	<u>`</u>
-	Description of Assets	Buildings		Vehio	cles 4.15	Computers	Total
-	Description of Assets I. Gross Block			Vehio		Computers	Total
-	Description of Assets I. Gross Block Balance as at 31 March 2021			Vehio		-	Total
-	Description of Assets I. Gross Block Balance as at 31 March 2021 Additions during the year			Vehic		-	Total 9.3 1.5
-	Description of Assets I. Gross Block Balance as at 31 March 2021 Additions during the year Disposals/Adjustment/Deductions	5.17		Vehid	4.15	1.56	Total
-	Description of Assets I. Gross Block Balance as at 31 March 2021 Additions during the year Disposals/Adjustment/Deductions Balance as at 31 March 2022	5.17	Fixtures	Vehio	4.15	1.56	Total
-	Description of Assets I. Gross Block Balance as at 31 March 2021 Additions during the year Disposals/Adjustment/Deductions Balance as at 31 March 2022 Additions during the year	5.17	Fixtures	Vehio	4.15	1.56	Total
-	Description of Assets I. Gross Block Balance as at 31 March 2021 Additions during the year Disposals/Adjustment/Deductions Balance as at 31 March 2022 Additions during the year Disposals/Adjustment/Deductions	5.17 - 5.17 - 3.63	Fixtures	Vehio	4.15 - - 4.15 - -	1.56 1.56 0.88	Total
-	Description of Assets I. Gross Block Balance as at 31 March 2021 Additions during the year Disposals/Adjustment/Deductions Balance as at 31 March 2022 Additions during the year Disposals/Adjustment/Deductions	5.17 - 5.17 - 3.63	Fixtures	Vehio	4.15 - - 4.15 - -	1.56 1.56 0.88	Total
-	Description of Assets I. Gross Block Balance as at 31 March 2021 Additions during the year Disposals/Adjustment/Deductions Balance as at 31 March 2022 Additions during the year Disposals/Adjustment/Deductions Balance as at 31 March 2023	5.17 - - 5.17 - 3.63	Fixtures	Vehio	4.15 - - 4.15 - -	1.56 1.56 0.88	Total 9 10.1 10.1 10.2 1 3.0 8.4
-	Description of Assets I. Gross Block Balance as at 31 March 2021 Additions during the year Disposals/Adjustment/Deductions Balance as at 31 March 2022 Additions during the year Disposals/Adjustment/Deductions Balance as at 31 March 2022 Additions during the year Disposals/Adjustment/Deductions Balance as at 31 March 2023 II. Accumulated Depreciation Balance as at 31 March 2021 Depreciation charged for the year	5.17 - - 5.17 - 3.63 1.54	Fixtures	Vehio	4.15	1.56 1.56 0.88	Total 9.3 10.8 10.8 10.8 1.3 1.4 10.8 1.4
-	Description of Assets I. Gross Block Balance as at 31 March 2021 Additions during the year Disposals/Adjustment/Deductions Balance as at 31 March 2022 Additions during the year Disposals/Adjustment/Deductions Balance as at 31 March 2022 Additions during the year Disposals/Adjustment/Deductions Balance as at 31 March 2023 II. Accumulated Depreciation Balance as at 31 March 2021	5.17 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	Fixtures	Vehio	4.15 - - 4.15 - - 4.15 0.21	1.56 1.56 0.88 - 2.44	Total 9 10.0 10.0 10.0 1 3.0 1
-	Description of Assets I. Gross Block Balance as at 31 March 2021 Additions during the year Disposals/Adjustment/Deductions Balance as at 31 March 2022 Additions during the year Disposals/Adjustment/Deductions Balance as at 31 March 2022 Additions during the year Disposals/Adjustment/Deductions Balance as at 31 March 2023 II. Accumulated Depreciation Balance as at 31 March 2021 Depreciation charged for the year	5.17 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	Fixtures	Vehio	4.15 - - 4.15 - - 4.15 0.21	1.56 1.56 0.88 - 2.44	Total 9.3 9.3 1.5 10.8 10.8 1.3 3.6 1.
-	Description of Assets I. Gross Block Balance as at 31 March 2021 Additions during the year Disposals/Adjustment/Deductions Balance as at 31 March 2022 Additions during the year Disposals/Adjustment/Deductions Balance as at 31 March 2022 Additions during the year Disposals/Adjustment/Deductions Balance as at 31 March 2023 II. Accumulated Depreciation Balance as at 31 March 2021 Depreciation charged for the year Disposals/Adjustment/Deductions	5.17 5.17 5.17 3.63 1.54 0.86 0.79	Fixtures		4.15 - - - 4.15 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	1.56 0.88 2.44	Total 9.3 9.3 10.6 10.6 10.6 1
-	Description of Assets I. Gross Block Balance as at 31 March 2021 Additions during the year Disposals/Adjustment/Deductions Balance as at 31 March 2022 Additions during the year Disposals/Adjustment/Deductions Balance as at 31 March 2022 Additions during the year Disposals/Adjustment/Deductions Balance as at 31 March 2023 II. Accumulated Depreciation Balance as at 31 March 2021 Depreciation charged for the year Disposals/Adjustment/Deductions Balance as at 31 March 2021	5.17 5.17 5.17 3.63 1.54 0.86 0.79 - 1.64	Fixtures		4.15 - - - 4.15 - - - 4.15 0.21 0.49 - 0.70	1.56 0.88 	Total 9.3 9.3 10.6 10.6 10.6 1.3
-	Description of Assets I. Gross Block Balance as at 31 March 2021 Additions during the year Disposals/Adjustment/Deductions Balance as at 31 March 2022 Additions during the year Disposals/Adjustment/Deductions Balance as at 31 March 2022 Additions during the year Disposals/Adjustment/Deductions Balance as at 31 March 2023 II. Accumulated Depreciation Balance as at 31 March 2021 Depreciation charged for the year Disposals/Adjustment/Deductions Balance as at 31 March 2021 Depreciation charged for the year Disposals/Adjustment/Deductions Balance as at 31 March 2022 Additions during the year	5.17 5.17 5.17 3.63 1.54 0.86 0.79 - 1.64 0.44	Fixtures		4.15 - - - 4.15 - - - 4.15 0.21 0.49 - 0.70	1.56 0.88 	Total 9.3 9.3 10.8 10.8 10.8 1.5 10.8 1.5 2.6 1.5 1.5 1.5 2.5 1.5
-	Description of Assets I. Gross Block Balance as at 31 March 2021 Additions during the year Disposals/Adjustment/Deductions Balance as at 31 March 2022 Additions during the year Disposals/Adjustment/Deductions Balance as at 31 March 2022 Additions during the year Disposals/Adjustment/Deductions Balance as at 31 March 2023 II. Accumulated Depreciation Balance as at 31 March 2021 Depreciation charged for the year Disposals/Adjustment/Deductions Balance as at 31 March 2022 Additions during the year Disposals/Adjustment/Deductions	5.17 5.17 5.17 3.63 1.54 0.86 0.79 - 1.64 0.44 2.04	Fixtures		4.15 - - - 4.15 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	1.56 0.88 2.44 0.36 0.36 0.36	Total 9.3 9.3 10.8 10.8 10.8 1.5 10.8 1.5 2.5 1.5 1.5
-	Description of Assets I. Gross Block Balance as at 31 March 2021 Additions during the year Disposals/Adjustment/Deductions Balance as at 31 March 2022 Additions during the year Disposals/Adjustment/Deductions Balance as at 31 March 2022 Additions during the year Disposals/Adjustment/Deductions Balance as at 31 March 2023 II. Accumulated Depreciation Balance as at 31 March 2021 Depreciation charged for the year Disposals/Adjustment/Deductions Balance as at 31 March 2022 Additions during the year Disposals/Adjustment/Deductions Balance as at 31 March 2022 Additions during the year Disposals/Adjustment/Deductions Balance as at 31 March 2022 Additions during the year Disposals/Adjustment/Deductions Balance as at 31 March 2023	5.17 5.17 5.17 3.63 1.54 0.86 0.79 - 1.64 0.44 2.04	Fixtures		4.15 - - - 4.15 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	1.56 0.88 2.44 0.36 0.36 0.36	Total 9.3 9.3 1.5 10.8 10.8 1.5 1.

Notes forming part of standalone financial statements

	ight of use assets (ROU)			(Rs. in Lakhs)
	escription of Assets			Office Premise
I.				
	At cost as at 1 April 2021			
	Additions (refer note 29)			
	Disposals/Adjustment/Deductions			-
	Balance as at 31 March 2022			-
	Additions (refer note 29)			13.02
	Disposals/Adjustment/Deductions			-
	Balance as at 31 March 2023			13.02
II	. Accumulated Depreciation			
	Balance as at 1 April, 2021			-
	Additions during the year			-
	Disposals/Adjustment/Deductions			-
	Balance as at 31 March 2022		ĺ	-
	Additions during the year			1.99
	Disposals/Adjustment/Deductions		İ	
	Balance as at 31 March 2023			1.99
N	Net block			
A	s at 31 March 2023			11.03
A	s at 31 March 2022			
			1	
		1	31 March 2023	(Rs. in Lakhs) 31 March 2022
10 0	ther non-financial assets		51 March 2025	51 March 2022
0	Prepaid expenses		17.74	9.62
	Defined Benefit Asset -'Gratuity (refer note 35)		40.59	38.61
			58.33	48.23
	Deposit with Debt Recovery Tribunal (DRT) (Refer note 30)	İ	1,126.22	1,126.22
		Total	1,184.55	1,174.44
11 Fi	nancial liabilities			
	Payables			
Ţ				
	i) total outstanding dues of micro enterprises and small enterprises		-	-
	ii) total outstanding dues of creditors other than micro enterprises and small enterprises	ļ	43.64	-
		Total	43.64	-
П				
	i) total outstanding dues of micro enterprises and small enterprises		-	-
	ii) total outstanding dues of creditors other than micro enterprises and small enterprises	T (1	10.08	6.96
		Total	10.08	6.96
-	ayables and other payables are non-interest bearing and are normally settled as per contractual to	erms.		
	ted party transactions refer note 36 ing of trade payables refer note 33(b)			
or age	ing of trade payables refer note 55(6)			(Rs. in Lakhs)
			31 March 2023	31 March 2022
2 B	prrowings		51 March 2025	51 March 2022
	t Amortised cost (In India)			
	pans repayable on demand			
	rom Banks (Note 1 below)		3,954.03	3,616.12
	rom Financials Institution (Note 2 and 3 below)		1,175.10	1,013.31
	rom Other Parties (Note 4 below)	İ	3,596.65	3,596.65
			8,725.77	8,226.07
			9 725 77	9 226 07

Total

8,725.77

8,226.07

Note No.-

1

- a) Cash Credit/ Overdraft from Bank of India of Rs. Nil (2022: Rs. 301.11 lakhs) with sanction limit of Rs. 90 lakhs (2022: 450 lakhs) are secured with 15% margin on fixed deposit with the bank. The loan is repayable on demand and carries interest at weighted average underlying FD + 100 bps and charge for the same with Register of Companies is yet to be registered.
- b) Working Capital facility from Bank of India Rs. 3,754.05 lakhs (2022 : Rs. Nil lakhs) with sanction limit of Rs. 10,000.00 lakhs are secured against pledge of approved debt securities rated 'A' and above with 15% margin, with the bank and personal guarantee of the Promoter. The loan is repayable on demand and carries interest of 9.75% p.a. (2022 : 10.40 % p.a.) (one year MCLR+ BSS+CRP)
- c) Working Capital facility from Federal Bank Limited of Rs. 199.98 lakhs (2022: Rs. 3,315 lakhs) with Sanction limit of Rs. 7,500.00 lakhs plus Rs. 2,500.00 are secured against pledge of Govt. Securities in CGSL account with Federal bank Limited. The loan is repayable on demand and carries interest of 9.95% p.a (2022: 8.00 % p.a.). (one year MCLR) plus 50 bps. d) Overdraft from Federal Bank Limited of Rs. Nil lakhs (2022: Rs. Nil) with sanction limit of Rs. 500 lakhs are secured against 110% pledge of fixed deposits with banks. The loan is repayable on demand. It carries interest at weighted average underlying FD + 50 bps and charge for the same is not registered with Register of Companies.
- e) Overdraft from Yes Bank Limited of Rs. Nil lakhs (2022: Rs. Nil) with sanction limit of Rs. 630 lakhs are secured against 110% pledge of fixed deposits with banks. The loan is repayable on demand. It carries interest at weighted average underlying FD + 50 bps .
- 2 Working capital outstanding loan of Rs. 375.10 lakhs (2022: Rs. 200.04 lakhs) with sanction limit of Rs. 1,500.00 lakhs borrowed from Tata Capital Financial Services Limited are secured against securities amounting to Rs. 761.90 lakhs (2022 : Rs. 958.81 lakhs). Loan is repayable on demand and carries interest of 10.05% floating. and charge for the same with Register of Companies is yet to be registered.
- 3 Revolving Demand loan facility from Barclay Investment and Loan (India) Private Limited outstanding loan of Rs. 800.00 lakhs (2022: 804.14 lakhs) with sanction limit of Rs. 2,500.00 lakhs are secured against HDFC Liquid Mutual Fund repayable on demand and carries interest of 9.00% p.a. (2022: 7.00 % p.a.) floating.
- 4 Borrowings of Rs. 3,596.65 lakhs (2022: 3,596.65 lakhs) is considered interest free and repayable on demand in the absence of term sheet and confirmation. Refer note 30 (b)
- 5 The Company has not been declared as a wilfull defaulter by any lender .
- 6 The Company has used the borrowings from banks and financial institutation for the purpose for which it was taken at the balance sheet date .

			(Rs. in Lakhs)
		31 March 2023	31 March 2022
13	Lease Liabilities		
	Lease liabilities	11.21	-
		11.21	-
14	Other financial liabilities		
	Unclaimed dividends #	43.92	39.63
	Employee benefit payable *	40.50	547.63
	Others	-	4.50
	Total	84.42	591.76
	here are no undisputed amounts which are due and remained unpaid to Investor Education and Protection Fund t the balance sheet date .		
*Fc	r related party transactions refer note 36		
15	Provisions		
	Provision for Standard Assets	51.12	50.70
	Total	51.12	50.70
16	Defered tax liabilities (net)		
	Deferred tax liabilities/ (assets)		
	Right of use assets	(0.04)	-
	Allowance Credit loss	(224.28)	(158.74)
	Fair valuation of Financial Instruments	650.46	688.22
	Total	426.13	529.48
17	Other non-financial liabilities		
	Statutory dues payable	26.08	97.19
	Total	26.08	97.19

			(Rs. in Lakhs)
		31 March 2023	31 March 2022
18	Equity Share capital		
	Authorised*		
	20,000,000 (2022:20,000,000) Equity Shares of Rs 10/- each	2,000.00	2,000.00
		2,000.00	2,000.00
	Issued, subscribed and fully paid up		
	12,568,623 (2022:12,568,623) Equity Shares of Rs 10/- each	1,256.86	1,256.86

*Authorised share capital of (2023: Rs 1,000 Lakhs) (2022: Rs 1,000 Lakhs); consisting of Redeemable Cumulative Preference shares of Rs. 10 each is not considered above in accordance with the requirement of Ind AS.

a) Reconciliation of the equity shares outstanding at the beginning and at the end of the reporting year

				(Rs. in Lakhs)	
	31 Mar	31 March 2023		March 2022	
	Number of	(Rs. in Lakhs)	Number of	(Rs. in Lakhs)	
	Equity shares		Equity shares		
At the beginning of the year	1,25,68,623	1,256.86	1,25,68,623	1,256.86	
Changes during the year	-	-	-	-	
Outstanding at the end of the year	1,25,68,623	1,256.86	1,25,68,623	1,256.86	

b) Terms/rights attached to equity shares

a) The Company has issued only one class of equity shares having a par value of Rs.10 per share. Each holder of equity shares is entitled to one vote per share. The Company declares and pays dividend in Indian rupees. The final dividend proposed by the Board of Directors is subject to the approval of the shareholders in the ensuing Annual General Meeting.

- b) In the event of liquidation of the Company, the holders of equity shares will be entitled to receive remaining assets of the Company, after distribution of all preferential amounts. The distribution will be in proportion to the number of equity shares held by the shareholders.
- c) Aggregate number of bonus shares issued, shares issued for consideration other than cash and shares bought back during the period of five years immediately preceeding the reporting date: NIL

c) Details of shareholders holding more than 5% shares in the company:

		31 March 2023		31 March 2022
Name of shareholders	No. of shares	% Holding	No. of shares	% Holding
Mahendra V Doshi	14,49,363	11.53%	14,49,363	11.53%
Mahendra V Doshi-Partner M/s L K Panday	20,72,482	16.49%	20,72,482	16.49%
Sea Glimpse Investments Private Limited	25,47,515	20.27%	25,47,515	20.27%
Bhavana Holdings Private Limited	14,09,505	11.21%	14,09,505	11.21%
Authum Investment and Infrastructure Ltd	8,79,090	6.99%	8,79,090	6.99%
	83,57,955	66.50%	83,57,955	66.50%

d) Shareholding of promoters

Sr.	Shares held by promoters at the end of the year	As at 31 March 2023		As at 31 March 2022		% of	% of
No.	Name	No. of Share	% of total shares	No. of Share	% of total shares	Change During the year	Change During the previous year
1	Sea Glimpse Investments Pvt Ltd	25,47,515	20.27%	25,47,515	20.27%	Nil	Nil
2	Bhavana Holdings Private Limited	14,09,505	11.21%	14,09,505	11.21%	Nil	Nil
3	Mahendra Vasantrai Doshi	14,49,363	11.53%	14,49,363	11.53%	Nil	Nil
4	Pratik M Doshi	1,00,722	0.80%	1,00,722	0.80%	Nil	Nil
5	Mahendra Vasantrai Doshi (Held On Behalf Of Lk Panday, Partnership Firm)	20,72,482	16.49%	20,72,482	16.49%	Nil	Nil
6	Ira Pratik Doshi	2,00,000	1.59%	2,00,000	1.59%	Nil	Nil
7	Samaya Pratik Doshi	2,00,000	1.59%	2,00,000	1.59%	Nil	Nil
8	Shital A Sonpal	16,725	0.13%	16,725	0.13%	Nil	Nil

Notes forming part of standalone financial statements

19. Other Equity

		(Rs. in Lakhs)
	31 March 2023	31 March 2022
Securities Premium		
As per last balance sheet	370.03	370.03
	370.03	370.03
Retained Earnings		
Balance as per last balance sheet	12,398.06	10,038.87
Profit / (Loss) for the year	1,218.69	3,280.78
Actuarial gain/(loss) of defined benefit plans	(0.08)	(14.06
Transfer to reserve u/s 45-IC of Reserve bank of India Act, 1934	(243.74)	(656.15
Dividend paid	(377.06)	(251.37
	12,995.87	12,398.0
Other Reserves		
Reserve u/s 45-IC of Reserve bank of India Act, 1934		
As per last balance sheet	6,479.14	5,822.98
Add: Transfer from Retained Earnings	243.74	656.10
	6,722.88	6,479.14
General Reserve		
As per last balance sheet	6,146.06	6,146.00
	6,146.06	6,146.00
Other Comprehensive income - fair value on equity instruments		
As per last balance sheet	2,117.52	1,890.90
Gain /(Loss) on fair value of financial asset measured through other comprehensive income (net of tax)	(277.50)	226.50
	1,840.02	2,117.52
Total Other Equity	28,074.87	27,510.8

20 Revenue from operations

			31 March 2023	31 March 2022
(i)	Interest Income *			
	On financial assets measured at amortised cost			
	Interest -Loans		1,188.64	903.64
	-Investments		143.23	152.37
	-Deposit with Banks		34.97	16.77
	-Retirement benefits		2.78	3.26
		Total	1,369.63	1,076.04
	* For related party transactions Refer note 36			
(ii)	Dividend Income on Investments		34.12	92.08
		Total	34.12	92.08
(iii)	Net gain/ (loss) on fair value changes	ſ		
	Net gain/(loss)on financial instruments at fair value through profit or l (FVTPL)	OSS		
	Realised gain/ (loss)on securities held for trade (net) at FVTPL *	İ	717.60	(229.43)
	Realised gain/ (loss) on investments at FVTPL*	ĺ	457.34	4,036.15
	Unrealised gain/(loss) on Securities at FVTPL		(97.49)	575.13
		Total	1,077.45	4,381.85
	*Includes Rs. 2,163.75 lakhs gain / (loss) on sale of securities considering purchase cost of shares/ Securities .			
(iv)	Others			
	Income from AIF Investments		18.92	-
	Advisory fees		0.10	4.04
	-	Total	19.02	4.04

			31 March 2023	(Rs. in Lakhs) 31 March 2022
21	Other income		51 March 2025	51 March 2022
<u> </u>	Profit on derecognition of Property, plant and equipment		5.91	
	Interest on income tax refund		1.40	15.80
	Unwinding of security deposit		0.02	15.00
	onwinding of security deposit	Total	7.33	15.80
22	Finance Costs	Iotai	1.55	15.00
	On financial liabilities measured at amortised cost:			
	Interest on borrowings		255.58	220.54
	Interest on lease liabilities		0.53	220.0
	Interest on late payment of statutory dues		4.28	
	Other financial charges		42.81	72.34
		Total	303.19	292.89
23	Fees and commision expense			
	Commission and sub-brokerage		-	5.08
	6	Total	-	5.08
24	Impairment / (Reversal of Impairment) on financial instruments			
	At amortised cost			
	Loan - Standard assets		0.42	30.90
	Loan - Credit impaired assets		260.00	(670.00
	Trade receivables		-	80.00
	Bad debts/Loan written off		8.23	900.0
		Total	268.65	340.9
25	Employee benefits expense			
	Salaries and other allowances *		319.35	837.23
	Contribution to provident and other funds		2.84	2.4
	Staff welfare expenses		0.67	26.60
	Gratuity expense		1.70	1.73
		Total	324.56	868.1
	* For related party transactions Refer note 36			
26	Depreciation, amortisation and impairment			
	Depreciation on property, plant and equipment		1.59	1.64
	Depreciation on right of use assets		1.99	
		Total	3.57	1.64
27	Other expenses*			
	Rent		20.07	37.27
	Rates and taxes		15.81	20.28
	Repairs and maintenance - Others		3.20	1.80
	Communication expenses		5.21	3.94
	Printing and stationery		2.02	1.34
	Directors sitting fees		10.00	10.00
	Payments to auditors (Refer note 32)		11.86	10.43
	Legal and professional charges		72.76	101.84
	Electricity expenses		2.98	1.90
	Travelling and conveyance expenses		9.48	8.6
	Corporate social responsibility expenses (Refer note 41)		84.00	45.0
	Donation		-	75.0
	Miscellaneous expenses		10.37	21.5
		Total	247.76	339.1

* For related party transactions Refer note 36



28 Tax Expense

(a) The major components of income tax for the year are as under:

Income tax related to items recognised directly in the statement of profit and loss

(Rs. Lakhs) 31 March 2023 31 March 2022 Current tax Current tax on profits for the year -current year 201.16 656.78 - earlier year (5.73)Deferred tax (Credit) / Charge Fair valuation of Financial Instruments (37.76)(215.53)Right of use assets (0.04)Allowances for credit losses (16.51)Total 141.13 441.25 Effective tax rate # 10.38% 11.86%

A reconciliation of income tax expense applicable to profit before income tax at statutory rate to the income tax expense at Company's effective income tax rate for the year ended 31 March 2023.

ii) Deferred tax related to items recognised in the other comprehensive income (OCI) during the year

	31 March 2023	31 March 2022
Fair value change on equity instruments through other comprehensive income	49.04	25.41
Deferred tax charged to OCI	49.04	25.41

(b) Reconciliation of tax expense and the accounting profit multiplied by tax rate:

	31 March 2023	31 March 2022
Accounting Profit/(Loss) before tax	1,359.82	3,722.03
Income tax expense calculated at corporate tax rate	342.24	936.76
Tax effect on non-deductible expenses and unabsorbed losses	(25.24)	(189.46)
Effect of exempt income and income tax at Lower rates and unabsorbed losses	(170.13)	(306.05)
Earlier year tax	(5.73)	-
Tax expense recognized in the statement of profit and loss	141.13	441.25

The applicable tax rate is the standard effective corporate income tax rate in India. The tax rate is 25.168 % for the year ended 31 March 2023 and 25.168 % for the year ended 31 March 2022.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset where the Company has a legally enforceable right to do so. For analysis of the deferred tax balances (after offset) for financial reporting purposes refer note 16.

(c) Deferred tax relates to the following:

Reconciliation of deferred tax (assets) / liabilities net:	31 March 2023	31 March 2022
Opening balance	529.48	-
Fair valuation of Financial Instruments	(37.76)	688.22
Allowances for credit losses	(65.54)	(158.74)
Right of use assets	(0.04)	-
Total	426.13	529.48
Deferred tax recognized in statement of profit or loss	· · · · ·	
For the year ended	31 March 2023	31 March 2022
U U U U U U U U U U U U U U U U U U U	31 March 2023 (37.76)	31 March 2022 356.22
Fair valuation of Financial Instruments		
For the year ended Fair valuation of Financial Instruments Allowances for credit losses Right of use assets	(37.76)	356.22

Rs. in lakhs

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Notes forming part of standalone financial statements

Deferred tax recognized in statement of Other Comprehensive Income

For the year ended	31 March 2023	31 March 2022
Fair valuation of Financial Instruments	(49.04)	(25.41)
Total	(49.04)	(25.41)

(d) Unused tax losses

The Company has unused tax business losses of Nil (2022: Rs. 1,298.67 Lakhs). The losses are available for offsetting for eight years against future taxable income of the Company. Deferred tax assets has been not recognised in respect of these unused tax losses in absence of convincing evidence to generate sufficient future taxable profits.

(e) The Company does not have any unrecorded transaction as that have been surrenderred or disclosed as income during the year in the tax assessment under Income Tax Act, 1961.

29 Leases

For short-term leases (lease term of twelve months or less) and leases of low-value assets, the Company has opted to recognise a lease expense on a straight-line basis as permitted by Ind AS 116. This expense is presented within 'other expenses' forming part of the Financial Statements.

Disclosure under Ind AS 116 Right of Use Asset- Office premises (ROU)

a) ROU asset comprises leased assets of office/branch premises that do not meet the definition of investment property.

		ixs. in takiis
	31 March 2023	31 March 2022
Opening Balance	-	-
Additions during the year	13.02	-
Deletion during the year (Net)	-	-
Depreciation during the year	1.99	-
Closing Balance	11.03	-

The aggregate depreciation expense on right-of-use asset is included under depreciation and amortisation expense in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

b) The following is the break-up of current and non-current lease liabilities

	31 March 2023	31 March 2022
Current	4.64	-
Non current	6.57	-
Closing Balance	11.21	-

c) The following is the movement in lease liabilities

	31 March 2023	31 March 2022
Opening Balance	-	-
Additions during the year	12.90	-
Finance cost incurred during the year	0.53	-
Payment of lease liabilities	2.23	-
Closing Balance	11.21	-

d) Lease liabilities maturity analysis

	31 March 2023	31 March 2022
Maturity analysis - contractual undiscounted cash flows		
Less than one year	4.92	-
One to five years	7.56	-
More than five years	-	-
Total undiscounted lease liabilities at 31 March 2023	12.48	-

e) Lease rentals of Rs.20.07 lakhs (2022- Rs.37.27 Lakhs) pertaining to short term leases and low value asset has been charged to statement of profit and loss

30 Contingent Liabilities and Litigations

- a) Against a penalty order Rs 180 Lakhs (for 2022: Rs 180 Lakhs) received from the Enforcement Directorate in respect of a matter which arose in 1996 pertaining to the erstwhile money changing division of the Company, the Company has preferred an appeal in the Honorable Madras High Court. The Company has provided a bank guarantee in the form of fixed deposit with bank to cover the demand. The matter is pending. The Management is of the opinion that a cash outflow is unlikely and therefore no provision is considered necessary.
- b) State Bank of India obtained an order from Debt Recovery Tribunal (DRT), Bangalore against Kingfisher Airlines, United Breweries (Holdings) Ltd and Others for recovery of dues from them. In the earlier years, the Company received a garnishee order from the Recovery Officer, DRT, Bangalore claiming Rs. 2,500 lakhs (plus interest) (2022: 2,500 lakhs Plus Interest) as the financial statements of Kingfisher Finvest Limited (Lender) reflected the amount due from the Company. The Company has contested the claim and deposited Rs. 1,126.22 Lakhs .The matter is presently pending before the Debt Recovery Appellate Tribunal, Chennai .
- c) Claims against the Company, not acknowledged as debts in respect of income tax matters amounted to Rs. 3.11 lakhs (2022 : Rs. 3.11 lakhs)

Other Litigations

- d) A winding up petition filed by the Company against a borrower has been admitted by the Honourable High court of Mumbai. The recovery if any will be accounted for when the money is received from official Liquidator.
- e) The Company has filed an arbitration case Rs. 26.18 Lakhs (2022 : Rs. 26.18 Lakhs) against borrowers for which it has received a favourable award from the arbitrators. The opposing parties have filed an appeal in the Honourable High court of Mumbai for which the matter is pending.
- f) The Department of Company Affairs had filed a complaint in the Small Causes Court, Mumbai against, the Company, its Directors and the KMPs for non filing of information in Form INV5 in respect of Unclaimed Dividend as on 31 March 2013. Though the Company has already filed the Form, The Company and Others have made an application for compounding with the Regional Director. During the year the matter was compounded on payment of compounding fees and accordingly the case is disposed off and proceeding is closed by the said court.

Litigation

The Company has filed various cases for recovery of dues and suits are pending in various courts/tribunals. The Company has engaged advocates to protect the interest of the Company and expects favourable decision.

(i) Capital Commitments

During the year ended 31 March 2020, the Company has entered into an memorandum of understanding to contribute in capital amounting to Rs. 500 Lakhs and Company has already paid amounting to Rs. 331.25 Lakhs (2022 : Rs. 268.75 Lakhs) and remaining uncalled amount on investments is Rs. 168.75 Lakhs (2022 : Rs. 231.25 lakhs).

31 Segment Informations

Disclosure under Indian Accounting Standard 108 – 'Operating Segments' is not given as, in the opinion of the management, the entire business activity falls under one segment viz. Investment and financing activities . The Company conducts its business only in one Geographical Segment viz. India.

32 Payment to Auditors

		Rs. in lakhs
	31 March 2023	31 March 2022
Audit fees	10.00	10.00
Tax audit fees	1.00	-
Other matters	0.86	0.45
	-	-
Total	11.86	10.45

33 Micro, small and medium enterprises

(a) The Company has no outstanding dues to party related to Micro, Small and Medium enterprises as at 31 March 2023 : Nil (31 March 2022 : Nil) on the basis of information provided by the parties and available on record. Further, there is no interest paid / payable to micro and small enterprises during the year.

Trade payables and other payables include amount payable to Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises. Under the Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises Development Act, 2006, (MSMEDA) which came into force from 02 October, 2006, certain disclosures are required to be made relating to Micro, Small and Medium enterprises. On the basis of the information and records available with the management, the following disclosures are made for the amounts due to the Micro, Small and Medium enterprises, who have registered with the competent authorities.

		IX5. III TAKIIS
	31 March 2023	31 March 2022
Principal amount remaining unpaid to any supplier as at the year end	-	-
Interest due thereon	-	-
Amount of interest paid by the company in terms of section 16 of the MSMEDA, along	-	-
with the amount of the payment made to the supplier beyond the appointed day during		
the accounting year		
Amount of interest due and payable for the year of delay in making payment (which have	-	-
been paid but beyond the appointed day during the year) but without adding the interest		
specified under the MSMEDA		
Amount of interest accrued and remaining unpaid at the end of the accounting year	-	-
The amount of further interest remaining due and payable even in the succeeding years,	-	-
until such date when the interest dues above are actually paid to the small enterprise, for		
the purpose of disallowance of a deductible expenditure under section 23 of the Micro,		
Small and Medium Enterprises Development Act, 2006.		

The Company has compiled the relevant information from its suppliers about their coverage under the Micro, Small and Medium Enterperises Development Act, 2006 (MSMED Act).

(b) Trade Payables ageing schedule for the year ended 31st March 2023

Rs. in lakhs

Re in lakhe

Particulars	Outstanding	for following p	eriods from due	date of paymer	nt	
	Not DueLess than 11-2 years2-3 yearsMore the				More than 3	Total
		year			years	
(i) MSME	-	-	-	-	-	-
(ii) Others	43.64	-	-	-	-	43.64
(iii) Disputed dues MSME	-	-	-	-	-	-
(iv)Disputed dues - Others	-	-	-	-	-	-

There is no outstanding trade payable as at 31 March 2022 .

34 Financial Instruments

i) The Company's principal financial assets include investments, loans, trade receivables, other receivables, cash and cash equivalents and other bank balances that derive directly from its operations. The Company's principal financial liabilities, comprise loans and borrowings, trade and other payables. The main purpose of these financial liabilities is to finance the Company's operations.

a) Market risk:

Market risk is the risk that the fair value of future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market prices. Market risk comprises three types of risk: interest rate risk, foreign currency risk and other price risk such as equity price risk. Financial instruments affected by market risk include loans and borrowings, deposits, other financial instruments.

1 Interest rate risk:

Interest rate risk can be either fair value interest rate risk or cash flow interest rate risk. Fair value interest rate risk is the risk of changes in fair value of fixed interest bearing investments because of fluctuations in the interest rates. Cash flow interest rate risk is the risk that future cash flows of floating interest bearing investments will vary because of fluctuations in interest rates.

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Notes forming part of standalone financial statements

The Company's exposure to the risk of changes in market interest rates relates primarily to the Company's short-term loan from banks.

Interest rate risk exposure

		Rs. in lakhs
	As at 31 March 2023	As at 31 March 2022
Variable rate borrowings*	5,129.12	4,629.42

*The above figures doesnot include amount due from other parties in the absence of term sheet and confirmation. Refer note 30 (b)

The following table demonstrates the sensitivity to a reasonably possible change in interest rates on that portion of loans and borrowings affected. With all other variables held constant, the Company's profit before tax is affected through the impact of change in interest rate of borrowings, as follows:

		INS. III TAKIIS
	Increase / decrease in basis	Effect on Profit before tax
	points	
As at 31 March 2023	+ 50 / - 50	25.65
As at 31 March 2022	+ 50 / - 50	23.15

2) Equity Price Risk :

The Company's quoted equity investments carry a risk of change in prices. To manage its price risk arising from investments in equity securities, the Company periodically monitors the sectors it has invested in, performance of the investee companies, measures mark-to-market gains/losses. The fair value of some of the Company's investments exposes the Company to equity price risk.

3) Foreign currency risk:

The Company does not have any foreign currency risk. Hence no sensitivity analysis is required.

4) Credit Risk:

Credit risk is the risk that the Company will incur a loss because its Loans and receivable fail to discharge their contractual obligations. The Company has a framework for monitoring credit quality of its Loans and receivables based on days past due monitoring at period end. Repayment by individual Loans and receivables are tracked regularly and required steps for recovery are taken through follow ups and legal recourse. Credit risk arises from loans and advances, receivables , cash and cash equivalents, and deposits with banks .

Credit risk is the risk of financial loss to the Company if a customer or counterparty to a financial instrument fails to meet its contractual obligations, and arises principally from the Company's Loans and advances, receivables, cash and cash equivalents, deposits with banks and investments.

The Company measures the expected credit loss of Loans and receivables based on historical trend, industry practices and the business environment in which the entity operates. Expected Credit Loss is based on actual credit loss experienced and past trends based on the historical data.

(i) Credit risk management

Company considers probability of default upon initial recognition of asset and whether there has been any significant increase in credit risk on an ongoing basis throughout each reporting period. To assess whether there is a significant increase in credit risk Company compares the risk of default occurring on the asset as at the reporting date with the risk of default as at the date of initial recognition. It considers available reasonable and supportive forward-looking information.

Definition of Default

A default on a financial asset is when the counterparty fails to make contractual payments within 90 days of when they fall due. This definition of default is determined by considering the business environment in which NBFC operates and other macro-economic factors.

For Trade receivables, definition of default has been considered at 360 days past due after looking at the historical trend of receiving the payments.

Provision for expected credit losses

Company provides for expected credit loss based on following:

The Company classifies its financial assets in three stages having the following characteristics :

Stage 1 :- Unimpaired and without significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition on which a twelve months allowance for ECL is recognised;

Stage 2 :- a significant increase in credit Risk since initial recognition on which a lifetime ECL is recognised ; and

Stage 3 :-Objective evidence of impairment, and are therefore considered to be in default or otherwise credit impaired on which lifetime ECL is recognised.

Unless identified at an earlier stage, all financial assets are deemed to have suffered a significant increase in credit risk when they are thirty days past due (DPD) on the reporting date and are accordingly transferred from stage 1 to stage 2. For Stage 1 an ECL allowance is calculated on a twelve months point in time probability weighted probability of default. For stage 2 and 3 assets a life time ECL is calculated on a lifetime probability of default

		Rs. in lakhs
Trade Receivables	31 March 2023	31 March 2022
More than six months	150.00	250.00
Others	0.22	4.50
Total	150.22	254.50

		Rs. in lakhs
	As at 31 March 2023	As at 31 March 2022
Movement in allowance for credit loss during the year was as follows :		
Opening Balance	80.00	-
Add :- Provided during the year	-	80
Less :- Reversal during the year	-	-
Balance as at 31 March	80.00	80.00
Net Trade receivable	70.22	174.50

Credit risk on cash and cash equivalents is limited as the Company generally invest in deposits with banks with high credit ratings assigned by credit rating agencies. Investments primarily include investment in Securities.

b) Liquidity Risk:

Liquidity risk refers to the risk that the Company cannot meet its financial obligations. The Company's principal source of liquidity are cash and cash equivalents and the cash flow i.e. generated from operations. The Company consistently generated strong cash flows from operations which together with the available cash and cash equivalents and current investment provides adequate liquidity in short terms as well in the long term.

The table below provides details regarding the contractual maturities of financial liabilities including estimated interest payments as at :

The table below provides details regarding the contractual maturities of financial liabilities including estimated interest payments as at : Rs. in lakhs

	Carrying		31 March	n 2023	
	Amount / Fair value	Less than 1 year	2-5 years	More than 5 years	Total
Financial Liabilities :					
Trade payables	43.64	43.64	-	-	43.64
Other payables	10.08	10.08	-	-	10.08
Lease liabilities	11.21	4.64	6.57		11.21
Other financial liabilities	84.42	84.42	-	-	84.42
Borrowings	8,725.77	8,725.77	-	-	8,725.77
	8,875.12	8,868.55	6.57	-	8,875.12

Rs. in lakhs

	Carrying					
	Amount / Fair value	Less than 1 year	2-5 years	More than 5 years	Total	
Financial Liabilities :						
Other payables	6.96	6.96	-	-	6.96	
Borrowings	8,226.07	8,226.07	-	-	8,226.07	
Other financial liabilities	591.76	591.76	-	-	591.76	
	8,824.79	8,824.79	-	-	8,824.79	

ii) Capital Management

For the purpose of Company's capital management, capital includes issued capital and other equity reserves. The primary objective of the Company's Capital Management is to maximize shareholder value. The company manages its capital structure and makes adjustments in the light of changes in economic environment and the requirements of the financial covenants.

The company monitors capital using gearing ratio, which is Net debt divided by total capital.

		Rs. in lakhs
	As at 31 March 2023	As at 31 March 2022
Gross debt	8,725.77	8,226.07
Less: Cash and cash equivalents	692.29	1,598.23
Net debt	8,033.48	6,627.84
Total equity	29,331.73	28,767.67
Total capital	37,365.21	35,395.51
Gearing ratio	21.50%	18.73%

No changes were made in the objectives, policies or processes for managing capital during the years ended 31 March 2023 and 31 March 2022.

iii) Categories of financial instruments and fair value thereof

		As	at 31 March	2023	As a	t 31 March 2()22
		FVTOCI	FVTPL	Amortised Cost	FVTOCI	FVTPL	Amortised Cost
A)	Financial assets (other than investment in subsidiaries)						
	Cash and cash equivalents	-	-	692.29	-	-	1,598.23
	Bank balance other than (a) above	-	-	1,032.37	-	-	722.51
	Trade receivables	-	-	70.22	-	-	174.50
	Loans	-	-	11,366.54		-	12,987.09
	Investments	8,692.74	12,018.23	-	5,932.45	11,651.68	
	Other financial assets	-	-	308.87	-	-	580.05
	Total financial assets	8,692.74	12,018.23	13,470.28	5,932.45	11,651.68	16062.38
		As	at 31 March	2023	As a	t 31 March 2()22
B)	Financial liabilities	FVTOCI	FVTPL	Amortised Cost	FVTOCI	FVTPL	Amortised Cost
	Trade payables	-	-	43.64	-	-	
	Lease liabilities	-	-	11.21		-	
	Other payables	-	-	10.08	-	-	6.96
	Borrowings	-	-	8,725.77	-	-	8,226.07
	Other financial liabilities	-	-	84.42	-	-	591.70
	Total financial liabilities		-	8,875.12	-	-	8,824.79

The management assessed that cash and cash equivalents and bank balances, trade receivables, other financial assets, certain investments, trade payables and other current liabilities approximate their fair value largely due to the short-term maturities of these instruments. Difference between carrying amount and fair value of bank deposits, other financial assets, other financial liabilities and borrowings subsequently measured at amortised cost is not significant in each of the year presented.

iv Fair value hierarchy

The following table provides the fair value measurment hierarchy of the Company's assets and liabilities.

Disclosures of fair value measurement hiererchy for assets and liabilities as at 31 March 2023

Rs. in lakhs

Financial assets		As a	at 31 March 202	23	
	Carrying Value	Fair value	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3
Financial assets measured at FVTOCI					
Investments	8,692.74	8,692.74	737.61	-	7,955.13
Financial assets measured at FVTPL					
Investments	12,018.23	12,018.23	6,183.96	5,412.07	422.19
Total	20,710.96	20,710.96	6,921.57	5,412.07	8,377.32

Financial assets	As at 31 March 2022					
	Carrying Value	Fair value	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	
Financial assets measured at FVTOCI						
Investments	5,932.45	5,932.45	487.53	-	5,444.92	
Financial assets measured at FVTPL						
Investments	11,651.68	11,651.68	5,592.72	5,495.22	563.73	
Total	17,584.13	17,584.13	6,080.25	5,495.22	6,008.65	

Fair Value Hierarchy :

- a) Investments included in Level 1 of fair value hierarchy are based on prices quoted in stock exchange and/ or NAV declared by the funds.
- b) Investments included in Level 2 of fair value hierarchy have been valued based on inputs from banks and other recognised institutions such as FIMMDA/FEDAI.
- c) Investments included in Level 3 of fair value hierarchy have been valued using acceptable valuation techniques such as Net Asset Value and/ or Discounted Cash Flow Method.

Note : All financial instruments for which fair value is recognised or disclosed are categorised within the Fair Value Hierarchy described as above, based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement as a whole.

Foreign currency risk:

The company enters into transactions in currency other than its functional currency and is therefore exposed to foreign currency risk. The Company analyses currency risk as to which balances outstanding in currency other than the functional currency of that company. The management has taken a position not to hedge this currency risk.

The company undertakes transactions denominated in foreign currencies, consequently, exposures to exchange rate fluctuations arise. Exchange rate exposures are not hedged considering the insignificant impact and period involved on such exposure.

The Company does not have any foreign currency risk. Hence No sensitivity anlaysis is required.

35 Employee benefit plans

A Gratuity and other post employment benefit plans

The Company has a gratuity plan for its employee's which is governed by the Payment of Gratuity Act, 1972. The gratuity benefit payable to the employees of the Company is greater of the provisions of the Payment of Gratuity Act, 1972 and the Company's gratuity scheme. Employees who are in continuous service for a period of five years are eligible for gratuity. The level of benefits provided depends on the employee's length of service, managerial grade and salary at retirement age. The gratuity plan is a funded plan and the Company makes contributions to approved gratuity fund .

The disclosures of employee benefits as defined in the Ind AS 19 "Employee Benefits" are given below:

a Details of post retirement gratuity plan are as follows:

i. Expenses recognised during the year in the statement of profit and loss

	Rs. in lakhs	
	31 March 2023	31 March 2022
Current service cost	1.70	1.78
Interest cost (net)	(2.78)	(3.26)
Past Service cost	-	-
Net expenses	(1.08)	(1.48)

II Expenses recognised during the year in other comprehensive income (OCI)

		Rs. in lakhs	
	31 March 2023	31 March 2022	
Actuarial (Gain)/Loss recognized for the period	(0.76)	13.62	
Return on plan assets excluding net interest	0.83	0.44	
Unrecognized actuarial (gain)/loss from previous period	-	-	
Recognised during the year	0.08	14.06	

61.82

60.73

56.61

57.17

55.96

52.16

Notes forming part of standalone financial statements

III Net liability recognised in the balance sheet

Decrease by 1% in Discount rate

Increase by 1% in Rate of salary increase

Decrease by 1% in Rate of salary increase

	1	Rs. in lakh
	31 March 2023	31 March 2022
Fair value of plan assets	99.22	92.62
Present value of obligation	58.63	54.0
Liability / (Assets) recognized in balance sheet	(40.59)	(38.61
Reconciliation of opening and closing balances of defined benefit obligation		
		Rs. in lakh
	31 March 2023	31 March 2022
Defined benefit obligation as at the beginning of the year	54.01	71.13
Current service costs	1.70	1.7
Interest costs	3.67	3.7
Benefit paid	-	(36.35
Actuarial (gain)/ loss on obligation	(0.77)	13.62
Defined benefit obligation at the end of the year	58.63	54.0
Reconciliation of opening and closing balance of fair value of plan assets	ļ	1
I BUILD BUIL		Rs. in lakh
	31 March 2023	31 March 2022
Fair value of plan assets at the beginning of the year	92.62	121.8
Adjustment to opening balance	0.01	0.0
Interest income	6.46	7.0
Contributions paid by employer	0.96	0.5
Benefits paid	-	(36.35
Return on plan asset	(0.83)	(0.44
Fair value of plan assets at year end	99.22	92.6
Actuarial Assumptions	///	/=
		Rs. in lakh
	31 March 2023	31 March 2022
Discount rate (Per annum)	7.17%	7.05%
Rate of escalation in salary (per annum)	5.00%	5.00%
Attrition rate	PS: 0 to 10 :7%	PS: 0 to 10 :7%
Aunuon rate	PS: 0 to 10 :/%	PS: 0 to 10 :/%
	PS: 20 to 52 :7%	PS: 20 to 52 :7%
Mortality table		
Monality table	IALM(2012-14) ult	IALM(2012-14) ult
Quantitative Sensitivity Analysis	un	un
	•,• , •• .	1.0
The key actuarial assumptions to which the benefit obligation results are particularly sense and the following table summarizes the impact in percentage terms on the results are particularly sense and the results are particularly sense and the results are particularly sense and the results are particularly sense and the results are particularly sense and the results are particularly sense and the results are particularly sense and the results are particularly sense are particularly sense and the results are particularly sense and the results are particularly sense are particularly sense and the results are particularly sense and the results are particularly sense are particularly		
escalation rate. The following table summarizes the impact in percentage terms on the rep of the reporting period arising on account of an increase or decrease in the reported assum		
of the reporting period arising on account of an increase of decrease in the reported assun	iption by 100 basis po	
		Rs. in lakh
	31 March 2023	31 March 2022
Projected benefit obligation on current assumptions		
Increase by 1% in Discount rate	55.74	51.1
	i i	

VIII Maturity analysis of projected benefit obligation : from the fund

		Rs. in lakhs
Projected benefits payable in future years from the date of reporting	31 March 2023	31 March 2022
1st Following Year	4.07	3.79
2nd Following Year	5.22	3.67
3rd Following Year	4.71	4.81
4th Following Year	18.23	4.38
5th Following Year	16.52	16.72
Sum of years 6 to 10	15.62	28.82

Notes:

(a) The current service cost recognized as an expense is included in the Note 25 'Employee benefits expense' as gratuity. The remeasurement of the net defined benefit liability is included in other comprehensive income.

(b) The estimate of future salary increases considered in the actuarial valuation takes into account the rate of inflation, seniority, promotion and other relevant factors, such as supply and demand in the employment market.

(c) Significant actuarial assumptions for the determination of the defined obligation are discount rate, expected salary increase and mortality. The sensitivity analysis above have been determined based on reasonably possible changes of the respective assumptions occurring at the end of the reporting period, while holding all other assumptions constant.

B Provident fund

A defined contribution plan is a post-employment benefit plan under which the Company pays fixed contributions and where there is no legal or constructive obligation to pay further contributions. During the year, the Company recognised expense of Rs. 2.83 Lakhs (2022: 2.34 lakhs) towards contribution made to provident fund under defined contribution plan.

36 Disclosure of transactions with related party as require by Ind AS 24

(i) List of related parties

Subsidiary Company

Bond Street Capital Private Limited (formerly known as Gayatri Cements & Chemicals Industries Private Limited).

Key Management Personnel	Nature of relationship
Mr M.V Doshi	Executive Chairman & Managing Director
Sajid Mohamed	Independent Director
Pratik M. Doshi	Non-Executive Director
Dinesh Waghela	Non-Executive additional Director
Vineet N. Suchanti	Independent Director
Smt. Anjali Suresh	Independent Director
Mr G B Innani	G.M Legal & Company Secretary
Mr S S Gulati	Head - Corporate Affairs

Other related parties with whom transactions have taken place during the year.

LKP Securities Limited MKM Share & Stock Brokers Limited Bhavana Holdings Private Limited Alpha Commodity Private Limited Sea Glimpse Investments Private Limited Mapple Leaf Trading & Services Ltd (Formerly known as Keynote Commodities Limited)

(ii) Transactions with Related parties:

	31 March 2023	31 March 2022
Remuneration to Key Management Personnel		
Key Management Personnel	200.54	347.69
Mahendra V Doshi	139.85	294.30
S.S. Gulati	38.86	34.65
Girish Inani	21.84	18.74
Interest Income	110.83	95.95
LKP Securities Limited	77.81	59.51
Mapple Leaf Trading & Services Ltd (Formerly known as Keynote Commodities Limited)	33.02	22.23
Keynote Fincorp Limited	-	14.21
Interest expenses		
Bond Street Capital Private Limited	68.85	53.42
Rent paid	00.05	55.12
LKP Securities Limited	0.35	0.4
	0.55	0.4.
CSR Expenses		20.50
Jayalaxmi Vasantrai Doshi Charitable Trust	-	20.50
Brokerage and Depository Charges Paid		
LKP Securities Limited	36.22	82.1
Loans given	3,800.00	4,160.0
LKP Securities Limited	3,200.00	3,700.0
Mapple Leaf Trading & Services Ltd (Formerly known as Keynote Commodities Limited)	400.00	460.0
Sea Glimpse Investments Private Limited	200.00	
Repayment Received	3,652.50	4,128.8
LKP Securities Limited	3,200.00	3,700.0
Mapple Leaf Trading & Services Ltd (Formerly known as Keynote Commodities Limited)	252.50	
Keynote Fincorp Limited	-	428.8
Sea Glimpse Investments Private Limited Loans taken	200.00	
Bond Street Capital Private Limited	4,640.45	92,585.0
Loans Repaid	.,	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,
Bond Street Capital Private Limited	4,640.45	92,585.0
Others Advances given	1,010110	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,
Bond Street Capital Private Limited	0.00	150.0
Receipt of other advances given	0.00	150.0
Bond Street Capital Private Limited		150.0
-	-	150.0
Deposit given received back		
Bond Street Capital Private Limited	-	50.0
Investment made		
LKP Securities Limited	500.00	
Mapple Leaf Trading & Services Ltd (Formerly known as Keynote Commodities Limited)	200.00	
Provision for Impairment		
MKM Shares & Stock Brokers Limited	-	80.00

		Rs. in lakhs
Outstanding balance as on	31 March 2023	31 March 2022
Director Remuneration / Commission Payable	35.50	152.69
Mr M.V Doshi		
Loans given / Other Advances (Including Interest)		
Mapple Leaf Trading & Services Ltd (Formerly known as Keynote Commodities Limited)	440.62	460.00
Trade payables		
LKP Securities Limited	43.64	-
Trade Receivables		
MKM Share & Stock Brokers Limited	150.00	250.00
Investments		
Bond Street Capital Private Limited	3,086.00	3,086.00
LKP Securities Limited	737.61	487.53
Mapple Leaf Trading & Services Ltd (Formerly known as Keynote Commodities Limited)	200.00	-
Provision for Impairment		
MKM Shares & Stock Brokers Limited	80.00	80.00

*Closing balance of trade payable and trade receivable includes transaction pertaining to purchase and sale of securities in the ordinary course of business

Transactions effected on exchange paltforms are not considered.

37 Earnings per share

	31 March 2023	31 March 2022
Profit after tax (Rs.)	1,218.69	3,280.78
Weighted average number of equity shares		
- for Basic Earnings per share	1,25,68,623	1,25,68,623
- for Diluted Earnings per share	1,25,68,623	1,25,68,623
Face value of equity share (Rs/ share)	10	10
Basic earnings per share (Rs.)	9.70	26.09
Diluted Earnings per share (Rs/share)	9.70	26.09

38 Reconciliation between opening and closing balances in the balance sheet for liabilities arising from financing activities as required by Ind AS 7 "Statement of Cash Flows" is as under:

						Rs. in lakhs
	As at	Cash Inflows	Cash	Non Casl	h Changes	As at
	31 March 2022		outflows	Interest	Other Charges	31 March 2023
				Accrued		
Borrowings	8,226.07	8,85,044.44	(8,84,544.74)	-	-	8,725.77
		<u> </u>				
	As at	Cash Inflows	Cash outflows	Non Casl	h Changes	As at
	31 March 2021			Interest	Other Charges	31 March 2022
				Accrued		
Borrowings	4,577.64	96,233.44	(92,585.00)	-	-	8,226.07

* Includes daily overdraft facility amount

39 Disclosures as required by Ind AS 115

Revenue consist of following

		Rs. in lakhs
	31 March 2023	31 March 2022
Dividend income	34.12	92.08
Net gain and (loss)on sale of mutual fund & other investments	1,077.45	4,381.85
Income from AIF Unit	18.92	-
Advisory fees	0.10	4.04
Total	1,130.59	4,477.96

Revenue Disaggregation by Industrial Vertical & Geography is as follows

		Rs. in lakhs
Revenue by offerings	31 March 2023	31 March 2022
Financial services - India	1,130.59	4,477.96
Total	1,130.59	4,477.96

Timing of Revenue Recognition

		Rs. in lakhs
	31 March 2023	31 March 2022
Income accounted at point in time	1,130.59	4,477.96
Total	1,130.59	4,477.96

40 The Company, has no long-term contracts including derivative contracts having material foreseeable losses as at 31 March 2023 except below-

Details of open interest (short) in Shares

	Qty. Provision for mark to mark (loss)/ profit			
	31 March 2023 31 March 2022 31 Ma		31 March 2023	31 March 2022
Name of Shares/ Securities				
Futstk Adani Ports 27 Apr 2023	1,00,000.00	-	(4,30,000.00)	-
Total	1,00,000.00	-	(4,30,000.00)	-



41 As per section 135 of the Companies Act, 2013, Rs. 83.95 lakhs (2022 : Rs. 45.00 lakhs) is required to be spent by the Company during the year ended 31 March 2023 on Corporate Social Responsibility (CSR).

			Rs. in lakhs
		31 March 2023	31 March 2022
(i)	Amount required to be spent by the Company during the year	83.95	45.00
(ii)	Amount of expenditure incurred	84.00	45.00
(iii)	Shortfall at the end of the year	-	-
(iv)	Total of previous years shortfall	Nil	Nil
(v)	Reason for shortfall	N.A.	N.A.
(vi)	Nature of CSR activities	Upliftment of Eco- Socio Backward Society by providing Education and Self- Employment. Education activities and rural development.	Education activities and rural development .
(vii)	Details of related party transactions e.g. contribution to a Trust controlled by the Company in relation to CSR expenditure as per relevant Accounting Standard	<u>^</u>	Smt Jayalaxmi Vasantrai Doshi Charitable Trust
(viii)	Where a provision is made with respect to a liability incurred by entering into a contractual obligation, the movements in the provision during the year shall be shown separately.	No Provision	No Provision

42 Dividend Recommendation:

The board proposed dividend on equity shares after the balance sheet date

		Rs. in lakhs
	2023	2022
Proposed dividend on equity shares for the year ended on 31 March 2023 : Rupee 1/-per	125.69	377.06
share (31 March 2022: Rs.3/-per share) (Face Value Rs.10/-per share)*		

*Payment of the proposed dividend is subject to its approval by the shareholder, in the Annual General Meeting of the company.

There are no unclaimed dividend for a period of more than seven years. Further, there are no amounts due and outstanding to be credited to Investor's Education and Protection Fund as on 31 March 2023.

43 Struck of companies

There are no transactions during the year with struck off companies as at 31 March 2023 .

- 44 The Company has not traded or invested in crypto currency or Virtual currency during the year .
- 45 No proceedings are initiated or pending against the Company for holding benami property under the Benami Transactions (Prohibition) Act, 1988 (45 of 1988).
- 46 During the year the Company has not advanced or loaned or invested funds (either borrowed funds or share premium or any other sources or kind of funds) to any other person or entity incuding foreign entities (intermediaries) with the understanding (whether recorded in writing or otherwise) that the intermediary shall (i) directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of Company (ultimate beneficaries) or (ii) provide any guarantee, security or the like to or behalf of the ultimate beneficaries.
- 47 During the year the Company has not received any fund from any person(s) or entity(ies) including foreign entities (funding party) with the understanding (whether recorded in writing or otherwise) that the Compnay shall (i) directly or indirectly lend or invest in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the funding party (ultimate beneficaries) or (ii) provide any gurantee, security or the like to or on behalf of the funding party (ultimate beneficaries) or (iii) provide any gurantee, security or the like to or on behalf of the funding party (ultimate beneficaries) or (iii) provide any gurantee, security or the like to or on behalf of the ultimate beneficaries) or (iii) provide any gurantee.

Notes forming part of standalone financial statements

48 Financial Ratio

S No.	Ratio	Numerator	Denominator	31 March 2023	31 March 2022	Variance %	Reason for variance more than 25%
1	Tier I Capital	Tier I Capital	Risk Weighted Assets	74.58	74.59	(0.01)	-
2	Tier II Capital	Tier II Capital	Risk Weighted Assets	(0.14)	(0.14)	-	-
3	CRAR	Tier I Capital + Tier II Capital	Risk Weighted Assets	74.44	74.74	(0.40)	-
4	Liquidy Coverage Ratio	Cash and Cash Equivalent + Liqiud Assets*100	Financial Liabilities	138.46	143.76	(3.69)	-

49 Balance Sheet of a non deposit taking Non-Banking Financial Company (As required in terms of paragraph 13 of Non-Banking Financial (Non-Deposit Accepting or Holding) Companies Prudential Norms {Reserve Bank} Directions, 2007) Liabilities Side:

Rs. in lakhs

1.	bilities : Loans and advances availed by the NBFCs inclusive of interest accrued thereon	Amount	Amount overdue
	but not paid:	outstanding	
(a)	Debentures : Secured	-	-
	: Unsecured	-	-
	(other than falling within the meaning of public deposits)		
(b)	Deferred credits	-	-
(c)	Term loans	-	-
(d)	Inter-corporate loans and borrowing	3,596.65	-
(e)	Commercial paper	-	-
(f)	Public deposits	-	-
(g)	Other loans- Working Capital, Overdraft and cash credit	5,129.12	-
2.	Break-up of (1) (f) above (Outstanding public deposits inclusive of interest accrued		
	thereon but not paid) :		
(a)	In the form of Unsecured debenture		
(b)	In the form of partly secured debenture i.e. debentures where there is a shortfall in	-	
	the value of security		
(c)	Other public deposits		
Ass			Rs. in lakhs
3.	Break-up of Loans and Advances including bills receivables [other than those		
	included in (4) below]		
(a)	Secured		3,000.00
(b)	Unsecured		10,171.20



Notes forming part of standalone financial statements

(i) Lease assets including lease rentals under sundry debtors :	
(a) Financial lease	
(b) Operating lease	
(ii) Stock on hire including hire charges under sundry debtors:	
(a) Assets on hire	
(b) Repossessed assets	
(iii) Other loans counting towards AFC activities	
(a) Loans where assets have been repossessed	
(b) Loans other than (a) above	
5. Break-up of Investments :	
Current Investments :	
Quoted :	
(i) Shares : (a) Equity *	4,615.6
(b) Preference	
(ii) Debentures and Bonds*	4,913.82
(iii) Units of mutual funds	1,568.3
(iv) Government Securities	498.2
(v) Others	
Unquoted :	
(i) Shares : (a) Equity	
(b) Preference	10.00
(ii) Debentures and Bonds	
(iii) Units of mutual funds	
(iv) Government Securities	
(v) Others	
Long Term Investments :	
Quoted :	
(i) Shares : (a) Equity	737.6
(b) Preference	
(ii) Debentures and Bonds	
(iii) Units of mutual funds	
(iv) Government Securities	
(v) Others	
Unquoted :	
(i) Shares : (a) Equity	11,031.13
(b) Preference	
(ii) Debentures and Bonds	
(iii) Units of mutual funds	
(iv) Government Securities	
(v) Others	422.19

6. Borrower group-wise classification of assets financed as in (3) and (4) above :

Category	Amount net of provisions				
	Secured	Unsecured	Total		
Related Parties					
(a) Subsidiaries	-	-	-		
(b) Companies in the same group	Nil		-		
(c) Other related parties	Nil	586.50	586.50		
Other than related parties	Nil	9,584.70	9,584.70		
Total	Nil	10,171.20	10,171.20		

7. Investor group-wise classification of all investments (current and long term) in shares and securities (both quoted and unquoted):

		Rs. in lakhs
Category	Market Value /	Book Value (Net
	Break up or fair	of Provisions)
	value or NAV	
1. Related Parties **		
(a) Subsidiaries	3,086.00	3,086.00
(b) Companies in the same group	42.89	42.89
(c) Other related parties	737.61	737.61
2. Other than related parties	19930.46	19,930.46
	23,796.96	23,796.96

** As per Indian Accounting Standard issue by ICAI

8. Other Information

	Rs. in lakhs
(i) Gross Non-Performing Assets	
(a) Related parties	-
(b) Other than related parties	760.00
(ii) Net Non-Performing Assets	
(a) Related parties	-
(b) Other than related parties	-
(iii) Assets acquired in satisfaction of debt	-

50 Analysis of change in the gross carrying amount and corresponding ECL allowance in relation to Loans

The Table below shows the credit quality and the maximum exposure to credit risk based on the Company's year end stage classification. The amounts presented are gross of impairment allowances. Policies on ECL allowances are set out in Note 2.

Reconciliation of changes in gross carrying amount and corresponding ECL allowances for loans and advances to corporate and retail customers:

The following disclosures provides stage wise reconciliation of the Company's gross carrying amount and ECL allowances for loans and advances to corporate and retail customers. The transfer of financial assets represents the impact of stage transfers upon the gross carrying amount and associated allowance for ECL. The net remeasurement of ECL arising from stage transfers represents the increase or decrease due to these transfers.

The new assets originated/ repayments received (net) represents the gross carrying amount and associated allowance ECL impact from transactions within the Company's lending portfolio.

Reconciliation / movement for the year ended 31 March 2023

								Rs. in lakhs
	Sta	nge 1	Stage 2		Sta	ge 3	Total	
	Loans	Impairment loss allowances	Loans	Impairment loss allowances	Loans	Impairment loss allowances	Loans	Impairment loss allowances
	G	ross	G	ross	Gr	oss	G	ross
Balance as at 31 March 2022	12,687.09	-	400.00	100.00	400.00	400.00	13,487.09	500.00
Transfers during the year								
Transfer to Stage 1 from stage 3	40.00	-					40.00	-
Transfer to Stage 3 from stage 1	-	-	-	-	-		-	-
Transfer to Stage 3 from stage 2	-	-	(400.00)	(100.00)	360.00	100.00	(40.00)	-
Increase in impairment loss allowance during the year	-	-	-		-	260.00	-	260.00
Purchase of credit impaired financial assets					215.00	-	215.00	-
New assets originated/ repayments received (net)	(1,575.55)		-	-	-	-	(1,575.55)	-
New Credit Exposures during the year, net of repayment		-	-	-			-	-
Balance as at 31 March 2023	11,151.54	-	-	-	975.00	760.00	12,126.54	760.00

Reconciliation / movement for the year ended 31 March 2022

Rs. in lakhs

	Sta	nge 1	Sta	nge 2	Stage 3		Total	
	TermLoans	Impairment loss	Term Loans	Impairment loss	TermLoans	Impairment loss	Loans	Impairment loss
		allowances		allowances		allowances		allowances
	Gross		Gross		Gross		Gross	
Balance as at 31 March 2021	5,100.99	-	-	-	1,650.00	1,170.00	6,750.99	1,170.00
Transfers during the year								
Transfer to Stage 3 from stage 1	(400.00)	-	400.00	100.00	-	-	-	100.00
Transfer to Stage 3 from stage 2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Increase in impairment loss allowance		-	-		-	100.00	-	100.00
during the year								
Changes in Opening credit exposures	-		-	-	(1,250.00)	(870.00)	(1,250.00)	(870.00)
New Credit Exposures during the year,	7986.10	-	-	-			7,986.10	-
net of repayment								
Balance as at 31 March 2022	12,687.09	-	400.00	100.00	400.00	400.00	13,487.09	500.00

51 Details of non-performing financial assets purchased:

Rs. In Lakhs unless otherwise stated

			31 March 2023	31 March 2022
1.	(a)	No. of accounts purchased during the year	3	-
	(b)	Aggregate outstanding	215.00	-
2.	(a)	Of these, number of accounts restructured during the year	-	
	(b)	Aggregate outstanding		-

During the current financial year Company has purchased three non performing assets account hence no accounts restructured during the year



52 The disclosures as required by the NBFC Master Directions issued by RBI - A comparison between provision required under income recognition, asset classification and provisioning (IRACP) and impairment allowances as per Ind AS 109 'Financial instruments' as at 31 March 2023.

						Rs. in lakhs
Asset Classification as per RBI Norms	Asset classification as per Ind AS 109	Gross Carrying Amount as per Ind AS	Loss Allowances (Provisions) as required under Ind AS 109	Net Carrying Amount	Provisions required as per IRACP norms	Difference between Ind AS 109 provisions and IRACP norms
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)=(3)-(4)	(6)	(7) = (4)-(6)
Performing Assets						
Standard	Stage 1	8,151.54	51.12	8,100.41	32.61	18.52
	Stage 2	-	-	-	-	-
Subtotal						
Non-Performing Assets (NPA)						
Substandard	Stage 3	-	-	-	-	-
Doubtful - up to 1 year	Stage 3	760.00	760.00	-	760.00	-
1 to 3 years	Stage 3	-	-	-	-	-
More than 3 years	Stage 3	-	-	-	-	-
Subtotal for doubtful						
Loss	Stage 3					
Subtotal for NPA						
Other items such as guarantees, loan commitments, etc. which are in the scope of Ind AS 109 but not covered under current Income Recognition, Asset Classification and Provisioning (IRACP) norms	Stage 1	-	-	-	-	-
	Stage 2	-	-	-	-	-
	Stage 3	-	-	-	-	-
Subtotal						
Total	Stage 1	8,151.54	51.12	8,100.41	32.61	18.52
	Stage 2	-	-	-	-	-
	Stage 3	760.00	760.00	-	760.00	-
	Total	8,911.54	811.12	8,100.41	792.61	18.52

53 Assets Liability Management - Maturity pattern of Assets and Liabilities

		As a	t 31 March 20	23	As at 31 March 2022		
		Within 12 months Current	After 12 Months Non-Current	Total	Within 12 months Current	After 12 Months Non-Current	Total
Fina	ancial Assets						
(a)	Cash and cash equivalents	692.29	-	692.29	1,598.23	-	1,598.23
(b)	Bank balance other than (a) above	1,032.37	-	1,032.37	722.51	-	722.5
(c)	Trade receivables	70.22	-	70.22	174.50	-	174.50
(d)	Loans	7,731.54	3,635.00	11,366.54	10,142.09	2,845.00	12,987.09
(e)	Investments	11,606.03	12,190.93	23,796.96	14,353.74	6,316.39	20,670.13
(f)	Other financial assets	308.87	-	308.87	580.05	-	580.0
Tota	al Financial Assets	21,441.32	15,825.93	37,267.25	27,571.12	9,161.39	36,732.5
Non	-Financial Assets						
(a)	Current tax assets (net)	-	241.03	241.03	-	354.69	354.69
(b)	Property, plant and Equipment	-	6.32	6.32	-	8.19	8.19
(c)	Right of use assets	-	11.03	11.03	-	-	
(d)	Other non-financial assets	-	1,184.55	1,184.55	-	1,174.44	1,174.44
Tota	al Non-Financial Assets	-	1,442.93	1,442.93	-	1,537.32	1,537.3
Fina	ancial Liabilities						
(a) (I)	Trade payables						
	 (i) total outstanding dues of micro enterprises and small enterprises 	-	-	-	-	-	
	 (ii) total outstanding dues of creditors other than micro enterprises and small enterprises 	43.64	-	43.64	-	-	
(II)	Other payables						
	 (i) total outstanding dues of micro enterprises and small enterprises 	-	-	-	-	-	
	 (ii) total outstanding dues of creditors other than micro enterprises and small enterprises 	10.08	-	10.08	6.96	-	6.90
(b)	Borrowings	8,725.77	-	8,725.77	8,226.07	-	8,226.07
(c)	Lease liabilities	4.64	6.57	11.21	-	-	
(d)	Other financial liabilities	84.42	-	84.42	591.76	-	591.7
	al Financial Liabilities	8,868.55	6.57	8,875.12	8,824.79	-	8,824.7
Non	-Financial Liabilities			ĺ			
(a)	Provisions		51.12	51.12	-	50.70	50.7
(b)	Deferred tax Liabilities (net)	-	426.13	426.13	-	529.48	529.4
(c)	Other non-financial liabilities	26.08	-	26.08	97.19	-	97.1
Tota	al Non-financial liabilities	26.08		503.33	97.19	580.18	677.3



Notes forming part of standalone financial statements

- 54 Events after reporting date There have been no events after the reporting date that require adjustment/disclosure in these financial statements.
- 55 Previous year's figures have been regrouped / reclassified/rearranged wherever necessary to correspond with the current year's classifications / disclosures. Figures in brackets pertain to previous year.

In terms of our Report attached

For and on behalf of the board

LKP Finance Limited

For MGB & Co. LLP Chartered Accountants Firm Registration Number 101169W/W-100035

Hitendra Bhandari Partner Membership Number 107832

Place : Mumbai Date : 28 April,2023 M.V Doshi Executive Chairman & Managing Director DIN : 00123243

G.B Inani G.M (Legal) & Company Secretary Pratik Doshi Director DIN : 00131122

S.S Gulati Head-Corporate Affairs

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON THE AUDIT OF CONSOLIDATED IND AS FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

То

The Members of LKP Finance Limited

1. Qualified Opinion

We have audited the accompanying consolidated Ind AS financial statements of **LKP Finance Limited** ("the Holding Company or the Company") and its subsidiary (Holding Company and its subsidiary together referred to as " the Group), which comprise the consolidated balance sheet as at 31 March 2023, the consolidated statement of profit and loss (including other comprehensive income), the consolidated statement of cash flows for the year then ended and notes to the consolidated Ind AS financial statements including a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information (herein after referred to as "consolidated Ind AS financial statements").

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, except for the possible effects of matters described in the Basis for Qualified opinion of our report, the aforesaid consolidated Ind AS financial statements give the information required by the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act") in the manner so required and give a true and fair view in conformity with the Indian Accounting Standards (Ind AS) prescribed under section 133 of the Act read with the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015, as amended and other accounting principles generally accepted in India, of the consolidated state of affairs of the Group as at 31 March, 2023, its consolidated profit, consolidated total comprehensive income, changes in equity and its consolidated cash flows for the year ended on that date.

2. Basis for Qualified Opinion

- (a) The Group has investments in several unquoted securities. In respect of certain investments of Rs 6.845.67 lakhs the Group is unable to obtain fair valuation report as at 31 March 2023 as required by Ind AS 109 "Financial Instruments". In the absence of fair valuation report, we are unable to comment on the carrying value of these investments and the consequent impact thereof on Other Comprehensive Income. The Opinion on the Statement for the year ended 31 March 2022 was also modified in respect of this matter.
- (b) The Group did not obtain/ receive balance confirmation / term sheet from two lenders amounting to Rs. 3,596.65 lakhs. Hence, we could not obtain external confirmations as required by SA-505, Standards on Auditing and are unable to comment on adjustments or disclosures, if any, that may arise. The Opinion on the consolidated Ind AS financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2022 was also modified in respect of this matter.

We conducted our audit of the consolidated Ind AS financial statements in accordance with the Standards on Auditing (SAs) specified under section 143(10) of the Act. Our responsibilities under those Standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Ind AS financial statements section of our report. We are independent of the Group in accordance with the Code of Ethics issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India (ICAI) together with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the consolidated Ind AS financial statements under the provisions of the Act and the Rules made thereunder, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the ICAI's Code of Ethics. We believe that the audit evidence obtained by us is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our qualified audit opinion on the consolidated Ind AS financial statements.

3. Emphasis of Matter

As described in Note 30(b) to the Consolidated Ind AS financial statements, State Bank of India has obtained an Order from Debt Recovery Tribunal (DRT), Bangalore against Kingfisher Airlines, United Breweries (Holdings) Limited and Others for recovery of dues from them. The Holding Company received a garnishee Order from the Recovery Officer, DRT, Bangalore claiming Rs. 2,500 lakhs (plus interest), as the financial statements of Kingfisher Finvest Limited (lender) reflected the amount due from the Holding Company. The Holding Company has contested the claim and deposited Rs 1,126.22 lakhs. The matter is presently pending before the Debt Recovery Appellate Tribunal, Chennai. The scope, duration or outcome of the matter.

4. Key Audit Matters

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the Standalone Financial Statements of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the Standalone Financial Statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.

We have determined that there are no key audit matters to communicate in our report for the year ended 31 March, 2023 except for matters specified in para "Basis of Qualified Opinion"

5. Other Information

The Holding Company's Board of Directors is responsible for other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Management Discussion and Analysis, Board's Report including Annexures to Board's Report, Corporate Governance and Shareholder's Information, but does not include the consolidated Ind AS financial statements and our auditor's report thereon.

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Our opinion on the consolidated Ind AS financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the consolidated Ind AS financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the consolidated Ind AS financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

6. Management's Responsibility for the Consolidated Ind AS financial statements

The Holding Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the matters stated in Section 134(5) of the Act with respect to the preparation of these consolidated Ind AS financial statements that give a true and fair view of the financial position, financial performance (including other comprehensive income), changes in equity and cash flows of the Group in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, including the Ind AS prescribed under Section 133 of the Act read with the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015, as amended.

The respective Board of Directors of the companies included in the Group are responsible for maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding the assets of the Group and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; selection and application of appropriate accounting policies; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls, that were operating effectively for ensuring the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the consolidated Ind AS financial statements that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the consolidated Ind AS financial statements, the respective Board of Directors of the Companies are responsible for assessing the Group's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the management either intends to liquidate the Group or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so. The respective Board of Directors of the companies are responsible for overseeing the Group's financial reporting process.

7. Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Ind AS financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated Ind AS financial statements as a

whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with SAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these consolidated Ind AS financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with SAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated Ind AS financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances. Under section 143(3)(i) of the Act, we are also responsible for expressing our opinion on whether the Group has adequate internal financial controls system in place and the operating effectiveness of such controls.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Group's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the consolidated Ind AS financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Group to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the consolidated Ind AS financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the consolidated Ind AS financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- Obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the entities within the Group to express an opinion on the consolidated Ind AS financial statements.

We communicate with those charged with governance of the Holding Company and such other entity included in the consolidated Ind AS financial statements of which we are independent auditors regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with those charged with governance, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the consolidated Ind AS financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

8. Report on Other Legal and Regulatory requirements

- I. As required by Section 143 (3) of the Act, we report that:
- a) We have sought, except for the matter described in the "Basis for Qualified Opinion" paragraph above, and obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purposes of our audit.
- b) Except for the effects/possible effects of the matter described in the "Basis for Qualified Opinion" paragraph above, in our opinion, proper books of account as required by law have been kept by the Group so far as it appears from our examination of those books.
- c) The Balance Sheet, the Statement of Profit and Loss including Other Comprehensive Income, the Statement of Changes in Equity and the Statement of Cash Flow dealt with by this Report are in agreement with the books of account.
- d) Except for the effects/possible effects of the matter described in the "Basis for Qualified Opinion" paragraph above, in our opinion, the aforesaid consolidated Ind AS financial statements comply with the Indian Accounting Standards specified under Section 133 of the Act, read with the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015, as amended.
- e) On the basis of the written representations received from the directors as on 31 March, 2023 taken on record by the Board of Directors, none of the directors is disqualified as on 31 March, 2023 from being appointed as a director in terms of Section 164 (2) of the Act.

- f) The matters described in the Basis for Qualified Opinion paragraph above, in our opinion, may have an adverse effect on the functioning of the Group
- g) With respect to the adequacy of the internal financial controls over financial reporting of the Group and the operating effectiveness of such controls, refer to our separate Report in "Annexure A".
- With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with the requirements of section 197(16) of the act, as amended;
- i) In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the remuneration paid/payable by the Group to its directors during the year is in accordance with the provisions of Section 197 of the Act:
 - i. The Group has disclosed the impact of pending litigations on its financial position in its consolidated Ind AS financial statements. (Refer note 30 of the financial statements)
 - ii. The Group did not have any material foreseeable losses on long-term contracts including derivative contracts; and
 - iii. There has been no delay in transferring amounts, required to be transferred, to the Investor Education and Protection Fund by the Group.
- iv. (a) The respective managements of the Holding Company and its subsidiary have represented, that, to the best of their knowledge and belief, as referred in notes to the accounts, no funds have been advanced or loaned or invested (either from borrowed funds or share premium or any other sources or kind of funds) by the Holding Company and the subsidiary to or in any other persons or entities, including foreign entities ("Intermediaries"), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Intermediary shall, whether, directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Holding Company and the subsidiary ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries
 - (b) The respective managements of the Holding Company and its subsidiary has represented, that, to the best of its knowledge and belief, as referred in the notes to the accounts, no funds have been received by the Holding Company and the subsidiary from any persons or entities, including foreign entities ("Funding Parties"), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Holding Company and the subsidiary shall, whether, directly or indirectly, lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Funding Party ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries; and

- (c) Based on the audit procedures that have been considered reasonable and appropriate in the circumstances performed by the Holding Company and its subsidiary, nothing has come to our notice that has caused us to believe that the representations under subclause iv(a) and (b) contain any material misstatement.
- v. As stated in Note 42 to the consolidated Ind AS financial statements
- (a) The final dividend proposed in the previous year declared and paid by the Holding Company during the year is in accordance with Section 123 of the Act.
- (b) The Board of Directors of the Holding Company have proposed final dividend for the year which is subject to approval of the members at the ensuing Annual General Meeting. The amount of dividend proposed is in accordance with Section 123 of the Act.
- vi. Proviso to Rule 3(1) of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014 for maintaining books of account using accounting software which has a feature of recording audit trail (edit log) facility is applicable with effect from April 1, 2023 to the Company and its subsidiaries, which are companies incorporated in India, and accordingly, reporting under Rule 11(g) of Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014 is not applicable for the financial year ended 31 March, 2023.
- II With respect to the matters specified in paragraphs 3(xxi) and 4 of the Companies (Auditor's Report) Order, 2020 (the "Order"/"CARO") issued by the Central Government in terms of Section 143(11) of the Act, to be included in the Auditor's report, according to the information and explanations given to us, and based on the CARO reports issued by us for the Company and its subsidiary included in the consolidated Ind AS financial statements of the Company, to which reporting under CARO is applicable, we report that there are no qualifications or adverse remarks in these CARO reports.

For MGB & Co LLP

Chartered Accountants Firm Registration Number 101169W/W-100035

Hitendra Bhandari Partner Membership Number 107832 Mumbai, 28 April 2023 UDIN: 23107832BGWAWX115

Annexure - A to the Independent Auditor's Report

Report on the Internal Financial Controls under clause (i) of sub-section 3 of Section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act") as referred to in paragraph 8(g) under 'Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements' of our Report of even date to the members of the LKP Finance Limited on the consolidated Ind AS financial statements for the year ended 31 March, 2023.

In conjunction with our audit of the consolidated Ind AS financial statements of the Company as of and for the year ended 31 March, 2023, we have audited the internal financial controls with reference to Consolidated Ind AS financial statements of LKP Finance Limited (hereinafter referred to as the "Company") and its subsidiary company, incorporated in India, as of that date.

Management's Responsibility for Internal Financial Controls

The respective Boards of Directors of the Company and its subsidiary company, incorporated in India, are responsible for establishing and maintaining internal financial controls based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the respective Companies considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India (the "ICAI"). These responsibilities include the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls that were operating effectively for ensuring the orderly and efficient conduct of its business, including adherence to the respective company's policies, the safeguarding of its assets, the prevention and detection of frauds and errors, the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, and the timely preparation of reliable financial information, as required under the Act.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the internal financial controls over financial reporting of the Company and its subsidiary company, incorporated in India, based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting (the "Guidance Note") issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India ("ICAI") and the Standards on Auditing, prescribed under Section 143(10) of the Companies Act, 2013, to the extent applicable to an audit of internal financial controls. Those Standards and the Guidance Note require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether adequate internal financial controls over financial reporting was established and maintained and if such controls operated effectively in all material respects.

Our audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the adequacy of the internal financial controls system over financial reporting and their operating effectiveness. Our audit of internal financial controls over financial reporting included obtaining an understanding of internal financial controls over financial reporting, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, and testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of

LKP

internal control based on the assessed risk. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgement, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated Ind AS financial statements, whether due to fraud or error.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the internal financial controls system over financial reporting of the Company and its subsidiary company, incorporated in India.

Meaning of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting

A company's internal financial control over financial reporting is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A company's internal financial control over financial reporting includes those policies and procedures that (1) pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the company; (2) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the company are being made only in accordance with authorisations of management and directors of the company; and (3) provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorised acquisition, use, or disposition of the company's assets that could have a material effect on the financial statements.

Inherent Limitations of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting

Because of the inherent limitations of internal financial controls over financial reporting, including the possibility of collusion or improper management override of controls, material misstatements due to error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projections of any evaluation of the internal financial controls over financial reporting to future periods are subject to the risk that the internal financial control over financial reporting may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

Basis of Qualified Opinion

According to the information and explanations given to us and based on our audit, material weaknesses have been identified in respect of:

- i) Independent Confirmation/ term sheet which were not obtained /received from two lenders for the balances outstanding as at 31 March, 2023.
- ii) Fair valuation of unquoted equity shares as required by the Ind AS 109 "Financial Instruments".

A 'material weakness' is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal financial control with reference to financial statements, such that there is reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the Group's annual or interim financial statements will not be prevented or detected on a timely basis.

Qualified Opinion

In our opinion, except for the effects of the material weakness described in the 'Basis for qualified opinion' paragraph above on the achievement of the objectives of the control criteria, the Holding Company and its subsidiary company incorporated in India have maintained, in all material respects, an adequate internal financial controls system over financial reporting and such internal financial controls over financial reporting were operating effectively as of 31 March 2023, based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Holding Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India.

We have considered the material weaknesses identified and reported above in determining the nature, timing, and extent of audit tests applied in our audit of the consolidated Ind AS financial statements of the Holding Company as at and for the year ended 31 March 2023, and the material weaknesses have affected our opinion on the consolidated Ind AS financial statements of the Group and we have issued a qualified opinion on the consolidated Ind AS financial statements

For MGB & Co LLP

Chartered Accountants Firm Registration Number 101169W/W-100035

Hitendra Bhandari

Partner Membership Number 107832 Mumbai, 28 April 2023 UDIN: 23107832BGWAWX115

Consolidated Balance Sheet as at 31 March 2023

Consolidated Balance S	heet as at 3	1 Mar		
				(Rs. in Lakhs)
		Notes	31 March 2023	31 March 2022
ASSETS				
(1) Financial Assets				
(a) Cash and cash equivaler	nts	3(a)	767.39	2,085.86
(b) Bank Balance other than		3(b)	3,519.65	2,803.24
(c) Trade receivables		4	70.22	174.50
(d) Loans		5	11,598.20	12,987.09
(e) Investments		6	24,615.65	18,218.99
(f) Other financial assets		7	322.84	593.07
Total Financial Assets			40,893.95	36,862.75
(2) Non-Financial Assets				
(a) Current tax assets (net)		8A	241.03	356.36
(b) Deferred tax assets (net)	16	9.08	-
(c) Property, Plant and Equ	ipment	9	7.19	10.43
(d) Right-of-use assets		9A	11.03	-
(e) Goodwill on Consolidat			143.00	143.00
(f) Other non-financial asso		10	1,189.10	1,174.45
Total Non-Financial Assets	8		1,600.43	1,684.24
TOTAL ASSETS			42,494.38	38,546.99
LIABILITIES AND EQUI	ITY			
LIABILITIES				
(1) Financial Liabilities				
(a) Payables		11		
(I) Trade payables		11		
(i) total outstanding d			-	-
enterprises and sma	-		43.64	
(ii) total outstanding du other than micro er			43.04	-
small enterprises	incipilises and			
(II) Other payables				
(i) total outstanding d	lues of micro		-	-
enterprises and sma				
(ii) total outstanding du			12.69	6.96
other than micro er				
small enterprises	1			
(b) Borrowings		12	12,107.52	8,226.07
(c) Lease Liabilities		13	11.21	-
(d) Other financial liabilitie	es	14	118.50	675.71
Total Financial Liabilities			12,293.56	8,908.74
(2) Non-Financial Liabilities				
(a) Current tax liabilities (1	net)	8B	11.45	9.37
(b) Provisions		15	51.35	50.70
(c) Deferred tax Liabilities		16	426.15	550.22
(d) Other non-financial liab		17	26.18	97.35
Total Non-financial liabilit	ties		515.13	707.64
(3) Equity		10		
(a) Equity Share capital		18	1,256.86	1,256.86
(b) Other Equity		19	28,428.83	27,673.75
Total Equity	DEQUITY		29,685.69	28,930.61
TOTAL LIABILITIES AN		1.50	42,494.38	38,546.99
Notes forming part of the	Consolidated	1-56		
financial statements				
In terms of our Report attached	For and on be	half of th	e board	
For MGB & Co. LLP	LKP Finance l	imited		
Chartered Accountants	Litti i munee i	Limiteu		
Firm Registration Number				
101169W/W-100035				
101107 ₩/ ₩-100033				
Hitendra Bhandari	M.V Doshi		Pratik Dosl	ni
Partner	Executive Chai	rman &	Director	
Membership Number 107832	Managing Dire		DIN: 00131	122
memoership runioer 107052	DIN: 00123243	3		
	CDL ·		00013	
	G.B Innani		S.S Gulati	

G.M (Legal) &

Company Secretary

Place : Mumbai

Date : 28 April,2023

31 March 2023				(Rs. in Lakhs)
		Note	31 March 2023	31 March 2022
Revenue from operations		20		
(i) Interest Income			1,486.19	1,172.11
(ii) Dividend Income			40.02	93.44
(iii) Net gain/ (loss) on fair value	e changes		1,268.94	4,817.55
(iv) Others		-	19.02	17.09
Total Revenue from operations	6		2,814.17	6,100.19
Other Income		21	7.60	15.80
Total Income			2,821.77	6,115.99
Expenses				
(i) Finance Costs		22	366.02	280.80
(ii) Fees and commission Expense	se	23	0.59	5.08
(iii) Impairment on financial inst	truments	24	268.65	340.96
(iv) Employee benefits expense		25	333.29	953.85
(v) Depreciation and amortisation	n expenses	26	4.96	3.90
(vi) Other expenses		27	262.58	341.02
Total Expenses		-	1,236.09	1,925.62
Profit before tax		-	1,585.68	4,190.37
Tax expenses				
Current tax-Current Year			293.66	728.74
-Earlier Year			(6.07)	-
Deferred tax (credit) / charge			(89.24)	(194.79)
Total tax expenses		-	198.35	533.95
Profit after tax		-	1,387.33	3,656.42
Other Comprehensive Income	(OCI)			
Items that will not be reclassified profit or loss (net of tax)	ed to			
- Remeasurement gains/(losses) benefit plan	on defined		(0.08)	(14.06)
- Fair value change on equity inst through other comprehensive inc			(255.07)	228.74
Other Comprehensive Income the year	/ (loss) for	-	(255.15)	214.68
Total comprehensive Income fo	or the year	-	1,132.18	3,871.10
Earning per equity share (fac Rs. 10 each)	e value of	-		
Basic (in Rs.)			11.04	29.09
Diluted (in Rs.)			11.04	29.09
Notes forming part of the Cons financial statements	solidated	1-56		
In terms of our Report attached	For and on	behal	f of the board	
For MGB & Co. LLP Chartered Accountants Firm Registration Number 101169W/W-100035	LKP Finan	ice Lin	nited	
Hitendra Bhandari Partner Membership Number 107832	M.V Doshi Executive Chairman & Managing Director DIN: 00123243			
Place : Mumbai Date : 28 April,2023	G.B Innan G.M (Lega Company S	ıl) &		ii rporate Affairs

Consolidated Statement of Profit and Loss for the year ended

Head-Corporate Affairs



Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity for the year ended 31 March 2023

en	ded 31 March 2	023		0	•	·	ĩ		
]	Note Rs	in Lakhs		Balance as at
A.	Equity Share Capits	al							31 March 2022
	Balance as at 1 Apri	il 2021				18	1,256.86		
	Changes in equity sh Balance as at 31 Ma	-	during t	he year		18	1,256.86		Profit/ (Loss) for the year
	Changes in equity sh	are capital	during t	he year			-		
	Balance as at 31 Ma	rch 2023	0	2			1,256.86		Remeasurement gains/ (losses) on defined
	The group has not	made any	adjuste	ement in c	other				benefit plan (net of tax)
	equity due to prior pe	eriod expe	nses						Other comprehensive income
B.	Other Equity								
		Securities		and Surplus Reserve	Retained	Other Comprehensiv Income (OCI Equity			Gain /(Loss) on fair value of financial asset measured through other comprehensive income (net of tax)
		Premium	Reserve	u/s 45-IC of Reserve bank of India Act, 1934	Earnings	Instruments			Transfer on account of decognition of financial instrument measured through other comprehensive income (net of tax)
	Balance as at 31 March 2021	370.03	6,149.10	5,822.98	9,834.24	4 1,889.3	4 24,065.70		Total comprehensive income
									Dividend paid
	Profit/ (Loss) for the year	-	-	-	3,656.42	2	- 3,656.42		Transfer to reserve fund in terms of Section 45-
	Remeasurement gains/ (losses) on defined benefit plan (net of tax)			-	(14.06)	- (14.06)		1C(1) of Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934
	Other comprehensive income								Balance as at 31 March 2023
	Transfer to reserve fund in terms of Section 45- 1C(1) of Reserve Bank	-	-	656.16	(656.16)		1)	Securities premium is accordance with the p
	of India Act, 1934							2)	General Reserve is a opposite
	Gain /(Loss) on fair	-	-	-		- 217.0	0 217.00	3)	Reserve fund is create

of India Act, 1934							
Gain /(Loss) on fair value of financial asset measured through other comprehensive income (net of tax)	-	-	-	-	217.00	217.00	
Total comprehensive income	-	-	656.16	2,986.20	217.00	3,871.10	
Dividend paid				(251.37)	-	(251.37)	
Transfer on account of decognition of financial instrument measured through other comprehensive income (net of tax)				-	-	-	

	Balance as at 31 March 2022	370.03 6,14	49.10	6,479.14	12569.08	2,106.34	27,673.75
	Profit/ (Loss) for the year	-	-	-	1,387.33		1,387.33
(Remeasurement gains/ (losses) on defined benefit plan (net of tax)	-	-	-	(0.08)		(0.08)
	Other comprehensive income	-	-				
	Gain /(Loss) on fair value of financial asset measured through other comprehensive income (net of tax)	-	-	-	-	(255.07)	(255.07)
	Transfer on account of decognition of financial instrument measured through other comprehensive income (net of tax)	-	-	-	-		-
	Total comprehensive income	-	-	-	1387.25	(255.07)	1132.18
1	Dividend paid	-	-	-	(377.06)		(377.06)
i	Transfer to reserve fund in terms of Section 45- IC(1) of Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934	-	-	277.47	(277.47)	-	-
	Balance as at 31 March 2023	370.03 6,14	49.10	6,756.61	13,301.82	1,851.27	28,428.83
1) 2)	Securities premium is use accordance with the prov General Reserve is a distr	isions of the	Compa	nies Act, 20)13.		
3)	profits Reserve fund is created as			-	-		
4)	1934 as a statutory reserv Retained earnings represe		nulated	earnings ne	t of losses i	f any made by	he Group
5)	over the years. Other comprehensive inco	. ,			-		measured
6)	at fair value through OCI The Group has not made						es
Notes forming part of the Consolidated financial statements 1-56							
In te	In terms of our Report attached For and on behalf of the board						
Char Firm	MGB & Co. LLP tered Accountants Registration Number 69W/W-100035	LKP	Financ	e Limited			
Hitendra Bhandari M Partner H Membership Number 107832			M.V DoshiPratik DoshiExecutive Chairman & Managing DirectorDirectorDIN: 00123243DIN: 001311			tor	

G.B Innani S.S Gulat G.M (Legal) & Head-Con Company Secretary

S.S Gulati Head-Corporate Affairs

Place : Mumbai

Date : 28 April,2023

Consolidated Statement of Cash flow for the year ended 31 March 2023

(Rs. in Lakhs)

			31 March 2023	(Ks. in Lakhs) 31 March 2022
А.	Cash flow from operating activit	ies		
	Profit/(loss) before tax		1,585.68	4,190.37
	Adjustments for: Depreciation and amortization exp	ense	4.96	3.90
	Loss/ (profit) on disposal of proper		(5.91)	-
	Interest expenses		287.14	257.84
	Interest Income		(1,487.75)	(1,091.85)
	Dividend Income Net loss/ (gain) on fair value chan	oes.	(40.02) (1,268.93)	(92.08) (4,559.42)
	Impairment on financial instrument		268.65	340.96
	Operating profit / (loss) before v		(656.18)	(950.26)
	Adjustments for:			
	Decrease / (increase) in Trade Rec (Decrease) /increase in Trade paya		104.28 49.36	625.17 9.27
	(Decrease) /increase in Financial a		49.50	51.64
	(Decrease) /increase in Non finance		(14.57)	2.40
	Other Non-Financial Liabilities		(71.17)	(30.79)
	Other Financial Liabilities		(561.27)	(272.85)
	Cash generated from operations Direct tax paid (net of refunds)		(1,147.87) (170.03)	(565.43) (788.95)
	Net cash from/ (used in) operation	ng activities (A)	(1,317.89)	(1,354.38)
B.	Cash flow from investing activiti			
	Sale of Property, plant and equipm		7.50	-
	Purchase of Property, plant and assets	equipment and intangible	(1.32)	(1.56)
	(Increase)/Decrease in investments	s	(4,866.14)	6,833.71
	Advance for purchase of investme		(292.04)	(560.59)
	Decrease / (increase) in Loans (ne	et)	1,510.46	(7,423.45)
	(Increase)/ decrease in bank depos	its	(716.41)	(601.70)
	Interest received Dividend received		1,097.52 40.02	1,206.81
	Net cash from/ (used in) investin	σ activities (R)	(3,220.41)	92.08 (454.70)
C.	Cash flow from financing activit		(0,220,11)	(131.70)
	Dividend Paid		(372.77)	(270.22)
	Payment of lease liabilities		(2.23)	-
	Increase / (decrease) in borrowin Interest paid	gs	3,881.45 (286.62)	3,645.54 (257.84)
	Net cash from/ (used in) financin	g activities (C)	3,219.83	3,117.48
	Net changes in cash and cash equi		(1,318.47)	1,308.40
	Cash and cash equivalents at the b		2,085.86	777.45
	Cash and bank balances at the e	nd of the year =	767.39	2,085.86
	Notes: 1. Previous year figures have	been regrouped or recast		
	wherever, considered necessa			
	2 As required by Ind AS 7 "Sta			
	reconciliation between openin			
	the balance sheet for liabiliti activities is given in note 38	es arising from financing		
	3. Cash and cash equivalents	consists of :		
	Cash on Hand		0.03	0.11
	Balances with banks:			
	in current accounts		767.36	2,017.08
	Cheques on hand	-	767.39	68.67 2,085.86
		-		2,005.00
ln †	terms of our Report attached	For and on behalf of the	he board	
Fo	r MGB & Co. LLP	LKP Finance Limited		
Ch	artered Accountants			
	m Registration Number			
10	1169W/W-100035			
Н	itendra Bhandari	M.V Doshi	Pratik Dosł	ni
Pa	artner	Executive Chairman &	Director	
Μ	lembership Number 107832	Managing Director DIN: 00123243	DIN: 00131	122
		DIN: 00123243		
		G.B Innani	S.S Gulati	
Pl	ace : Mumbai	G.M (Legal) &	Head-Corpo	orate Affairs
D	ate : 28 April,2023	Company Secretary		

LKP Finance Limited

NOTES FORMING PART OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH, 2023

Corporate information

1

LKP Finance Limited ("the Parent Company') is domiciled and incorporated in India and its shares are publicly traded on the Bombay Stock Exchange(BSE) in India. The Company's registered office is located at 203, Embassy centre, Nariman point, Mumbai 400021, Maharashtra, India. The Company along with its subsidiary (collectively referred to as "the Group") is engaged in the business of finance and trading and investment in shares and securities, derivatives etc.

The Holding Company obtained permission from the Reserve Bank of India (RBI) for carrying on the business of Non-Banking Financial Institutions on 7 August 1999 vide Regn No. B.13.01282.

The consolidated financial statement (hereinafter referred to as "Financial statements ") of the Group for the year ended 31 March 2023 were authorised for issue by the Board of Directors at the meeting held on 28 April, 2023.

Significant accounting policies

(a) Basis of preparation

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Indian Accounting Standards (Ind AS) as per the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015 as amended from time to time and notified under section 133 of the Companies Act, 2013 (the Act) along with other relevant provisions of the Act and the Master Direction – Non-Banking Financial Company (Reserve Bank) Directions, 2016 ('the NBFC Master Directions') issued by RBI.

These financial statements have been prepared and presented under the historical cost convention, on the accural basis of accounting except for certain financial assets and liabilities that are measured at fair values at the end of each reporting period, as stated in the accounting policies stated out below.

The Financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis. The Group presents its balance sheet in order of Liquidity.

Accounting policies have been consistently applied except where newly issued accounting standard is initially adopted or a revision to an existing accounting standard requires a change in the accounting policy hitherto in use.

Rounding of amounts

All amounts disclosed in the financial statements and notes have been rounded off to the nearest lakh as per the requirement of schedule III (except per share data), unless otherwise stated. "0" (zero) denoted less than thousand.

Principles of Consolidation

The consolidated financial statements incorporate the financial statements of LKP Finance Limited and entity controlled by LKP Finance Limited.

Control exists when the parent has power over the entity, is exposed, or has rights, to variable returns from its involvement with the entity and has the ability to affect those returns by using its power over the entity. Power is demonstrated through existing rights that give the ability to direct relevant activities, those which significantly affect the entity's returns. Subsidiary are consolidated from the date control commences until the date control ceases.

The financial statements of the Group are consolidated on a line-by-line basis and intragroup balances and transactions including unrealized gain / loss from such transactions are eliminated upon consolidation. These financial statements are prepared by applying uniform accounting policies in use at the Group.

The consolidated financial statements incorporate the financial statements of the Company and its subsidiary (as listed in the table below).

Name of the Subsidiaries	Proportion of Interest (including beneficial interest) / Voting Power (either directly / indirectly or through Subsidiary)	Principal place of business
Direct Subsidiary		
Bond Street Capital Private Limited (formerly known as Gayatri Cements & Chemicals Industries Private Limited).	100% (100%)	India

Figures for preparation of consolidated financial statements have been derived from the audited financial statements of the respective companies in the Group.

(b) Presentation of financial statements

The Group presents its Balance Sheet in order of liquidity. The Company prepares and present its Balance Sheet, the Statement of Profit and Loss and the Statement of Changes in Equity in the format prescribed by Division III of Schedule III to the Act. The Statement of Cash Flows has been prepared and presented as per the requirements of Ind AS 7 'Statement of Cash Flows'. The Company generally reports financial assets and financial liabilities on a gross basis in the Balance Sheet. They are offset and reported net only when Ind AS specifically permits the same or it has an unconditional legally enforceable right to offset the recognised amounts without being contingent on a future event. Similarly, the Company offsets incomes and expenses and reports the same on a net basis when permitted by Ind AS specifically unless they are material in nature. The preparation of the Group financial statements requires Management to make use of estimates and judgments. In view of the inherent uncertainties and a level of subjectivity involved in measurement of items, it is possible that the outcomes in the subsequent financial years could differ from those based on Management's estimates.

(c) Property, plant and equipment

Property, Plant and Equipments are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses if any. Cost comprises the purchase price and any attributable cost of bringing the asset to its working condition for its intended use.

(d) Depreciation on property, plant and equipment

Depreciable amount for property, plant and equipment is the cost of an asset, or other amount substituted for cost, less its estimated residual value.

Depreciation on property, plant and equipment is provided on straight-line method as per the useful life prescribed in Schedule II to the Companies Act, 2013.

(e) Derecognition of property, plant and equipment

The carrying amount of an item of property, plant and equipment is derecognised on disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected from its use or disposal. The gain or loss arising from the derecognition of an item of property, plant and equipment is measured as the difference between the net disposal in proceeds and the carrying amount of the item and is recognised in the statement of profit and loss when the item is derecognised.

(f) Leases

(i) The group assesses whether a contract contains a lease, at inception of a contract. A contract is, or contains, a lease if the contract conveys the right to control the use of an identified asset for a period of time in exchange for consideration. To assess whether a contract conveys the right to control the use of an identified asset, the group assesses whether: (i) the contract involves the use of an identified asset (ii) the group has substantially all of the economic benefits from use of the asset through the period of the lease and (iii) the group has the right to direct the use of the asset.

At the date of commencement of the lease, the group recognizes a right-of-use asset ("ROU") and a corresponding lease liability for all lease arrangements in which it is a lessee, except for leases with a term of twelve months or less (short-term leases) and low value leases. For these short-term and low value leases, the group recognizes the lease payments as an operating expense on a straight-line basis over the term of the lease.

Certain lease arrangements includes the options to extend or terminate the lease before the end of the lease term. ROU assets and lease liabilities includes these options when it is reasonably certain that they will be exercised.

The right-of-use assets are initially recognized at cost, which comprises the initial amount of the lease liability adjusted for any lease payments made at or prior to the commencement date of the lease plus any initial direct costs less any lease incentives. They are subsequently measured at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses.

(ii) Short-term leases and leases of low-value assets

The Group applies the short-term lease recognition exemption to its short-term leases of rented premises (i.e., those leases that have a lease term of 12 months or less from the commencement date and do not contain a purchase option). It also applies the lease of low-value assets recognition exemption to leases of office equipment that are considered to be low value. Lease payments on short-term leases and leases of low-value assets are recognised as expense on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

(g) Cash and cash equivalents

- (i) Cash and cash equivalents in the balance sheet comprise cash at bank and on hand and short-term deposit with original maturity upto three months, which are subject to insignificant risk of changes in value.
- (ii) For the purpose of presentation in the statement of cash flows, cash and cash equivalents consists of cash and short-term deposit, as defined as they are considered as integral part of Group's cash management.

(h) Fair value measurement

The Group has an established control framework with respect to the measurement of fair values. The management regularly reviews significant unobservable inputs and valuation adjustments.

All financial assets and financial liabilities for which fair value is measured or disclosed in the financial statements are categorised within the fair value hierarchy, described as follows, based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement as a whole:

- Level 1 Quoted (unadjusted) market prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities;
- Level 2 Valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is directly or indirectly observable, or
- Level 3 Valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is unobservable.

The Group recognises transfers between levels of the fair value hierarchy at the end of the reporting period during which the change has occurred.

(I) Financial instruments

Financial instruments is any contract that gives rise to a financial asset of one entity and a financial liability or equity instrument of another entity.

Financial assets

Initial recognition

Financial assets are recognized when the group becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the financial instrument.

Financial assets and financial liabilities are initially measured at fair value. Transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition or issue of financial assets and financial liabilities (other than financial assets and financial liabilities at fair value through profit and loss) are added to or deducted from the fair value of the financial assets or financial liabilities, as appropriate, on initial recognition. Transaction costs directly attributable to the acquisition of financial assets or financial liabilities at fair value through profit and loss are recognised immediately in the statement of profit and loss.

ii Subsequent measurement

Financial assets are classified into the following specified categories: amortised cost, financial assets 'at fair value through profit and loss' (FVTPL), 'Fair value through other comprehensive income' (FVTOCI). The classification depends on the Group's business model for managing the financial assets and the contractual terms of cash flows.

Debt Instrument

Amortised Cost

A financial asset is subsequently measured at amortised cost if it is held within a business model whose objective is to hold the asset in order to collect contractual cash flows and the contractual terms of the financial asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding. This category generally applies to trade and other receivables.

Fair value through other comprehensive income (FVTOCI)

A 'debt instrument' is classified as at the FVTOCI if both of the following criteria are met:

- The objective of the business model is achieved both by collecting contractual cash flows and selling the financial assets.
- b. The asset's contractual cash flows represent solely payments of principal and interest.
 - Debt instruments included within the FVTOCI category are measured initially as well as at each reporting date at fair value. Fair value movements are recognized in the other comprehensive income (OCI). However, the Group recognizes interest income, impairment losses and reversals and foreign exchange gain or loss in the statement of profit and loss. On derecognition of the asset, cumulative gain or loss previously recognised in OCI is reclassified from the equity to statement of profit and loss. Interest earned whilst holding FVTOCI debt instrument is reported as interest income using the EIR method.

Fair value through Profit and Loss (FVTPL)

FVTPL is a residual category for debt instruments. Any debt instrument, which does not meet the criteria for categorization as at amortized cost or as FVTOCI, is classified as at FVTPL. In addition, the Group may elect to designate a debt instrument, which otherwise meets amortized cost or FVTOCI criteria, as at FVTPL. However, such election is considered only if doing so reduces or eliminates a measurement or recognition inconsistency (referred to as 'accounting mismatch').

Debt instruments included within the FVTPL category are measured at fair value with all changes recognized in the statement of profit and loss.

Equity investments

The Group measures its equity investments other than in subsidiary at fair value through profit and loss. However where the Group's management makes an irrevocable choice on initial recognition to present fair value gains and losses on specific equity investments in other comprehensive income, there is no subsequent reclassification, on sale or otherwise, of fair value gains and losses to statement of profit and loss.

Investment in subsidiary

Investment in subsidiary are carried at cost and are not adjusted to fair value at the end of each reporting date. The Group assess at the end of each reporting period, if there are any indicatons, that the said investment may be impaired. If so the group estimates the recoverable value/ amount of the investment and provides for impairment, if any , i.e deficit in the recoverable value over cost.

Derivative financial instruments

Derivative financial instruments are classified and measured at fair value through profit and loss.

Purchased or originated credit-impaired (POCI) financial assets

POCI financial assets are treated differently because the asset is credit-impaired at initial recognition. For these assets, the Group recognises all changes in lifetime ECL since initial recognition as a loss allowance with any changes recognised in Statement of Profit and Loss. A favourable change for such assets creates an impairment gain.

iii Derecognition of financial assets

A financial asset is derecognised only when

- The Group has transferred the rights to receive cash flows from the asset or the rights have expired or
- The Group retains the contractual rights to receive the cash flows of the financial asset, but assumes a contractual obligation to pay the cash flows to one or more recipients in an arrangement.

Where the entity has transferred an asset, the group evaluates whether it has transferred substantially all risks and rewards of ownership of the financial asset. In such cases, the financial asset is derecognised. Where the entity has not transferred substantially all risks and rewards of ownership of the financial asset, the financial asset is not derecognised.

Impairment of financial assets

The group measures the expected credit loss associated with its assets based on historical trend, industry practices and the business environment in which the entity operates or any other appropriate basis. The impairment methodology applied depends on whether there has been a significant increase in credit risk.

Significant increase in credit risk

The Group monitors all financial assets, issued irrevocable loan commitments and financial guarantee contracts that are subject to the impairment requirements to assess whether there has been a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition. If there has been a significant increase in credit risk the Group will measure the loss allowance based on lifetime rather than 12-month ECL. The Group's accounting policy is not to use the practical expedient that financial assets with 'low' credit risk at the reporting date are deemed not to have had a significant increase in credit risk. As a result, the Group monitors all financial assets, issued irrevocable loan commitments and financial guarantee contracts that are subject to impairment for significant increase in credit risk.

In assessing whether the credit risk on a financial instrument has increased significantly since initial recognition, the Group compares the risk of a default occurring on the financial instrument at the reporting date based on the remaining maturity of the instrument with the risk of a default occurring that was anticipated for the remaining maturity at the current reporting date when the financial instrument was first recognised. In making this assessment, the Group considers both quantitative and qualitative information that is reasonable and supportable, including historical experience and forward-looking information that is available without undue cost or effort, based on the Group's historical experience and expert credit assessment.

Given that a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition is a relative measure, a given change, in absolute terms, in the probability of default (PD) will be more significant for a financial instrument with a lower initial PD than compared to a financial instrument with a higher PD.

Definition of default

Critical to the determination of ECL is the definition of default. The definition of default is used in measuring the amount of ECL and in the determination of whether the loss allowance is based on 12-month or lifetime ECL, as default is a component of the probability of default (PD) which affects both the measurement of ECLs and the identification of a significant increase in credit risk.

The Group considers the following as constituting an event of default:

- the borrower is past due more than 90 days on any material credit obligation to the Group; or
- the borrower is unlikely to pay its credit obligations to the Group in full.

The definition of default is appropriately tailored to reflect different characteristics of different types of assets.

When assessing if the borrower is unlikely to pay its credit obligation, the Group takes into account both qualitative and quantitative indicators. The information assessed depends on the type of the asset, for example in corporate lending a qualitative indicator used is the admittance of bankruptcy petition by National Company Law Tribunal (NCLT), which is not relevant for retail lending. Quantitative indicators, such as overdue status and non-payment on another obligation of the same counterparty are key inputs in this analysis. The Group uses a variety of sources of information to assess default which are either developed internally or obtained from external sources. The definition of default is applied consistently to all financial instruments unless information becomes available that demonstrates that another default definition is more appropriate for a particular financial instrument.

Write-off

Loans and debt securities are written-off when the Group has no reasonable expectations of recovering the financial asset (either in its entirely or a portion of it). This is the case when the Group determines that the borrower does not have assets or sources of income that could generate sufficient cash flows to repay the amounts subject to the write-off. A write-off constitutes a derecognition event. The Group may apply enforcement activities to financial assets written off. Recoveries resulting from the Group's enforcement activities will result in impairment gains.

Presentation of allowance for ECL in the Balance Sheet

Loss allowances for ECL are presented in the Balance Sheet as follows:

- for financial assets measured at amortised cost: as a deduction from the gross carrying amount of the assets;
- for debt instruments measured at FVTOCI: no loss allowance is recognised in the Balance Sheet as the carrying amount is at fair value.
- where a financial instrument includes both a drawn and an undrawn component, and the Group cannot identify the ECL on the loan commitment component separately from those on the drawn component: the Group presents a combined loss allowance for both components. The combined amount is presented as a deduction from the gross carrying amount of the drawn component.

Financial liabilities and equity instruments

Debt or equity instruments issued by the group are classified as either financial liabilities or as equity in accordance with the substance of the contractual arrangements and the definitions of a financial liability and an equity instrument.

Equity instruments

An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of an entity after deducting all of its liabilities. Equity instruments issued by the group are recognised at the proceeds received, net of direct issue costs.

Repurchase of the group's own equity instruments is recognised and deducted directly in equity. No gain or loss is recognised on the purchase, sale, issue or cancellation of the group's own equity instruments.

Net Gain/ loss on fair value changes includes the effect of financial instruments held at fair value through Profit or loss (FVTPL) for continuing and discontinuing portfolio.

Financial liabilities

Classification

i

Financial liabilities are recognized when group becomes party to contractual provisions of the instrument. The group determines the classification of its financial liability at initial recognition. All financial liabilities are recognised initially at fair value plus transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition of the financial liability except for financial liabilities classified as fair value through profit or loss. The group classifies all financial liabilities at amortised cost or fair value through profit or loss.

ii Subsequent measurement

For the purposes of subsequent measurement, financial liabilities are classified in two categories:

- i) Financial liabilities measured at amortised cost
- ii) Financial liabilities measured at FVTPL (fair value through profit or loss)

i) Financial liabilities measured at amortised cost

After initial recognition, financial liability are subsequently measured at amortized cost using the EIR method. Gains and losses are recognised in the statement of profit

and loss when the liabilities are derecognised as well as through the EIR amortization process. Amortized cost is calculated by taking into account any discount or premium on acquisition and fee or costs that are an integral part of the EIR. The EIR amortisation is included in finance costs in the statement of profit and loss.

ii) Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss

After initial recognition, loans, borrowings and deposits are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest rate (EIR) method. Gains and losses are recognised in the statement of profit and loss when the liabilities are derecognised as well as through the EIR amortization process. The EIR amortisation is included in finance costs in the statement of profit and loss.

Trade and other payables

These amounts represent liabilities for goods and services provided to the group prior to the end of financial year which are unpaid. For trade and other payables maturing within one year from the balance sheet date, the carrying amounts approximate fair value due to the short-term maturity of these instruments.

iii De-recognition of financial liabilities

A financial liability is de-recognised when the obligation under the liability is discharged or cancelled or expires. When an existing financial liability is replaced by another from the same lender on substantially different terms, or the terms of an existing liability are substantially modified, such an exchange or modification is treated as the de-recognition of the original liability and the recognition of a new liability. The difference in the respective carrying amounts is recognised in the statement of profit or loss.

(i) Borrowing costs

Borrowing costs attributable to the acquisition or construction of qualifying assets are capitalised as part of cost of such assets. All other borrowing costs are expensed in the period in which they occur. Borrowing costs consist of interest and other costs that an entity incurs in connection with the borrowing of funds and is measured with reference to the effective interest rate applicable to the respective borrowings.

(j) Provisions, contingent liabilities and contingent assets

The group recognizes provisions when a present obligation (legal or constructive) as a result of a past event exists and it is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle such obligation and the amount of such obligation can be reliably estimated.

If the effect of time value of money is material, provisions are discounted using a current pre-tax rate that reflects, when appropriate, the risks specific to the liability. When discounting is used, the increase in the provision due to the passage of time is recognized as a finance cost.

A disclosure for a contingent liability is made when there is a possible obligation or a present obligation that may, but probably will not require an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits or the amount of such obligation cannot be measured reliably. When there is a possible obligation or a present obligation in respect of which likelihood of outflow of resources embodying economic benefits is remote, no provision or disclosure is made.

Contingent assets are not recognised in the financial statements, however they are disclosed where the inflow of economic benefits is probable. When the realisation of income is virtually certain, then the related asset is no longer a contingent asset and is recognised as an asset.

(k) Revenue recognition

The Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Amendment Rules, 2018 issued by the Ministry of Corporate Affairs (MCA) notified Ind AS 115 "Revenue from Contracts with Customers" related to revenue recognition which replaces all existing revenue recognition standards and provide a single, comprehensive model for all contracts with customers. The revised standard contains principles to determine the measurement of revenue and timing of when it is recognized. The amendment also requires additional disclosure about the nature, amount, timing and uncertainty of revenue and cash flows arising from customer contracts, including significant judgments and changes in those judgments as well as assets recognized from costs incurred to fulfill these contracts.

A. Revenue - Revenue towards satisfication of a performance obligation is measured at the amount of transaction price (net of variable consideration) allocated to that performance obligation. The transaction price of service rendered is net of variable consideration on account of various discount and schemes offered by the Group as part of contract.

- a) Interest income from a financial asset is recognised when it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the group and the amount of income can be measured reliably.
- b) Dividend income is recognised when the group's right to receive dividend is established.

- c) Advisory fees is measured and recognised as per the term of the agreement
 - Transaction price is accounted net of GST. Since GST is not received by the group on its own account, rather, it is collected by the group on behalf of the government. Accordingly, it is excluded from revenue.
- (d) The Company designates certain financial assets for subsequent measurement at fair value through profit or loss (FVTPL) or fair

value through other comprehensive income (FVOCI). The Company recognises gains on fair value change of financial assets measured at FVTPL and realised gains on derecognition of financial asset measured at FVTPL and FVOCI on net basis in profit or loss.

(e) The Company recognises income on recoveries of financial assets written off on realisation or when the right to receive the same without any uncertainties of recovery is established.

B. Contract Costs

In accordance with Ind AS - 115, incremental costs to obtain a contract are capitalized and amortized over the contract term if the cost are expected to be recoverable. The group does not capitalize incremental costs to obtain a contract where the contract duration is expected to be one year or less.

C. Arrangements with Multiple Performance Obligations

The group's contracts with customers may include multiple performance obligations. For such arrangements, the group allocates revenue to each performance obligation based on its relative standalone selling price, which is generally determined based on the price charged to customers.

D. Contract assets and liabilities

Contract assets relate primarily to the group's rights to consideration for work completed but not billed at each reporting date. Contract assets are transferred to receivables when the rights become unconditional. This usually occurs when the group issues an invoice to a customer.

Contract liabilities primarily relate to consideration received in advance from customers, for which the performance obligation is yet to be satisfied.

(l) Retirement and other employee benefits

(i) The group operates both defined benefit and defined contribution schemes for its employees.

For defined contribution schemes the amount charged as expense is equal to the contributions paid or payable when employees have rendered services entitling them to the contributions.

For defined benefit plans, actuarial valuations are carried out at each balance sheet date using the Projected Unit Credit Method. The Holding Company's plan is funded.

All expenses represented by current service cost, past service cost, if any, and net interest on the defined benefit liability/ (asset) are recognized in the Statement of Profit and Loss. Remeasurements of the net defined benefit liability/ (asset) comprising actuarial gains and losses (excluding interest on the net defined benefit liability/ (asset)) are recognised in Other Comprehensive Income (OCI). Such remeasurements are not reclassified to the statement of profit and loss, in the subsequent periods.

(ii) Short term employee benefits: All employee benefits payable wholly within twelve months of rendering the service are classified as short term employee benefits and they are recognized in the period in which the employee renders the related service. The group recognizes the undiscounted amount of short term employee benefits expected to be paid in exchange for services rendered as a liability.

(m) Transactions in foreign currencies

- The functional currency of the group is Indian Rupees ("Rs."). Foreign currency transactions are accounted at the exchange rate prevailing on the date of such transactions.
- (ii) Foreign currency monetary items are translated using the exchange rate prevailing at the reporting date. Exchange differences arising on settlement of monetary items or on reporting such monetary items at rates different from those at which they were initially recorded during the period, or reported in previous financial statements are recognised as income or as expenses in the period in which they arise.
- (iii) Non-monetary foreign currency items are carried at historical cost and translated at the exchange rate prevelant at the date of the transaction.

(n) Accounting for taxes on income

Tax expense comprises of current and deferred tax.

Current tax

Current tax is the amount of income taxes payable in respect of taxable profit for a period. Current tax for current and prior periods is recognized at the amount expected to be paid to or recovered from the tax authorities, using the tax rates and tax laws that have been

enacted or substantively enacted at the balance sheet date. Management periodically evaluates positions taken in the tax returns with respect to situations in which applicable tax regulations are subject to interpretation and establishes provisions where appropriate. Current tax is recognized in the statement of profit and loss except to the extent that the tax relates to items recognized directly in other comprehensive income or directly in equity.

Deferred tax

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are recognized for all temporary differences arising between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts in the financial statements except when the deferred tax arises from the initial recognition of an asset or liability that effects neither accounting nor taxable profit or loss at the time of transition. Deferred tax assets are reviewed at each reporting date and are reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that the related tax benefit will be realized.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured using tax rates and tax laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted at the balance sheet date and are expected to apply to taxable income in the years in which those temporary differences are expected to be recovered or settled.

Presentation of current and deferred tax

Current and deferred tax are recognized as income or an expense in the statement of profit and loss, except to the extent they relate to items that are recognized in other comprehensive income, in which case, the current and deferred tax income / expense are recognised in other comprehensive income.

(o) Impairment of non-financial assets

The carrying amounts of non financial assets are reviewed at each balance sheet date if there is any indication of impairment based on internal/external factors. An asset is treated as impaired when the carrying amount exceeds its recoverable value. The recoverable amount is the greater of an asset's or cash generating unit's, net selling price and value in use. In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to the present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessment of the time value of money and risks specific to the assets. An impairment loss is charged to the statement of profit and loss in the year in which an asset is identified as impaired. After impairment, depreciation is provided on the revised carrying amount of the asset over its remaining useful life. The impairment loss recognized in prior accounting periods is reversed by crediting the statement of profit and loss if there has been a change in the estimate of recoverable amount.

(p) Earnings per share

Basic earnings per share is computed and disclosed using the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the period. Dilutive earnings per share is computed and disclosed using the weighted average number of equity and dilutive equity equivalent shares outstanding during the period, except when the results would be anti-dilutive.

(q) Share based payments

The Group recognizes compensation expense relating to share-based payments in net profit using fair-value in accordance with Ind AS 102, Share- Based Payment. The estimated fair value of awards is charged to statement of profit and loss on a straight-line basis over the requisite service period for each separately vesting portion of the award as if the award was in substance, multiple awards with a corresponding increase to share based payment reserves.

(r) Contributed equity

Equity shares are classified as equity. Incremental costs directly attributable to the issue of new shares or options are shown in equity as a deduction, net of tax, from the proceeds.

(s) Exceptional items

Certain occassions, the size, type, or incidences of the item of income or expenses pertaining to the ordinary activities of the group is such that its disclosure improves the understanding of the performance of the group, such income or expenses are classified as an exceptional item and accordingly, disclosed in the financial statements.

(t) Critical accounting judgment and estimates

The preparation of financial statements requires management to exercise judgment in applying the group's accounting policies. It also requires the use of estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, income and expenses and the accompanying disclosures including disclosure of contingent liabilities. Actual results may differ from these estimates. Estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis, with revisions recognised in the period in which the estimates are revised and in any future periods affected.

a Contingencies

In the normal course of business, contingent liabilities may arise from litigation and other claims against the group. Potential liabilities that have a low probability of crystallising or are very difficult to quantify reliably, are treated as contingent liabilities. Such liabilities are disclosed in the notes but are not provided for in the financial statements. There can be no assurance regarding the final outcome of these legal proceedings.

b Useful lives and residual values

The group reviews the useful lives and residual values of property, plant and equipment and intangible assets at each financial year end.

c Impairment testing

Judgment is also required in evaluating the likelihood of collection of customer debt after revenue has been recognised. This evaluation requires estimates to be made, including the level of provision to be made for amounts with uncertain recovery profiles. Provisions are based on historical trends in the percentage of debts which are not recovered, or on more detailed reviews of individually significant balances.

Determining whether the carrying amount of these assets has any indication of impairment also requires judgment. If an indication of impairment is identified, further judgment is required to assess whether the carrying amount can be supported by the net present value of future cash flows forecast to be derived from the asset. This forecast involves cash flow projections and selecting the appropriate discount rate.

Tax

d

The group's tax charge is the sum of the total current and deferred tax charges. The calculation of the group's total tax charge necessarily involves a degree of estimation and judgment in respect of certain items whose tax treatment cannot be finally determined until resolution has been reached with the relevant tax authority or, as appropriate, through a formal legal process.

Accruals for tax contingencies require management to make judgments and estimates in relation to tax related issues and exposures.

The recognition of deferred tax assets is based upon whether it is more likely than not that sufficient and suitable taxable profits will be available in the future against which the reversal of temporary differences can be deducted. Where the temporary differences are related to losses, the availability of the losses to offset against forecast taxable profits is also considered. Recognition therefore involves judgment regarding the future financial performance of the particular legal entity or tax group in which the deferred tax asset has been recognized.

e Defined benefit obligation

The costs of providing pensions and other post-employment benefits are charged to the Statement of Profit and Loss in accordance with Ind AS 19 'Employee benefits' over the period during which benefit is derived from the employees' services. The costs are assessed on the basis of assumptions selected by the management. These assumptions include salary escalation rate, discount rates, expected rate of return on assets and mortality rates. The same is disclosed in Note 35, 'Employee benefits'.

f Recent accounting pronouncements

Ministry of Corporate Affairs ("MCA") notifies new standards or amendments to the existing standards under Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules as issued from time to time.

On 31 March 2023, MCA amended the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Amendment Rules, 2023, as below:

Ind AS 1 - Presentation of Financial Statements - This amendment requires the entities to disclose their material accounting policies rather than their significant accounting policies. The effective date for adoption of this amendment is annual periods beginning on or after 1 April 2023. The Group has evaluated the amendment and the impact of the amendment is insignificant in the standalone financial statements.

Ind AS 8 - Accounting Policies, Changes in Accounting Estimates and Errors - This amendment has introduced a definition of 'accounting estimates' and included amendments to Ind AS 8 to help entities distinguish changes in accounting policies from changes in accounting estimates. The effective date for adoption of this amendment is annual periods beginning on or after 1 April, 2023. The group has evaluated the amendment and there is no impact on its standalone financial statements.

Ind AS 12 - Income Taxes - This amendment has narrowed the scope of the initial recognition exemption so that it does not apply to transactions that give rise to equal and offsetting temporary differences. The effective date for adoption of this amendment is annual periods beginning on or after 1 April, 2023. The group has evaluated the amendment and there is no impact on its consolidated financial statement.

NOTES FORMING PART OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH, 2023

	(1	Rs. in Lakhs)
	31 March 2023 31	March 2022
3(a) Cash and cash equivalents		
Cash on hand	0.03	0.11
Balances with bank -		
- In Current accounts #	767.36	2,017.08
Cheques on hand	-	68.67
Total	767.39	2,085.86
3(b) Bank Balances other than cash and cash equivalents		
Unpaid dividend accounts	43.92	39.63
Earmarked Balance with bank against	3,475.73	2,763.61

Total	3,519.65	2,803.24
bank deposits *		
Earmarked Balance with bank against	3,475.73	2,763.61

Includes debit balance in Overdraft facilities

*(2023: Rs 3,294.25 Lakhs)(2022: Rs 2582.42 Lakhs) including interest is lien against cash credit and bank Overdraft taken from bank and (2023: Rs 181.48 Lakhs) (2022: Rs 181.19 Lakhs) including lien marked against bank guarantee given to Government Authority. (Refer note 30 (a))

(Rs. in Lakhs)

31 March 2023 31 March 2022

4 RECEIVABLES

	Total	70.22	174.50
Less: Impairment Loss Allowance		(80.00)	(80.00)
Significant increase in credit risk		150.00	250.00
Considered good - Unsecured		0.22	4.50
Trade receivables			

For related party transactions refer note 36

31 March 2023

	-					
Particular	Less than 6 Months 1				More than 3 Years	Total
Undisputed Trade receivables – considered good	0.22	-			-	0.22
Undisputed Trade Receivables – which have significant increase in credit risk	-	-	-		150.00	150.00
Undisputed Trade Receivables – credit impaired	-	-	-		-	-
Disputed Trade receivables - considered good	-	-		-	-	-
Disputed Trade Receivables – which have significant increase in credit risk	-	-	-		-	-
Disputed Trade Receivables – credit impaired	-	-		-	-	-
Total	0.22	-	-		150.00	150.22

				(Rs. in Lakhs)
	31 March	2022		
Particular	Less than 6 Months 6 Months to 1 Years		3 Years th	Aore Total 1an 3 Years
Undisputed Trade receivables – considered good	4.50	· -	-	- 4.50
Undisputed Trade Receivables – which have significant increase in credit risk			-	250.00 250.00
Undisputed Trade Receivables – credit impaired		· -	-	
Disputed Trade receivable – considered good			-	
Disputed Trade Receivabl – which have significant increase in credit risk	es		-	
Disputed Trade Receivabl – credit impaired	es		-	
Total	4.50		-	250.00 254.50
				(Rs. in Lakhs)
		31 N	March 2023	31 March 2022
5 Loans				
At amortised cost				
Considered Good	- Secured by securities	s *	3,000.00	4,000.00
Considered Good	- Unsecured		8,381.10	8,685.59
Significant increas	se in credit risk		760.00	800.00
Less: Impairment	Loss Allowance		760.00	500.00
			11,381.10	12,985.59
Loans to employee	es			
- Considered Goo	d		2.10	1.50
Others				
Credit impaired fir banks and financia	nancial assets acquired	l from	215.00	-
		Total	11,598.20	12,987.09
Loans in India				
- Others			12,358.20	13,487.09
	Total (C	Gross)	12,358.20	13,487.09
Less: Impairment	loss allowance		760.00	500.00
	Total	(Net)	11,598.20	12,987.09

* Includes Rs. 440.62 lakhs (2022 : 460.00 lakhs) (including interest) due from a Private Limited Company in which director is Interested as director *For related party transactions refer note 36

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NOTES FORMING PART OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH, 2023

For FY 2022-23		(Rs. in Lakhs)
Type of Borrower	Amount of loan or advance in the nature of loan outstanding	Percentage to the total Loans and Advances in the nature of loans
Repayable on demand	ouistanding	Ioans
Promoters	-	-
Directors	-	-
KMPs	-	-
Related Parties	440.62	3.57
For F.Y. 2021-22		(Rs. in Lakhs)
Type of Borrower	Amount of loan or advance in the nature of loan outstanding	Percentage to the total Loans and Advances in the nature of loans
Repayable on demand		
Promoters	-	-
Directors	-	-
KMPs	-	-
Related Parties	460.00	3.41
	31 March 2023	(Rs. in Lakhs) 31 March 2022
 6 Investments (A) Investment in Mutual Funds Investment carried at Fair value through profit and loss 		
Face value of Rs. 1,000 each**	1,568.31	1,468.38
(B) Investments in government securities ^ Investment carried at Fair value through profit and loss 5.63% Government of India 2026 face value of Rs. 100 each	1,568.31	1,468.38 1,012.77
6.54% Government of India 2032 face value of Rs. 100 each	-	2,489.90
6.18% Government of India 2032 face value of Rs. 100 each	498.25	-
	498.25	3,502.68
(C) Investments in debentures or bonds ^ Investment carried at Fair value through profit and loss		
10% Edelweiss Housing Finance Limited 2026 face value of Rs.1,000 each	194.77	485.43
13.75% South Indian Bank 2025 face value of Rs. 1,00,000 each	201.80	-
7.09% Canara Bank 2036 face value of Rs. 1,00,00,000 each	4,262.90	
8.57% Raj Sdl Spl 2027 face value of Rs. 100 each	42.79	
8.67% Up Sdl Spl 2027 face value of Rs. 100 each 6.75% India Infradebt Limited 2027 face	211.56	
value of Rs. 1,000 each	-	1,507.11
7.25% NIIF Infrastructure Fin Ltd 2031 7.97% HDFC Ltd 2033	476.83 30.04	
8.65% Cholamandalam Invest & Fin Co.	2,570.64	
Ltd. 2032	,	

	31 March 2023	(Rs. in Lakhs) 31 March 2022
(D) Investment in Equity Shares -		
a) Unquoted (i) Investment carried at Fair value through		
other comprehensive income 3,50,000 (2022 : 350,000) shares of Rs. 10	2,100.00	2,100.00
each of SAMCO Ventures Private Limited	2 022 02	2.040.20
20,44,628 (2022 : 19,86,211) shares of Rs. 10 each of Care Health Insurance Company Limited (formerly known as Religare Health Insurance Co Limited)	2,923.82	2,840.28
5,600 (2022 : 5,600) shares of Rs. 10 each of The Hindustan Times Limited	f 304.67	304.67
20,000 (2022 : Nil) National Stock Exchange Limited	560.59	-
4,381 (2022: 2,035) Nivaata System Private Limited	224.04	199.97
8,00,000 (2022 : Nil)Mapple Leaf Trading & Services Limited	200.00	-
2,550 (2022 : Nil)Avision Systems Limited 1,50,000 (2022 : Nil) Lava International Limited	1,632.00 222.00	-
50,000 (2022 : Nil) HDB Financial Services Limited	300.55	
Linited	8,467.67	5,444.92
b) Quoted		
(i) Investment carried at Fair value through		
other comprehensive income		
Equity shares of face value of Rs. 10 each 8,153 (2022:8,153) Everlon Synthetics Limited	3.00	3.13
1,500 (2022:1,500) IDBI Bank Limited	0.68	0.64
5,000 (2022:5,000) MRPL Limited	2.63	2.08
8,400 (2022:8,400) IND Renewable Energy Limited	1.03	0.96
2,300 (2022 : 2,300) Indus Network Limited Equity shares of face value of Rs. 2 each	- 1	-
3,500 (2022:3,500) Yes Bank Limited	0.53	0.43
65,23,525 (2022 : 35,29,514) shares of Rs 2	737.81	487.78
/-each LKP Securities Limited		
(ii) Investment carried at Fair value through	745.68	495.02
profit and loss		
Quoted		
Equity shares of face value of Rs 10 each 1,00,000 (2022:1,00,000) Jaiprakash Power	5.61	6.79
Ventures Limited	5.01	0.79
Nil (2022:25,400) Raymond Limited		217.11
1,00,000(2022 : Nil) Himadri Speciality	85.41	
Chemicals Ltd		516.36
Nil (2022 : 92,838) Yuken India Limited 12,10,000 (2022: 20,00,000) Subex Limited	201.43	642.00
4,241 (2022 : 4,241) John Cockeril India	61.58	66.03
Limited (Formerly known as CMI FPE Limited)		
3,00,000 (2022: 13,46,760) Religare Enterprises Limited	435.15	1,752.81
33,000 (2022 : Nil) Veranda Leasing Solutions Limited	67.19	-
Nil (2022: 1,00,000) Coal India Limited 50,000 (2022: Nil) Solara Activa Pharma	- 164.20	183.00
Limited 5,400 (2022 : 5,400) Cremica Agro Foods	-	0.00
Limited# 332 (2022 : 332) Linde India Limited	13.38	5.98

NOTES FORMING PART OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH, 2023

	31 March 2023	(Rs. in Lakhs) 31 March 2022		31 March 2023	(Rs. in Lakh: 31 March 202
762 (2022 : 250) Sandur Manganese & Iron Ores Limited	7.83	2.53	Equity shares of face value of Rs 2 each 147 (2022 : 130) L&T Technology Services	4.97	6.0
17000 (2022: 17,000) Solid Stone Company	5.72	4.08	Limited		
Limited			133 (2022 : 106) Bajaj Finance Limited	7.47	7.6
Nil(2022 : 4,00,000) Reliance Infrastructure Limited	-	450.40	1,069 (2022 : 211) Jubilant Foodwork Limited	4.70	5.5
2,00,000 (2022 : 5,00,000) JSW Ispat Special Product Limited	62.22	161.50	Nil (2022 : 310) Housing Development Financial Corporation Limited	-	7.4
1,00,000 (2022 : Nil) Delta Corp. Limited	180.70	-	Equity shares of face value of Rs 1 each		
1,00,000 (2022 : Nil) Zee Entertainment Enterprises Limited \$	211.70	-	1,155 (2022 : 1140) Tata Consumer Product Limited	8.19	8.
2,00,000 (2022 : Nil) Jsw Energy Limited	481.40	-	438 (2022 : 432) Titan Company Limited	11.02	10.
Nil (2022 : 11,500) Speciality Restaurant	-	18.56	4,270 (2022 : 5781) City Union Bank Limited	5.37	7.
	378.95			10.09	9.
1,00,000 (2022 : Nil) Aegis Logisitic Limited			682 (2022 : 673) HDFC Bank Limited 339 (2022 : 406) Tube Investment of India	10.98 8.63	6.
10,00,000 (2022 : Nil) IDFC First Bank	550.20	-	Limited		
Limited \$			2,574 (2022 : 373) FSN - E Commerce	3.20	6.
1,12,000 (2022 : Nil) Repro India Limited 4,000 (2022 : Nil) Annapurna Swadisht	399.62 7.60		Venture Limited	4,912.22	4,751.
Limited	,.00		(E) Investment in Preference shares	1,712,22	-,, 51
,00,000(2022 : Nil)Himadri Speciality	87.36	-	Unquoted		
Chemical Limited	100 70		Investment carried at Fair value through		
50,000(2022 : Nil) Ambuja Cement Limited	182.73		other comprehensive income		
2,50,000 (2022 : Nil) Zomato Limited	127.40		Preference shares of of Rs 100 each		
10,55,600 (2022 : Nil) Central Bank Of India			5,00,000 (2022 : Nil) of Sicom Limited	10.00	
0,00,000 (2022 : Nil) South Indian bank Limited	146.20	-	(F) Investments In Alternate Investment	10.00	
,683 (2022 : Nil) Poddar Housing and Development Limited	1.37	-	Funds (AIF) Investment carried at Fair value through		
750 (2022 : Nil) Jyoti Resins & Adhesives	9.53	-	profit and loss		
20,000 (2022 : Nil) Chemtech Industrial Valves Limited	3.22	-	3,073.50 (2022 : 2,687.50)Edelweiss Infra Yield Plus of Rs. 10,000/- each	398.71	354
16,191 (2022 : Nil) Shri Keshav Cements & Infra Limited	20.28	-	26,824.35 (2022: 26,824.35) Edelweiss	13.31	195
Equity shares of face value of Rs 5 each			Credit Opportunity Fund of Rs 1,000/- each 2,000 (2022 : 2,000) Edelweiss Stressed &	10.17	13
57,500 (2022: Nil) Prime Securities Limited	87.07	125.72	Troubled Assets Revival Fund of Rs 10,000/		
,00,000 (2022 : Nil) Tata Steel Limited	103.60		each		
Equity shares of face value of Re 1 each 50,000 (2021:Nil) Sun Pharma Advanced	89.00	148.43	Total Investments (A+B+C+D+E+F)	422.19 24,615.65	563
Research Company Limited					
2,00,000 (2022: 2,00,000) Transformers and Rectifiers (India) Limited	114.76	65.90	# "0" (Zero) denotes amounts less than thous ^ are marked as lien against secured loan fro		of India Limi
3,34,604 (2022: 2,99,993) Elpro International Limited	200.76	180.90	and Federal Bank Limited		
50,000 (2022: 50,000) Greaves Cotton Limited	63.10	95.45	** HDFC Mutual fund amounting to Rs. 104 marked as lien against secured loan from N Loan (India) Private Limited.		
nvestment in PMS				NIDEC : T	0 1 1 5
Mutual Funds			\$ are marked as lien against secured loan from	m NBFC viz. Tata (Capital Financ
Kotal Liquid fund Direct Plan (G)	2.58	-	Services Limited.		
HDFC Liquid fund Direct paln (G)	2.58	-			
Equity shares of face value of Rs 10 each			For related party transactions refer note 36		
,599 (2022 : 1052) ICICI Prudential Life nsurance Company Limited	6.97	5.26	Out of Above	31 March 2023	(Rs. in Lak 31 March 20
Nil (2022 : 26) Shree Cement Limited	-	6.24	In India	24,615.65	18,218
208 (2022 : 270) Timken India Limited	5.18		Outside India	24,015.05	10,210
Nil (2022 : 212) Indigo Paint Limited		3.39	Guidine India		
054 (2022 : Nil) Mas Financial Services	7.65		Aggregate book value of quoted investments Aggregate book value of unquoted		12,774
			Aggregate book value of unquoted	17,389.45	5,444
Limited Equity shares of face value of Rs 5 each			investments		

NOTES FORMING PART OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH, 2023

7 Other financial assets		31 Ma	rch 2023	(Rs. in I 31 Marcl	
Unsecured and considered good	1				
Security Deposits- others	-		17.88		21.90
Membership Deposit with BSE			10.00		10.00
Advance for Investment Applicat	ion money		292.04		560.59
Other Advances			2.92		0.58
Total			322.84		<u>593.07</u>
 8 Current tax assets (net) (a) Balance with Government Auth Advance Direct Tax (net of prov 			241.03		356.36
	Tota		241.03		356.36
	1012	ш <u></u>	241.03		330.30
(b) Current tax Liabilities (net)					
Advance Direct Tax (net of prov	isions)		11.45		9.37
			11.45		9.37
9 Property, Plant and Equipments				(Rs. in	Lakhs)
Description of Assets	BuildingsFu		ehicles C	omputers	Total
		and xtures			
I. Gross Block Balance as at 31 March 2021	11.47	0.04	4.15	-	15.66
Additions during the year	-			1.56	1.56
Disposals/Adjustment/Deductions	-	-	-		-
Balance as at 31 March 2022	11.47	0.04	4.15	1.56	17.21
Additions during the year	-	0.44	-	0.88	1.32
Disposals/Adjustment/Deductions	3.63	-	-	-	3.63
Balance as at 31 March 2023	7.84	0.48	4.15	2.44	14.89
Balance as at 31 March 2021	3.80	0.01	0.21	-	4.02
Depreciation charged for the year	3.02	0.03	0.49	0.36	3.90
Disposals/Adjustment/Deductions	-		-	-	-
Balance as at 31 March 2022	6.82	0.04	0.70	0.36	7.92
Additions during the year	1.82	0.02	0.49	0.64	2.97
Disposals/Adjustment/Deductions	2.04	-	-	-	2.04
Balance as at 31 March 2023 Net block	6.60	0.06	1.19	0.99	8.85
As at 31 March 2023	2.37	0.42	2.96	1.44	7.19
As at 31 March 2023	5.78		3.45	1.44	10.43
				(Rs. in	
9A Right of use assets (ROU) Description of Assets I. Gross Block				Office Pr	,
At cost as at 1 April 2021					-
Additions (refer note 29)					-
Disposals/Adjustment/Deduction	15				-
Balance as at 31 March 2022					-
Additions (refer note 29)					13.02
Disposals/Adjustment/Deductior Balance as at 31 March 2023	15				13.02
II. Accumulated Depreciation					15.02
Balance as at 1 April, 2021					-
Additions during the year					-
Disposals/Adjustment/Deduction	ıs				-
Balance as at 31 March 2022					-
Additions during the year					1.99
Disposals/Adjustment/Deduction	15				-
Balance as at 31 March 2023 Net block					1.99
As at 31 March 2023					11.03
As at 31 March 2022					

			31 March 2023	(Rs. in Lakhs) 31 March 2022
10	Other	non-financial assets	01 111101 2020	01 1111 01 2022
10		d expenses	22.29	9.62
	-	d Benefit Asset -'Gratuity (refer note	40.59	38.61
	35)			
			62.88	48.23
	-	it with Debt Recovery Tribunal (DRT) note 30 b)	1,126.22	1,126.22
		Total	1,189.10	1,174.45
11		cial liabilities		
I)	Payab			
		Payables (refer note 33a and b)		
	· ·	outstanding dues of micro enterprises nall enterprises	-	-
	-	l outstanding dues of creditors other	43.64	-
	than m	icro enterprises and small enterprises		
		Total	43.64	-
ID	04			
п)		Payables (refer note 33 a)		
		outstanding dues of micro enterprises nall enterprises	-	-
		l outstanding dues of creditors other	12.69	6.96
	· · ·	icro enterprises and small enterprises	12.07	0.90
		·····		
		Total	12.69	6.96
	Trade	payables and other payables are non-	interest bearing a	nd are normally
	settled	as per contractual terms.		
	For rel	ated party transactions refer note 36		
	For ag	eing of trade payables refer note 33(b)		
	U			(Rs. in Lakhs)
			31 March 2023	31 March 2022
12	Borro	wings		
	At Am	ortised cost (In India)		
	Loans	repayable on demand		
	From I	Banks (Note 1 below)	7,335.78	3,616.12
	From H	Financials Institution (Note 2 and 3	1,175.10	1,013.31
	below)	1		
	From (Other Parties (Note 4 below)	3,596.65	3,596.65
			12,107.52	8,226.07
		Total	12,107.52	8,226.07
Not	e No			
		~ . ~		
1	a)	Cash Credit/ Overdraft from Bank of J 301.11 lakhs) with sanction limit of F are secured with 15% margin on fixed repayable on demand and carries intere FD + 100 bps and charge for the same to be registered.	Rs. 90.00 lakh (2 deposit with the est at weighted av	022 : 450 lakhs) bank. The loan is verage underlying
	b)	Working Capital facility from Bank o (2022 : Rs. Nil lakhs) with sanction secured against pledge of approved o with 15% margin, with the bank and p The loan is repayable on demand and	limit of Rs. 10, lebt securities rat personal guarantee	000.00 lakhs are ed 'A' and above e of the Promoter.

: 10.40 % p.a.) (one year MCLR+ BSS+CRP)
c) Working Capital facility from Federal Bank Limited of Rs. 199.98 lakhs (2022: Rs. 3,315 lakhs) with Sanction limit of Rs.7,500.00 lakhs plus Rs.2,500.00 are secured against pledge of Govt.Securities in CGSL account with Federal Bank Limited. The loan is repayable on demand and carries interest of 9.95% p.a (2022 : 8.00 % p.a.). (one year MCLR) plus 50 bps .

The loan is repayable on demand and carries interest of 9.75% p.a. (2022



- d) Overdraft from Federal Bank Limited of Rs. Nil lakhs (2022: Rs. Nil) with sanction limit of Rs .500 lakhs are secured against 110% pledge of fixed deposits with banks. The loan is repayable on demand. It carries interest at weighted average underlying FD + 50 bps and charge for the same is not registered with Register of Companies.
- e) Overdraft from Yes Bank Limited of Rs. Nil lakhs (2022: Rs. Nil) with sanction limit of Rs. 630 lakhs are secured against 110% pledge of fixed deposits with banks. The loan is repayable on demand. It carries interest at weighted average underlying FD + 50 bps.
- f) Cash Credit/ Overdraft from Federal bank of Rs. 2,695.93 lakhs (2022: Rs. Nil) with sanction limit of Rs.5,000 lakh are secured against pledge of Govt.Securities in CSGL account with Federal bank Limited. The loan is repayable on demand and carries interest of 8.80% p.a (2022: Nil). (one year MCLR) plus 50 bps.
- g) Working Capital facility from Federal Bank Limited of Rs. 267.41 lakhs (2022: Rs.Nil) with Sanction limit of Rs. 1,776.60 lakhs secured against 110% pledge of fixed deposits with bank. The loan is repayable on demand and carries interest of 8.70%-8.90% p.a (2022: 8.00 % p.a.).
- Working Capital facility from South Indian Bank Limited of Rs. 418.41 lakhs (2022: Rs.0.002 lakhs) with Sanction limit of Rs. 450 lakhs secured against 110% pledge of fixed deposits with bank. The loan is repayable on demand and carries interest at weighted average underlying FD + 100 bps.
- 2 Working capital outstanding loan of Rs. 375.10 lakhs (2022: Rs. 200.04 lakhs) with sanction limit of Rs. 1,500.00 lakhs borrowed from Tata Capital Financial Services Limited are secured against securities amounting to Rs. 761.90 lakhs (2022: Rs. 958.81 lakhs). Loan is repayable on demand and carries interest of 10.05% floating. and charge for the same with Register of Companies is yet to be registered.
- 3 Revolving Demand loan facility from Barclay Investment and Loan (India) Private Limited outstanding loan of Rs. 800.00 lakhs (2022: Rs. 804.14 lakhs) with sanction limit of Rs. 2,500.00 lakhs are secured against HDFC Liquid Mutual Fund repayable on demand and carries interest of 9.00% p.a. (2022 : 7.00 % p.a.) floating.
- 4 Borrowings of Rs. 3,596.65 lakhs (2022: Rs. 3,596.65 lakhs) is considered interest free and repayable on demand in the absence of term sheet and confirmation. Refer note 30 (b)
- 5 The Group has not been declared as a wilfull defaulter by any lender
- 6 The Group has used the borrowings from banks and financial institutation for the purpose for which it was taken at the balance sheet date .

			(Rs. in Lakhs)
	31 N	1arch 2023	31 March 2022
13 Lease Liabilities			
Lease Liabilities		11.21	-
		11.21	
14 Other financial liabilties			
Unclaimed dividends #		43.92	39.63
Employee Benefit Payable *		74.58	631.58
Others		-	4.50
	Total	118.50	675.71

*For related party transactions refer note 36

15 Provisions

Provision for standard assets Gratuity payable		51.12 0.23	50.70
	Total	51.35	50.70

			(Rs. in Lakhs)
		31 March 2023	31 March 2022
16	Defered tax liabilities (net)		
	Deferred tax liabilities/ (assets)		
	Right of use assets	(0.04)	-
	Allowance Credit loss	(224.28)	(164.94)
	Fair valuation of Financial Instruments	650.46	704.14
		426.14	539.20
	Property, plant & equipments	0.72	14.03
	Preliminary Expenses as per Section 35D	-	(1.52)
	Unabsorbed depreciation and Business Losses	(6.21)	(1.48)
	Fair valuation of Financial Instruments	(3.58)	-
		(9.08)	11.03
	Total	417.07	550.22
17	Other non-financial liabilities Statutory dues payable Total	26.18 26.18	97.35 97.35
	10(a)	20.18	97.35
10	Equity Share capital	31 March 2023	(Rs. In Lakhs) 31 March 2022
10			
	Authorizoda		
	Authorised* 20,000,000 (2022:20,000,000) Equity Shares of Rs 10/- each	2,000.00	2,000.00
	20,000,000 (2022:20,000,000) Equity Shares	2,000.00 2,000.00	2,000.00
	20,000,000 (2022:20,000,000) Equity Shares		

*Authorised share capital of (2023: Rs 1,000 Lakhs) (2022: Rs 1,000 Lakhs); consisting of Redeemable Cumulative Preference shares of Rs. 10 each is not considered above in accordance with the requirement of Ind AS.

a) Reconciliation of the equity shares outstanding at the beginning and at the end of the reporting year

			(Rs	s. in Lakhs)
	31 Marc	h 2023	31 Marc	h 2022
	Number of Equity shares	(Rs. in Lakhs)	Number of Equity shares	(Rs. in Lakhs)
At the beginning of the year	1,25,68,623	1,256.86	1,25,68,623	1,256.86
Changes during the year	-	-	-	-
Outstanding at the end of the year	1,25,68,623	1,256.86	1,25,68,623	1,256.86

b) Terms/rights attached to equity shares

- a) The Company has issued only one class of equity shares having a par value of Rs.10 per share. Each holder of equity shares is entitled to one vote per share. The Company declares and pays dividend in Indian rupees. The final dividend proposed by the Board of Directors is subject to the approval of the shareholders in the ensuing Annual General Meeting.
- b) In the event of liquidation of the Company, the holders of equity shares will be entitled to receive remaining assets of the Company, after distribution of all preferential amounts. The distribution will be in proportion to the number of equity shares held by the shareholders.
- c) Aggregate number of bonus shares issued, shares issued for consideration other than cash and shares bought back during the period of five years immediately preceeding the reporting date: NIL

c) Details of shareholders holding more than 5% shares in the company:

	31 March	2023	31 Mar	ch 2022
Name of shareholders	No. of shares	% Holding	No. of shares	% Holding
Mr Mahendra V Doshi	14,49,363	11.53%	14,49,363	11.53%
Mr Mahendra V Doshi- Partner M/s L K Panday	20,72,482	16.49%	20,72,482	16.49%
Sea Glimpse Investments Private Limited	25,47,515	20.27%	25,47,515	20.27%
Bhavana Holdings Private Limited	14,09,505	11.21%	14,09,505	11.21%
Authum Investment and Infrastructure Ltd	8,79,090	6.99%	8,79,090	6.99%
	83,57,955	66.50%	83,57,955	66.50%

d) Shareholding of promoters

	Shares held by promoters at the end of the year	202.	As at 31 March 2023		As at 31 March 2022 No. of % of		% of Change During the previous year
	promoter Name	No. of Share	% of total shares	No. of Share	% of total shares		
1	Sea Glimpse Investments Pvt Ltd	25,47,515	20.27%	25,47,515	20.27%	Nil	Nil
2	Bhavana Holdings Private Limited	14,09,505	11.21%	14,09,505	11.21%	Nil	Nil
3	Mahendra Vasantrai Doshi	14,49,363	11.53%	14,49,363	11.53%	Nil	Nil
4	Pratik M Doshi	1,00,722	0.80%	1,00,722	0.80%	Nil	Nil
5	Mahendra Vasantrai Doshi (Held On Behalf Of Lk Panday, Partnership Firm)	20,72,482	16.49%	20,72,482	16.49%	Nil	Nil
6	Ira Pratik Doshi	2,00,000	1.59%	2,00,000	1.59%	Nil	Nil
7	Samaya Pratik Doshi	2,00,000	1.59%	2,00,000	1.59%	Nil	Nil
8	Shital A Sonpal	16,725	0.13%	16,725	0.13%	Nil	Nil

(Rs. in Lakhs)

19	Other Equity		
	Securities Premium		
	As per last balance sheet	370.03	370.03
	-	370.03	370.03
	Retained Earnings		
	Balance as per last balance sheet	12,569.09	9,834.25
	Profit / (Loss) for the year	1,387.33	3,656.42
	Actuarial gain/(loss) of defined benefit plans	(0.08)	(14.06)
	Transfer to reserve u/s 45-IC of Reserve bank of India Act, 1934	(277.47)	(656.16)
	Dividend Paid	(377.06)	(251.37)
	-	13,301.82	12,569.09
	Other Reserves		
	Reserve u/s 45-IC of Reserve bank of India Act, 1934		
	As per last balance sheet	6,479.14	5,822.98
	Add: Transfer from Retained Earnings	277.47	656.16
	-	6,756.61	6,479.14

				(Rs. in Lakhs)
			31 March 2023	
	General Reserve			
	as per last balance sheet		6,149.10	6,149.10
		-	6,149.10	6,149.10
	Other Comprehensive income - fair value	ıe		
	on equity instruments			
	As per last balance sheet		2,106.34	1,889.34
	Gain /(Loss) on fair value of financial ass	et	(255.07)	217.00
	measured through other comprehensive income (net of tax)			
	meome (net of tax)	-	1,851.27	2,106.34
	Total Other Equity	-	28,428.83	27,673.75
		=		
				.
			31 March 2023	(Rs. in Lakhs)
20	Revenue from operations		51 March 2025	51 March 2022
(i)	Interest Income *			
	On financial assets measured at amortis	ed		
	cost		1 201 (0	955 40
	Interest -Loans -Investments		1,201.60 151.52	855.40 152.37
	-Deposit with Banks		130.29	161.08
	-Retirement benefits		2.78	3.26
	ĩ	otal	1,486.19	1,172.11
	* For related party transactions Defenset	. 26		
	* For related party transactions Refer note	2 30		
(ii)	Dividend Income		40.02	93.44
	7			
	1	otal	40.02	93.44
(iii)		otal	40.02	93.44
(iii)	Net gain/ (loss) on fair value changes		40.02	93.44
(iii)		s at	40.02	93.44
(iii)	Net gain/ (loss) on fair value changes Net gain/(loss) on financial instrument fair value through profit or loss (FVTP Realised gain/ (loss)on securities held for	s at L)	40.02 717.60	<u>93.44</u> (229.43)
(iii)	Net gain/ (loss) on fair value changes Net gain/(loss) on financial instrument fair value through profit or loss (FVTP Realised gain/ (loss)on securities held for trade (net) at FVTPL	s at L)	717.60	(229.43)
(iii)	Net gain/ (loss) on fair value changes Net gain/(loss) on financial instrument fair value through profit or loss (FVTP Realised gain/ (loss)on securities held for	s at L)		
(iii)	Net gain/ (loss) on fair value changes Net gain/(loss) on financial instrument fair value through profit or loss (FVTP Realised gain/ (loss)on securities held fo trade (net) at FVTPL Realised gain/ (loss) on investments at	s at L)	717.60	(229.43)
(iii)	Net gain/ (loss) on fair value changes Net gain/(loss) on financial instrument fair value through profit or loss (FVTP Realised gain/ (loss) on securities held for trade (net) at FVTPL Realised gain/ (loss) on investments at FVTPL Unrealised gain/(loss) on Securities at FVTPL	s at L) or	717.60 719.75 (168.42)	(229.43) 4,294.28 752.70
	Net gain/ (loss) on fair value changes Net gain/(loss) on financial instrument fair value through profit or loss (FVTP Realised gain/ (loss) on securities held for trade (net) at FVTPL Realised gain/ (loss) on investments at FVTPL Unrealised gain/(loss) on Securities at FVTPL	s at L)	717.60 719.75 (168.42)	(229.43) 4,294.28
	Net gain/ (loss) on fair value changes Net gain/(loss) on financial instrument fair value through profit or loss (FVTP Realised gain/ (loss) on securities held for trade (net) at FVTPL Realised gain/ (loss) on investments at FVTPL Unrealised gain/(loss) on Securities at FVTPL T Others	s at L) or	717.60 719.75 (168.42)	(229.43) 4,294.28 752.70 4,817.55
	Net gain/ (loss) on fair value changes Net gain/(loss) on financial instrument fair value through profit or loss (FVTP Realised gain/ (loss) on securities held for trade (net) at FVTPL Realised gain/ (loss) on investments at FVTPL Unrealised gain/(loss) on Securities at FVTPL	s at L) or	717.60 719.75 (168.42)	(229.43) 4,294.28 752.70
	Net gain/ (loss) on fair value changes Net gain/(loss) on financial instrument fair value through profit or loss (FVTP Realised gain/ (loss) on securities held for trade (net) at FVTPL Realised gain/ (loss) on investments at FVTPL Unrealised gain/(loss) on Securities at FVTPL Cothers Reversal of provision for diminution in va of Investments Income from AIF Investments	s at L) or	717.60 719.75 (168.42) 1,268.94 - 18.92	(229.43) 4,294.28 752.70 4,817.55 13.05
	Net gain/ (loss) on fair value changes Net gain/(loss) on financial instrument fair value through profit or loss (FVTP Realised gain/ (loss) on securities held for trade (net) at FVTPL Realised gain/ (loss) on investments at FVTPL Unrealised gain/(loss) on Securities at FVTPL Others Reversal of provision for diminution in va of Investments Income from AIF Investments Advisory fees	s at L) or Cotal	717.60 719.75 (168.42) 1,268.94 - 18.92 0.10	(229.43) 4,294.28 752.70 4,817.55 13.05 4.04
	Net gain/ (loss) on fair value changes Net gain/(loss) on financial instrument fair value through profit or loss (FVTP Realised gain/ (loss) on securities held for trade (net) at FVTPL Realised gain/ (loss) on investments at FVTPL Unrealised gain/(loss) on Securities at FVTPL Others Reversal of provision for diminution in va of Investments Income from AIF Investments Advisory fees	s at L) or	717.60 719.75 (168.42) 1,268.94 - 18.92 0.10	(229.43) 4,294.28 752.70 4,817.55 13.05
(iv)	Net gain/ (loss) on fair value changes Net gain/(loss) on financial instrument fair value through profit or loss (FVTP Realised gain/ (loss) on securities held for trade (net) at FVTPL Realised gain/ (loss) on investments at FVTPL Unrealised gain/(loss) on Securities at FVTPL Others Reversal of provision for diminution in va of Investments Income from AIF Investments Advisory fees	s at L) or Cotal	717.60 719.75 (168.42) 1,268.94 - 18.92 0.10	(229.43) 4,294.28 752.70 4,817.55 13.05 4.04
	Net gain/ (loss) on fair value changes Net gain/(loss) on financial instrument fair value through profit or loss (FVTP Realised gain/ (loss) on securities held for trade (net) at FVTPL Realised gain/ (loss) on investments at FVTPL Unrealised gain/ (loss) on Securities at FVTPL Unrealised gain/ (loss) on Securities at FVTPL Others Reversal of provision for diminution in va of Investments Income from AIF Investments Advisory fees	s at L) or Fotal lue	717.60 719.75 (168.42) 1,268.94 - 18.92 0.10	(229.43) 4,294.28 752.70 4,817.55 13.05 4.04
(iv)	Net gain/ (loss) on fair value changes Net gain/(loss) on financial instrument fair value through profit or loss (FVTP Realised gain/ (loss) on securities held for trade (net) at FVTPL Realised gain/ (loss) on investments at FVTPL Unrealised gain/ (loss) on Securities at FVTPL Torrealised gain/ (loss) on Securities at FVTPL Unrealised gain/ (loss) on Securities at FVTPL Torrealised gain/ (loss) on Securities at FVTPL Unrealised gain/ (loss) on Securities at FVTPL Torrealised gain/ (loss) on Securities at	s at L) or Fotal lue	717.60 719.75 (168.42) 1,268.94 - 18.92 0.10 19.02 5.91	(229.43) 4,294.28 752.70 4,817.55 13.05 4.04 17.09
(iv)	Net gain/ (loss) on fair value changes Net gain/(loss) on financial instrument fair value through profit or loss (FVTP Realised gain/ (loss) on securities held for trade (net) at FVTPL Realised gain/ (loss) on investments at FVTPL Unrealised gain/ (loss) on Securities at FVTPL Others Reversal of provision for diminution in va of Investments Income from AIF Investments Advisory fees T Profit on derecognition of Property, plant a equipment Interest on Income tax refund	s at L) or Fotal lue	717.60 719.75 (168.42) 1,268.94 - 18.92 0.10 19.02 5.91 1.55	(229.43) 4,294.28 752.70 4,817.55 13.05 4.04
(iv)	Net gain/ (loss) on fair value changes Net gain/(loss) on financial instrument fair value through profit or loss (FVTP Realised gain/ (loss) on securities held for trade (net) at FVTPL Realised gain/ (loss) on investments at FVTPL Unrealised gain/ (loss) on Securities at FVTPL Torrealised gain/ (loss) on Securities at FVTPL Unrealised gain/ (loss) on Securities at FVTPL Torrealised gain/ (loss) on Securities at FVTPL Unrealised gain/ (loss) on Securities at FVTPL Torrealised gain/ (loss) on Securities at	s at L) or Fotal lue	717.60 719.75 (168.42) 1,268.94 - 18.92 0.10 19.02 5.91	(229.43) 4,294.28 752.70 4,817.55 13.05 4.04 17.09
(iv)	Net gain/ (loss) on fair value changes Net gain/(loss) on financial instrument fair value through profit or loss (FVTP Realised gain/ (loss) on securities held for trade (net) at FVTPL Realised gain/(loss) on investments at FVTPL Unrealised gain/(loss) on Securities at FVTPL Others Reversal of provision for diminution in va of Investments Income from AIF Investments Advisory fees T Profit on derecognition of Property, plant a equipment Interest on Income tax refund Unwinding of security deposit Miscellaneous Income	s at L) or Fotal lue	717.60 719.75 (168.42) 1,268.94 - 18.92 0.10 19.02 5.91 1.55 0.02 0.12	(229.43) 4,294.28 752.70 4,817.55 13.05 4.04 17.09
(iv) 21	Net gain/ (loss) on fair value changes Net gain/(loss) on financial instrument fair value through profit or loss (FVTP Realised gain/ (loss) on securities held for trade (net) at FVTPL Realised gain/ (loss) on investments at FVTPL Unrealised gain/ (loss) on Securities at FVTPL Unrealised gain/ (loss) on Securities at FVTPL Unrealised gain/ (loss) on Securities at FVTPL Unrealised gain/ (loss) on Securities at FVTPL Unrealised gain/ (loss) on Securities at FVTPL Unrealised gain/ (loss) on Securities at FVTPL Unrealised gain/ (loss) on Securities at FVTPL Unrealised gain/ (loss) on Securities at FVTPL Unrealised gain/ (loss) on Securities at FVTPL Unrealised gain/ (loss) on Securities at FVTPL Thread the securities at the securities at FVTPL Thread the securities at the securi	s at L) or Fotal lue	717.60 719.75 (168.42) 1,268.94 - 18.92 0.10 19.02 5.91 1.55 0.02 0.12	(229.43) 4,294.28 752.70 4,817.55 13.05 - 4.04 17.09
(iv)	Net gain/ (loss) on fair value changes Net gain/(loss) on financial instrument fair value through profit or loss (FVTP Realised gain/ (loss) on securities held for trade (net) at FVTPL Realised gain/ (loss) on investments at FVTPL Unrealised gain/ (loss) on Securities at FVTPL Others Reversal of provision for diminution in va of Investments Income from AIF Investments Advisory fees T Profit on derecognition of Property, plant at equipment Interest on Income tax refund Unwinding of security deposit Miscellaneous Income	s at L) or Fotal lue	717.60 719.75 (168.42) 1,268.94 - 18.92 0.10 19.02 5.91 1.55 0.02 0.12	(229.43) 4,294.28 752.70 4,817.55 13.05 - 4.04 17.09
(iv) 21	Net gain/ (loss) on fair value changes Net gain/(loss) on financial instrument fair value through profit or loss (FVTP Realised gain/ (loss) on securities held for trade (net) at FVTPL Realised gain/ (loss) on investments at FVTPL Unrealised gain/ (loss) on Securities at FVTPL Unrealised gain/ (loss) on Securities at FVTPL Unrealised gain/ (loss) on Securities at FVTPL Unrealised gain/ (loss) on Securities at FVTPL Unrealised gain/ (loss) on Securities at FVTPL Unrealised gain/ (loss) on Securities at FVTPL Unrealised gain/ (loss) on Securities at FVTPL Unrealised gain/ (loss) on Securities at FVTPL Unrealised gain/ (loss) on Securities at FVTPL Unrealised gain/ (loss) on Securities at FVTPL Thread the securities at the securities at FVTPL Thread the securities at the securi	s at L) or Fotal lue	717.60 719.75 (168.42) 1,268.94 - 18.92 0.10 19.02 5.91 1.55 0.02 0.12	(229.43) 4,294.28 752.70 4,817.55 13.05 - 4.04 17.09
(iv) 21	Net gain/ (loss) on fair value changes Net gain/(loss) on financial instrument fair value through profit or loss (FVTP Realised gain/ (loss) on securities held for trade (net) at FVTPL Realised gain/ (loss) on investments at FVTPL Unrealised gain/ (loss) on Securities at FVTPL Unrealised gain/ (loss) on Securities at FVTPL Unrealised gain/ (loss) on Securities at FVTPL Unrealised gain/ (loss) on Securities at FVTPL Unrealised gain/ (loss) on Securities at FVTPL Unrealised gain/ (loss) on Securities at FVTPL Unrealised gain/ (loss) on Securities at FVTPL The Others Reversal of provision for diminution in value of Investments Income from AIF Investments Advisory fees The Profit on derecognition of Property, plant at equipment Interest on Income tax refund Unwinding of security deposit Miscellaneous Income The Security deposit On financial liabilities measured at amortised cost: Interest on borrowings	s at L) or Fotal lue	717.60 719.75 (168.42) 1,268.94 - 18.92 0.10 19.02 5.91 1.55 0.02 0.12 7.60	(229.43) 4,294.28 752.70 4,817.55 13.05 - 4.04 17.09
(iv) 21	Net gain/ (loss) on fair value changes Net gain/(loss) on financial instrument fair value through profit or loss (FVTP Realised gain/ (loss) on securities held for trade (net) at FVTPL Realised gain/ (loss) on investments at FVTPL Unrealised gain/(loss) on Securities at FVTPL Others Reversal of provision for diminution in va of Investments Income from AIF Investments Advisory fees T Profit on derecognition of Property, plant a equipment Interest on Income tax refund Unwinding of security deposit Miscellaneous Income T Finance Costs On financial liabilities measured at amortised cost:	s at L) or Fotal lue	717.60 719.75 (168.42) 1,268.94 - 18.92 0.10 19.02 5.91 1.55 0.02 0.12 7.60	(229.43) 4,294.28 752.70 4,817.55 13.05 - 4.04 17.09 - 15.80 - 15.80

78.87

366.02

Total

84.28

280.80

Other financial charges



		~ • ==========	2 1 11 (111 (01
			(Rs. in Lakhs)
•••		31 March 2023	31 March 2022
23	Fees and commision expense		
	Commission and sub-brokerage	0.59	
	Tota	0.59	5.08
24	Impairment / (Reversal of Impairment) on		
24	financial instruments		
	At amortised cost		
	Loan- standard assets	0.42	30.96
	Loan- Credit impaired assets	260.00	(670.00)
	Trade receivables	-	80.00
	Bad Debts/Loan Written off	8.23	900.00
		268.65	340.96
25	Employee benefits expense		
	Salaries and other allowances *	328.08	
	Contribution to provident and other funds	2.84	
	Staff welfare expenses	0.67	
	Gratuity expense	1.70	
	Tota		953.85
	* For related party transactions Refer note 36		
26	Depreciation, amortisation and impairment	ŀ	
20	Depreciation on property, plant and equipment		3.90
	Depreciation on Right of use assets	1.99	
	Tota		
27	Other expenses*		
	Rent	20.36	37.45
	Rates and taxes	22.88	
	Repairs and maintenance - Others	3.20	
	Communication expenses	5.21	
	Printing and stationery	2.00	
	Directors sitting fees	10.00	
	Payments to auditors (Refer note 32)	13.86	
	Legal and professional charges	74.03	
	Electricity expenses Travelling and Conveyance expenses	2.98 9.48	
	Corporate Social responsibility expenses	9.48	
	(Refer note 41)	84.00	45.00
	Loss in F and O Trading	8.19	-
	Donation		75.00
	Miscellaneous expenses	6.39	26.77
	Tota		
	* For related party transactions Refer note 36		
28	Tax Expense		
	•		
(a)	The major components of income tax for t		ider:
	Income tax related to items recognised directl	y in the statement	@ • I U \
	of profit and loss		(Rs. in Lakhs)
		31 March 2023	31 March 2022
	Current tax		
	Current tax on profits for the year -current	293.66	728.74
	year		
	- earlier year	(6.07)	-
	Deferred tax (Credit) / Charge		
	Depreciation and amortisation	(13.31)	14.03
	Fair valuation of Financial Instruments	(13.34)	(340.31)
	Right of use assets	(0.04)	-
	Preliminary Expenses as per section 35D	1.52	(1.52)
	Unabsorbed depreciation and business losses	(4.73)	(1.48)
	Allowances for credit losses	(59.34)	134.49
	Total	201.94	533.95
	Effective tax rate #	12.74%	12.74%
		. ,•	. ,•

 $\#\,A$ reconciliation of income tax expense applicable to profit before income tax at statutory rate to the income tax expense at group's effective income tax rate for the year ended 31 March 2023

Deferred tax related to items recognised in the other comprehensive income (OCI) during the year

	31 March 2023 31 Ma	arch 2022
Fair value change on equity instruments through other comprehensive income	43.92	25.41
Deferred tax charged to OCI	43.92	25.41

(b) Reconciliation of tax expense and the accounting profit multiplied by tax rate:

	31 March 2023 31 1	March 2022
Accounting Profit/(Loss) before tax	1,585.68	4,190.37
Income tax expense calculated at corporate tax rate	399.08	1,054.63
Tax effect on non-deductible expenses and unabsorbed losses	(34.67)	(268.97)
Effect of exempt income and income tax at Lower rates and unabsorbed losses	(156.40)	(251.71)
Earlier year tax	(6.07)	-
Tax expense recognized in the statement of profit and loss	201.94	533.95

The applicable tax rate is the standard effective corporate income tax rate in India. The tax rate is 25.168 % for the year ended 31 March 2023 and 25.168 % for the year ended 31 March 2022 .

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset where the Group has a legally enforceable right to do so. For analysis of the deferred tax balances (after offset) for financial reporting purposes refer note 16.

(c) Deferred tax relates to the following:

Reconciliation of deferred tax (assets) / liabilities net:	31 March 2023	31 March 2022
Opening balance	550.22	-
Depreciation and amortisation	-13.31	14.03
Fair valuation of Financial Instruments	(53.68)	704.14
Allowances for credit losses	(59.34)	(164.94)
Preliminary Expenses as per section 35D	1.52	(1.52)
Unabsorbed depreciation and business losses	s (4.73)	(1.48)
Right of use assets	(0.04)	-
Total	420.66	550.22

Deferred tax recognized in statement of profit or loss

For the year ended	31 March 2023 3	31 March 2022
Fair valuation of Financial Instruments	9.76	(109.08)
Allowances for credit losses	59.34	314.90
Depreciation and amortisation	13.31	(14.03)
Preliminary Expenses as per section 35D	1.52	1.52
Unabsorbed depreciation and business losses	s (4.73)	1.48
Right of use assets	(0.04)	-
Total	79.16	194.79

Deferred tax recognized in statement of Other Comprehensive Income

For the year ended	31 March 2023 31 M	larch 2022
Fair valuation of Financial Instruments	(43.92)	(25.41)
Total	(43.92)	(25.41)

NOTES FORMING PART OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH, 2023

(d) Unused tax losses

The Group has unused tax business losses of (Rs. Nil); (2022: Rs. 1,298.67 Lakhs). The losses are available for offsetting for eight years against future taxable income of the Group. Deferred tax assets has been not recognised in respect of these unused tax losses in absence of convincing evidence to generate sufficient future taxable profits.

(e) The Group does not have any unrecorded transaction as that have been surrenderred or disclosed as income during the year in the tax assessment under income Tax Act, 1961.

29 Leases

For short-term leases (lease term of 12 months or less) and leases of low-value assets, the Group has opted to recognise a lease expense on a straight-line basis as permitted by Ind AS 116. This expense is presented within 'other expenses' forming part of the Financial Statements.

Disclosure under IND AS 116

Right of Use Asset- Office premises (ROU)

 ROU asset' comprises leased assets of office/branch premises that do not meet the definition of investment property.

	(Rs. in Lakhs)	
	31 March 2023 31 M	1arch 2022
Opening Balance	-	-
Additions during the year	13.02	-
Deletion during the year (Net)	-	-
Depreciation during the year	1.99	-
Closing Balance	11.03	-
The aggregate depreciation expense of	on right-of-use asset is inc	luded under

depreciation and amortisation expense in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

b) The following is the break-up of current and non-current lease liabilities

	31 March 2023 31 March 2	2022
Current	4.64	-
Non current	6.57	-
Closing Balance	11.21	-

c) The following is the movement in lease liabilities

31 March 2023 31 March 2022		
Opening Balance	-	-
Additions during the year	12.90	-
Finance cost incurred during the year	0.53	-
Payment of lease liabilities	2.23	-
Closing Balance	11.21	-

d) Lease liabilities Maturity Analysis

	31 March 2023
Maturity analysis - contractual undiscounted cash flow	s
Less than one year	4.92
One to five years	7.56
More than five years	-
Total undiscounted lease liabilities at 31 March 2023	12.48

e) Lease rentals of Rs.20.36 lakhs (2022- Rs.37.45 Lakhs) pertaining to short term leases and low value asset has been charged to statement of profit and loss

30 Contingent Liabilities and Litigations

a) Against a penalty order (for 2023 Rs 180 Lakhs) (for 2022: Rs 180 Lakhs) received from the Enforcement Directorate in respect of a matter which arose in 1996 pertaining to the erstwhile money changing division of the Group, the Group has preferred an appeal in the Honorable Madras High Court. The Group has provided a bank guarantee in the form of fixed deposit with bank to cover the demand. The matter is pending. The Management is of the opinion that a cash outflow is unlikely and therefore no provision is considered necessary.

b) State Bank of India obtained an order from Debt Recovery Tribunal (DRT), Bangalore against Kingfisher Airlines, United Breweries (Holdings) Ltd and Others for recovery of dues from them. In the earlier years, the Group received a garnishee order from the Recovery Officer, DRT, Bangalore claiming Rs. (2023 : Rs 2,500 lakhs (plus interest) (2022: 2,500 lakhs Plus Interest) as the financial statements of Kingfisher Finvest Limited (Lender) reflected the amount due from the Group. The Group has contested the claim and deposited Rs. 1,126.22 Lakhs .The matter is presently pending before the Debt Recovery Appellate Tribunal, Chennai.

Other Litigations

- c) A winding up petition filed by the Group against a borrower has been admitted by the Honourable High court of Mumbai. The recovery if any will be accounted for when the money is received from official Liquidator.
- d) The Group has filed an arbitration case (2023 : Rs. 26.18 Lakhs) (2022 : Rs. 26.18 Lakhs) against borrowers for which it has received a favourable award from the arbitrators. The opposing parties have filed an appeal in the Honourable High court of Mumbai for which the matter is pending.
- e) The Department of Company Affairs had filed a complaint in the Small Causes Court, Mumbai against, the Group, its Directors and the KMPs for non filing of information in Form INV5 in respect of Unclaimed Dividend as on 31 March 2013. Though the Group has already filed the Form, The Group and Others have made an application for compounding with the Regional Director. During the year the matter was compounded on payment of compounding fees and accordingly the case is disposed off and proceeding is closed by the said court. Litigation

The Group has filed various cases for recovery of dues and suits are pending in various courts/tribunals. The Group has engaged advocates to protect the interest of the Group and expects favourable decision.

(i) Capital Commitments

During the year ended 31 March 2020, the Group has entered into an memorandum of understanding to contribute in capital amounting to Rs. 500 Lakhs and Group has already paid amounting to Rs. 331.25 Lakhs (2022 : 268.75 Lakhs) and remaining uncalled amount on investments is Rs. 168.75 Lakhs (2022 : 231.25 lakhs).

31 Segment Informations

Disclosure under Indian Accounting Standard 108 – 'Operating Segments' is not given as, in the opinion of the management, the entire business activity falls under one segment, viz., Investment and financing activities . Group conducts its business only in one Geographical Segment, viz., India.

32 Payment to Auditors

	(Rs. in Lakhs)	
	31 March 2023 31 M	arch 2022
Audit fees	10.00	10.00
Tax Audit Fees	1.00	-
Other matters	0.86	0.45
Subsidiary Company		
Audit fees including Limited Review fees	2.00	0.59
Total	13.86	11.04

33 Micro, small and medium enterprises

a) Group has no outstanding dues to party related to Micro, Small and Medium enterprises as at 31 March 2023: Nil 31 March 2022 : Nil on the basis of information provided by the parties and available on record. Further, there is no interest paid / payable to micro and small enterprises during the year.

Trade payables and other payables include amount payable to Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises. Under the Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises Development Act, 2006, (MSMEDA) which came into force from 02 October , 2006, certain disclosures are required to be made relating to Micro, Small and Medium enterprises. On the basis of the information and records available with the management, the following disclosures are made for the amounts due to the Micro, Small and Medium enterprises, who have registered with the competent authorities.

	(113:	in Lakhs)
	31 March 2023 31 Ma	arch 2022
Principal amount remaining unpaid to an supplier as at the year end	у -	-
Interest due thereon	-	-
Amount of interest paid by Group in term of section 16 of the MSMEDA, along with	h	
the amount of the payment made to the supplier beyond the appointed day during the accounting year		
Amount of interest due and payable for the year of delay in making payment (whice have been paid but beyond the appointed day during the year) but without adding the interest specified under the MSMEDA	h d	-
Amount of interest accrued and remainin unpaid at the end of the accounting year	g -	-
The amount of further interest remaining du and payable even in the succeeding year until such date when the interest dues abov are actually paid to the small enterprise, for the purpose of disallowance of a deductible expenditure under section 23 of the Micro Small and Medium Enterprises Developmet	s, e or e o,	-

Group has compiled the relevent information from its suppliers about their coverage under the Micro, Small and Medium Enterperises Development Act, 2006 (MSMED Act).

(b) Trade Payables ageing schedule for the year ended 31st March 2023

					(Rs. i	n Lakhs)
Particulars	Outstar	nding for fo	llowing pof payme		m due date	
	Not Due	Less than 1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	Total
(i) MSME						-
(ii) Others	43.64	4 -				43.64
(iii) Disputed dues MSME					-	-
(iv) Disputed dues - Others					-	-

There is no outstanding trade payable as at 31 March 2022 .

34 Financial Instruments

a) Market risk:

Market risk is the risk that the fair value of future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market prices. Market risk comprises three types of risk: interest rate risk, foreign currency risk and other price risk such as equity price risk. Financial instruments affected by market risk include loans and borrowings, deposits, other financial instruments.

1 Interest rate risk:

Interest rate risk can be either fair value interest rate risk or cash flow interest rate risk. Fair value interest rate risk is the risk of changes in fair value of fixed interest bearing investments because of fluctuations in the interest rates. Cash flow interest rate risk is the risk that future cash flows of floating interest bearing investments will vary because of fluctuations in interest rates.

The Group's exposure to the risk of changes in market interest rates relates primarily to the Group's short-term loan from banks.

Interest rate risk exposure

		(Rs. in Lakhs)
	As at 31 March 2023	As at 31 March 2022
Variable rate borrowings *	8,510.87	4,629.42
*The above figures doesnot include amount due from other parties in the absence of term sheet and confirmation. Refer note 30 (b)		

The following table demonstrates the sensitivity to a reasonably possible change in interest rates on that portion of loans and borrowings affected. With all other variables held constant, the Group's profit before tax is affected through the impact of change in interest rate of borrowings, as follows:

		(Rs. in Lakhs)
	Increase / E decrease in basis points	Effect on Profit before tax
As at 31 March 2023	+ 50 / - 50	42.55
As at 31 March 2022	+ 50 / - 50	23.15

2) Equity Price Risk :

The Group's quoted equity investments carry a risk of change in prices. To manage its price risk arising from investments in equity securities, the Group periodically monitors the sectors it has invested in, performance of the investee companies, measures mark-to-market gains/losses. The fair value of some of the Group investments exposes the Group to equity price risk.

3) Foreign currency risk:

The Group does not have any foreign currency risk. Hence no sensitivity analysis is required

4) Credit Risk:

Credit risk is the risk that the Group will incur a loss because its Loans and receivable fail to discharge their contractual obligations. The Group has a framework for monitoring credit quality of its Loans and receivables based on days past due monitoring at period end. Repayment by individual Loans and receivables are tracked regularly and required steps for recovery are taken through follow ups and legal recourse. Credit risk arises from loans and advances, receivables , cash and cash equivalents, and deposits with banks .

Credit risk is the risk of financial loss to the Group if a customer or counterparty to a financial instrument fails to meet its contractual obligations, and arises principally from the Group's Loans and advances, receivables, cash and cash equivalents,deposits with banks and investments.

The Group measures the expected credit loss of Loans and receivables based on historical trend, industry practices and the business environment in which the entity operates. Expected Credit Loss is based on actual credit loss experienced and past trends based on the historical data.

(i) Credit risk management

Group considers probability of default upon initial recognition of asset and whether there has been any significant increase in credit risk on an ongoing basis throughout each reporting period. To assess whether there is a significant increase in credit risk. Group compares the risk of default occurring on the asset as at the reporting date with the risk of default as at the date of initial recognition. It considers available reasonable and supportive forward-looking information.

Definition of Default

A default on a financial asset is when the counterparty fails to make contractual payments within 90 days of when they fall due. This definition of default is determined by considering the business environment in which NBFC operates and other macro-economic factors.

For Trade receivables, definition of default has been considered at 360 days past due after looking at the historical trend of receiving the payments.

Provision for expected credit losses

The Group classifies its financial assets in three stages having the following characteristics :



Stage 1 :- Unimpaired and without significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition on which a 12 months allowance for ECL is recognised ; Stage 2 :- a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition on which a lifetime ECL is recognised ; and

Stage 3 :-Objective evidence of impairment, and are therefore considered to be in default or otherwise credit impaired on which lifetime ECL is recognised.

Unless identified at an earlier stage, all financial assets are deemed to have suffered a significant increase in credit risk when they are 30 days past due (DPD) on the reporting date and are accordingly transferred from stage 1 to stage 2. For Stage 1 an ECL allowance is calculated on a 12 months point in time probability weighted probability of default. For stage 2 and 3 assets a life time ECL is calculated on a lifetime probability of default

		(Rs. in Lakhs)
Trade Receivables	31 March 2023	31 March 2022
More than Six months	150.00	250.00
Others	0.22	4.50
Total	150.22	254.50

		(Rs. in Lakhs)
	As at 31 March 2023	As at 31 March 2022
Movement in allowance for credit loss during the year is as follows :		
Opening Balance	80.00	-

 Add :- Provided during the year
 80.00

 Less :- Reversal during the year

 Balance as at 31 March
 80.00
 80.00

 Net Trade receivable
 70.22
 174.50

Credit risk on cash and cash equivalents is limited as the Group generally invest in deposits with banks with high credit ratings assigned by credit rating agencies. Investments primarily include investment in Securities.

b) Liquidity Risk:

Liquidity risk refers to the risk that the Group cannot meet its financial obligations. The Group principal source of liquidity are cash and cash equivalents and the cash flow i.e. generated from operations. The Group consistently generated strong cash flows from operations which together with the available cash and cash equivalents and current investment provides adequate liquidity in short terms as well in the long term.

The table below provides details regarding the contractual maturities of financial liabilities including estimated interest payments as at :

				(1	Rs. in Lakhs)
	Carrying		31 Mar	ch 2023	
	Amount /	Less than 1	2-5 years	More than	Total
	Fair value	year		5 years	
Financial Liabilities :					
Trade Payable	43.64	43.64	-	-	43.64
Lease Liabilities	11.21	4.64	6.57		11.21
Other payables	12.69	12.69	-	-	12.69
Other financial	118.50	118.50	-	-	118.50
liabilities					
Borrowings	12,107.52	12,107.52	-	-	12,107.52
	12,293.56	12,286.99	6.57	-	12,293.56

					Rs. in Lakhs)
	Carrying		31 Mar	ch 2022	
	Amount /	Less than 1	2-5 years	More than	Total
	Fair value	year		5 years	
Financial Liabilities :					
Other payables	6.96	6.96	-	-	6.96
Borrowings	8,226.07	8,226.07	-	-	8,226.07
Other financial	675.71	675.71	-	-	675.71
liabilities					
	8,908.74	8,908.74	-	-	8,908.74

ii) Capital Management

For the purpose of Group capital management, capital includes issued capital and other equity reserves. The primary objective of the Group Capital Management is to maximize shareholder value. The group manages its capital structure and makes adjustments in the light of changes in economic environment and the requirements of the financial covenants.

The Group monitors capital using gearing ratio, which is Net debt divided by total capital.

		(Rs. in Lakhs)
	As at 31 March 2023	As at 31 March 2022
Gross debt	12,107.52	8,226.07
Less: Cash and cash equivalents	767.39	2,085.86
Net debt	11,340.13	6,140.21
Total equity	29,685.69	28,930.61
Total capital	41,025.82	35,070.82
Gearing ratio	27.64%	17.51%

No changes were made in the objectives, policies or processes for managing capital during the years ended 31 March 2023 and 31 March 2022.

iii) Categories of financial instruments and fair value thereof

	As	at 31 March	2023	As	As at 31 March 2022		
	FVTOCI	FVTPL	Amortised Cost	FVTOCI	FVTPL	Amortised Cost	
A) Financial							
assets (other than							
investment in							
subsidiaries)							
Cash and cash	-	-	767.39	-	-	2,085.86	
equivalents							
Bank Balance other	-	-	3,519.65	-	-	2,803.24	
than Cash and cash							
equivalents							
Trade receivables	-	-	70.22	-	-	174.50	
Loans	-	-	11,598.20		-	12,987.09	
Investments	9,223.35	15,392.30	-	5,939.94	12,279.05		
Other financial	-	-	322.84	-	-	593.07	
assets							
Total financial	9,223.35	15,392.30	16,278.30	5,939.94	12,279.05	18,643.76	
assets							
	Asa	at 31 March	2023	As	at 31 March	2022	
B) Financial	FVTOCI	FVTPL	Amortised	FVTOCI	FVTPL	Amortised	
liabilities			Cost			Cost	
Trade payables	-	-	43.64	-	-		
Lease Liabilities	-	-	11.21		-		
Other Payables	-	-	12.69	-	-	6.96	
Borrowings	-	-	12,107.52	-	-	8,226.07	
Other financial		-	118.50	-	-	675.71	
liabilities							
Total financial	-	-	12,293.56	-	-	8,908.74	
liabilities							

The management assessed that cash and cash equivalents and bank balances, trade receivables, other financial assets, certain investments, trade payables and other current liabilities approximate their fair value largely due to the short-term maturities of these instruments. Difference between carrying amount and fair value of bank deposits, other financial assets, other financial liabilities and borrowings subsequently measured at amortised cost is not significant in each of the year presented.

iv Fair value hierarchy

The following table provides the fair value measurment hierarchy of the Group assets and liabilities.

i.

Disclosures of fair value measurement hiererchy for assets and liabilities as at 31 March 2023

				(Rs	s. in Lakhs)
Financial assets		As a	t 31 March 2	2023	
	Carrying	Fair value	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3
	Value				
Financial assets measured at FVTOCI					
Investments	9,223.35	9,223.35	745.68	-	8,477.67
Financial assets measured at FVTPL					
Investments	15,392.30	15,392.30	6,480.52	8,489.58	422.19
Total	24,615.65	24,615.65	7,226.20	8,489.58	8,899.87

				(R	s. in Lakhs)
Financial assets		As a	t 31 March 2	2022	
	Carrying Value	Fair value	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3
Financial assets measured at FVTOCI					
Investments	5,939.94	5,939.94	495.02	-	5,444.92
Financial assets measured at FVTPL					
Investments	12,279.05	12,279.05	6,220.10	5,495.21	563.73
Total	18,218.99	18,218.99	6,715.12	5,495.21	6,008.65

Fair Value Hierarchy :

- a) Investments included in Level 1 of fair value hierarchy are based on prices quoted in stock exchange and/ or NAV declared by the funds.
- b) Investments included in Level 2 of fair value hierarchy have been valued based on inputs from banks and other recognised institutions such as FIMMDA/ FEDAI
- c) Investments included in Level 3 of fair value hierarchy have been valued using acceptable valuation techniques such as Net Asset Value and/ or Discounted Cash Flow Method.

Note : All financial instruments for which fair value is recognised or disclosed are categorised within the Fair Value Hierarchy described as above, based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement as a whole. Foreign currency risk:

The Group enters into transactions in currency other than its functional currency and is therefore exposed to foreign currency risk. The Group analyses currency risk as to which balances outstanding in currency other than the functional currency of that Group. The management has taken a position not to hedge this currency risk.

The Group undertakes transactions denominated in foreign currencies, consequently, exposures to exchange rate fluctuations arise. Exchange rate exposures are not hedged considering the insignificant impact and period involved on such exposure.

The Group does not have any foreign currency risk. Hence No sensitivity anlaysis is required.

35 Employee benefit plans

A Gratuity and other post employment benefit plans

The Group has a gratuity plan for its employee's which is governed by the Payment of Gratuity Act, 1972. The gratuity benefit payable to the employees of the Group is greater of the provisions of the Payment of Gratuity Act, 1972 and the Group's gratuity scheme. Employees who are in continuous service for a period of 5 years are eligible for gratuity. The level of benefits provided depends on the employee's length of service, managerial grade and salary at retirement age. The gratuity plan is a funded plan of the holding Company and the holding Company makes contributions to approved gratuity fund. Subsidiary Company plan is a non funded plan.

The disclosures of employee benefits as defined in the Ind AS 19 "Employee Benefits" are given below:

a Details of post retirement gratuity plan are as follows:

Expenses recognised during the year in the statement of profit and loss

		(Rs. in Lakhs)
	31 March 2023	31 March 2022
Current service cost	1.70	1.78
Interest cost (net)	(2.78)	(3.26)
Past Service cost	-	-
Net expenses	(1.08)	(1.48)

II Expenses recognised during the year in other comprehensive income (OCI)

		(Rs. in Lakhs)
	31 March 2023	31 March 2022
Actuarial (Gain)/Loss recognized for the period	(0.76)	13.62
Return on Plan Assets excluding net interest	0.83	0.44
Unrecognized Actuarial (Gain)/Loss from previous period	-	-
Recognised during the year	0.08	14.06

III Net liability recognised in the balance sheet

		(Rs. in Lakhs)
	31 March 2023	31 March 2022
Fair value of plan assets	99.22	92.62
Present value of obligation	58.63	54.01
Liability / (Assets) recognized in balance sheet	(40.59)	(38.61)

IV Reconciliation of opening and closing balances of defined benefit obligation

(Rs. in Lakhs)

(Rs. In Laki		(KS. IN LAKNS)
	31 March 2023	31 March 2022
Defined benefit obligation as at the beginning of the year	54.01	71.18
Current Service Costs	1.70	1.78
Interest Costs	3.67	3.76
Benefit Paid	-	(36.35)
Actuarial (gain)/ loss on obligation	(0.77)	13.62
Defined benefit obligation at the end of the year	58.63	54.01

V Reconciliation of opening and closing balance of fair value of plan assets

		(Rs. in Lakhs)
	31 March 2023	31 March 2022
Fair value of plan assets at the beginning of the year	92.62	121.81
Adjustment to opening balance	0.01	0.00
Interest income	6.46	7.02
Contributions paid by employer	0.96	0.56
Benefits paid	-	(36.35)
Return on plan asset	(0.83)	(0.44)
Fair value of plan assets at year end	99.22	92.62

VI Actuarial Assumptions

		(Rs. in Lakhs)
	31 March 2023	31 March 2022
Discount rate (Per annum)	7.17%	7.05%
Rate of escalation in salary (per annum)	5.00%	5.00%
Attrition rate	PS: 0 to 10 :7%	PS: 0 to 10 :7%
	PS: 10 to 20 :0%	PS: 10 to 20 :0%
	PS: 20 to 52 :7%	PS: 20 to 52 :7%
Mortality Table	IALM(2012-14) ult	IALM(2012-14) ult

VII Quantitative Sensitivity Analysis

The key actuarial assumptions to which the benefit obligation results are particularly sensitive to are discount rate and future salary escalation rate. The following table summarizes the impact in percentage terms on the reported defined benefit obligation at the end of the reporting period arising on account of an increase or decrease in the reported assumption by 100 basis points

	(Rs. in Lakhs)	
	31 March 2023	31 March 2022
Projected benefit obligation on current assumptions		
Increase by 1% in Discount rate	55.74	51.14
Decrease by 1% in Discount rate	61.82	57.17
Increase by 1% in Rate of salary increase	60.73	55.96
Decrease by 1% in Rate of salary increase	56.61	52.16

VIII Maturity analysis of projected benefit obligation : from the fund

		(Rs. in Lakhs)
Projected benefits payable in future years from the date of reporting	31 March 2023	31 March 2022
1st Following Year	4.07	3.79
2nd Following Year	5.22	3.67
3rd Following Year	4.71	4.81
4th Following Year	18.23	4.38
5th Following Year	16.52	16.72
Sum of years 6 to 10	15.62	28.82

In case of Subsidiary

Expenses recognised during the year in the statement of profit and loss

		(Rs. in Lakhs)
	31 March 2023	31 March 2022
Current service cost	0.23	-
Interest cost (net)	-	-
Past Service cost	-	-
Net expenses	0.23	-

Expenses recognised during the year in other comprehensive income (OCI)

(Rs. in La		(Rs. in Lakhs)
	31 March 2023	31 March 2022
Actuarial (Gain)/Loss recognized for the period	-	-
Return on Plan Assets excluding net interest	-	-
Unrecognized Actuarial (Gain)/Loss from previous period	-	-
Recognised during the year	-	-

Net liability recognised in the balance sheet

	(Rs. in Lakhs)	
	31 March 2023	31 March 2022
Fair value of plan assets	-	-
Present value of obligation	0.23	-
Liability / (Assets) recognized in balance sheet	0.23	-

Reconciliation of opening and closing balances of defined benefit obligation

	(Rs. in Lakhs)	
	31 March 2023	31 March 2022
Defined benefit obligation as at the beginning of the year	-	-
Current Service Costs	0.23	
Interest Costs	-	.
Benefit Paid	-	
Actuarial (gain)/ loss on obligation	-	
Past service costs		
Defined benefit obligation at the end of the year	0.23	

	(Rs. in Lakhs)
31 March 2023	31 March 2022
7.45%	-
5.00%	-
7.00%	-
	7.45% 5.00%

Quantitative Sensitivity Analysis

The key actuarial assumptions to which the benefit obligation results are particularly sensitive to are discount rate and future salary escalation rate. The following table summarizes the impact in percentage terms on the reported defined benefit obligation at the end of the reporting period arising on account of an increase or decrease in the reported assumption by 100 basis points

		(Rs. in Lakhs)
	31 March 2023	31 March 2022
Projected benefit obligation on current assumptions		
Increase by 0.5 % in Discount rate	0.22	-
Decrease by 0.5% in Discount rate	0.24	-
Increase by 0.5 % in Rate of salary increase	0.24	-
Decrease by 0.5% in Rate of salary increase	0.22	-
Maturity analysis of projected benefi	t obligation : from	the fund
		(Rs. in Lakhs)
Projected benefits payable in future years from the date of reporting	31 March 2023	31 March 2022
1st Following Year	-	-
2nd Following Year	-	-
3rd Following Year	-	-
4th Following Year	-	-
5th Following Year	0.03	-
Sum of years 6 to 10	0.13	-

Notes:

(a) The current service cost recognized as an expense is included in the Note 25 'Employee benefits expense' as gratuity. The remeasurement of the net defined benefit liability is included in other comprehensive income.



- (b) The estimate of future salary increases considered in the actuarial valuation takes into account the rate of inflation, seniority, promotion and other relevant factors, such as supply and demand in the employment market.
- (c) Significant actuarial assumptions for the determination of the defined obligation are discount rate, expected salary increase and mortality. The sensitivity analysis above have been determined based on reasonably possible changes of the respective assumptions occurring at the end of the reporting period, while holding all other assumptions constant.

B Provident fund

A defined contribution plan is a post-employment benefit plan under which the Group pays fixed contributions and where there is no legal or constructive obligation to pay further contributions. During the year, the Group recognised expense of Rs. 2.83 Lakhs (2022: Rs. 2.34 lakhs) towards contribution made to provident fund under defined contribution plan.

36 Disclosure of transactions with related party as require by Ind AS 24

(i) List of related parties

Wholly owned Subsidiary Company

Bond Street Capital Private Limited (formerly known as Gayatri Cements & Chemicals Industries Private Limited).

Key Management Personnel	Nature of relationship
M.V Doshi	Executive Chairman & Managing Director
Sajid Mohamed	Independent Director
Pratik M. Doshi	Non-Executive Director
Dinesh Waghela	Non-Executive additional Director
Vineet N. Suchanti	Independent Director
Smt. Anjali Suresh	Independent Director
G B Innani	G.M Legal & Company Secretary
S S Gulati	Head - Corporate Affairs
Other related parties with wh	om transactions have taken place during the
year.	
LKP Securities Limited	

MKM Share & Stock Brokers Limited

Bhavana Holdings Private Limited

Alpha Commodity Private Limited

Sea Glimpse Investments Private Limited

Mapple Leaf Trading & Services Ltd (Formerly known as Keynote Commodities Limited)

L K Pandey

(ii) Transactions with Related parties:

		(Rs. in Lakhs)
	31 March 2023	31 March 2022
Remuneration to Key Management Personnel		
Key Management Personnel	200.54	347.69
Mahendra V Doshi	139.85	294.30
S.S. Gulati	38.86	34.65
Girish Inani	21.84	18.74
Interest Income	110.83	95.95
LKP Securities Limited	77.81	59.51
Mapple Leaf Trading & Services Ltd (Formerly known as Keynote Commodities Limited	33.02	22.23
Keynote Fincorp Limited	-	14.21
Rent paid		
LKP Securities Limited	0.35	0.45

	(Rs. in Lakhs)			
	31 March 2023	31 March 2022		
CSR Expenses				
Jayalaxmi Vasantrai Doshi Charitable Trust	-	20.50		
Brokerage and Depository Charges Paid				
LKP Securities Limited	36.22	82.11		
Loans/ other advances given	3,800.00	4,160.00		
LKP Securities Limited	3,200.00	3,700.00		
Mapple Leaf Trading & Services Ltd (Formerly known as Keynote Commodities Limited	400.00	460.00		
Sea Glimpse Investments Private Limited	200.00	-		
Repayment Received	3,652.50	4,128.80		
LKP Securities Limited	3,200.00	3,700.00		
Mapple Leaf Trading & Services Ltd (Formerly known as Keynote Commodities Limited	252.50	-		
Keynote Fincorp Limited	-	428.80		
Sea Glimpse Investments Private Limited	200.00	-		
Investment made				
LKP Securities Limited	500.00	-		
Mapple Leaf Trading & Services Ltd (Formerly known as Keynote Commodities Limited	200.00	-		
Provision for Impairment				
MKM Shares & Stock Brokers Limited	-	80.00		

		(Rs. in Lakhs)
Outstanding balance as on	31 March 2023	31 March 2022
Director Remuneration / Commission Payable	35.50	152.69
Mr M.V Doshi		
Loans given / Other Advances Including Interest)		
Mapple Leaf Trading & Services Ltd (Formerly known as Keynote Commodities Limited	440.62	460.00
Trade payables		
LKP Securities Limited	43.64	-
Trade Receivables		
MKM Share & Stock Brokers Limited	150.00	250.00
Investments		
LKP Securities Limited	745.68	487.53
Mapple Leaf Trading & Services Ltd (Formerly known as Keynote Commodities Limited)	200.00	-
Provision for Impairment		
MKM Shares & Stock Brokers Limited	80.00	80.00

*Closing balance of trade payable and trade receivable includes transaction pertaining to purchase and sale of securities in the ordinary course of business Transactions effected on exchange paltforms are not considered.

37 Earnings per share

	31 March 2023	31 March 2022
Profit/(Loss) after tax (Rs.)	1,387.33	3,656.42
Weighted average number of equity shares		
- for Basic Earnings per share	1,25,68,623	1,25,68,623
- for Diluted Earnings per share	1,25,68,623	1,25,68,623
Face value of equity share (Rs/ share)	10	10
Basic earnings per share (Rs.)	11.04	29.08
Diluted Earnings per share (Rs/ share)	11.04	29.08

38 Reconciliation between opening and closing balances in the balance sheet for liabilities arising from financing activities as required by Ind AS 7 "Statement of Cash Flows" is as under:

	As at 31	Cash Inflows	Cash outflo	Cash outflows		sh Changes	As at 31
	March 2022				Interest Accrued	Other Charges	March 2023
Borrowings	8,226.07	10,52,343.22	(10,48,461	.77)	-	-	12,107.52
	As at 31	Cash	Cash		Non Cast	Changes	As at 31
	March 2021	Inflows	outflows		nterest	Other Charges	March 2022
Borrowings	4,577.64	96,233.44	(92,585.00)		-	-	8,226.07

39 Disclosures as required by Ind AS 115

Revenue Consist of following

		(Rs. in Lakhs)
	31 March 2023	31 March 2022
Dividend Income	40.02	93.44
Net Gain/loss on sale of mutual fund & other investments	1,268.94	4,830.60
Income from AIF Unit	18.92	-
Advisory Fees	0.10	4.04
Total	1,327.97	4,928.08

Revenue Disaggregation by Industrial Vertical & Geography is as follows (Rs. in Lakhs)

Revenue by offerings	31 March 2023	31 March 2022
Financial Services/ India	1,327.97	4,928.08
Total	1,327.97	4,928.08

Timing of Revenue Recognition		(Rs. in Lakhs)
	31 March 2023	31 March 2022
Income accounted at point in time	1,327.97	4,928.08
Total	1,327.97	4,928.08

40 The Group, has no long-term contracts including derivative contracts having material foreseeable losses as at 31 March 2023 except below - Details of open interest (short) in Shares

	Qty.		Provision for market (loss	
	2023	2022	2023	2022
Name of Shares/ Securities				
Futstk Adani Ports 27 Apr 2023	1,00,000.00	-	(4,30,000.00)	
Total	1,00,000.00	-	(4,30,000.00)	

41 As per section 135 of the Companies Act, 2013, Rs. 83.95 lakhs (2022 : Rs. 45.00 lakhs) is required to be spent by the Group during the year ended 31 March 2023 on Corporate Social Responsibility (CSR).

		2023	2022
(i)	Amount required to be spent by the Group during the year	83.95	45.00
(ii)	Amount of expenditure incurred,	84.00	45.00
(iii)	Shortfall at the end of the year,	-	-
(iv)	Total of previous years shortfall,	Nil	Nil
(v)	Reason for shortfall,	N.A.	N.A
(vi)	Nature of CSR activities,	Upliftment of Eco- Socio Backward Society by providing Education and Self- Employment. Education activities and rural development	Education activities and rural development
(vii)	Details of related party transactions, e.g., contribution to a trust controlled by the Group in relation to CSR expenditure as per relevant Accounting Standard	-	Smt Jayalaxm Vasantrai Dosh Charitable Trus
(viii)	Where a provision is made with respect to a liability incurred by entering into a contractual obligation, the movements in the provision during the year shall be shown separately.	No Provision	No Provision

42 Dividend Recommendation:

The board proposed dividend on equity shares after the (Rs. in Lakhs) balance sheet date

	2023	2022
Proposed dividend on equity shares for the year ended on 31 March 2023 : Rupee 1/-per share (31 March 2022: Rs.3/-per share) (Face Value Rs.10/- per share)*	125.69	377.06

*Payment of the proposed dividend is subject to its approval by the shareholder, in the Annual General Meeting of the company .

There are no unclaimed dividend for a period of more than seven years. Further, there are no amounts due and outstanding to be credited to Investor's Education and Protection Fund as on 31 March 2023.

43 Struck of companies

There are no transactions during the year with struck off companies as at 31 March 2023

- 44 The Group has not traded or invested in crypto currency or Virtual currency during the year
- 45 No proceedings are initiated or pending against the Group for holding benami property under the Benami Transactions (Prohibition) Act, 1988 (45 of 1988)
- 46 During the year the Group has not advanced or loaned or invested funds (either borrowed funds or share premium or any other sources or kind of funds) to any other person or entity incuding foreign entities (intermediaries) with the understanding (whether recorded in writing or otherwise) that the intermediary



shall (i) directly or indirectly lend or invest in other person or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of Group (ultimate beneficaries) or (ii) provide any guarantee, security or the like to or behalf of the ultimate beneficaries.

47 During the year the Group has not received any fund from any person(s) or entity(ies) including foreign entities (funding party) with the understanding (ehether recorded in writing or otherwise) that the Compnay shall (i) directly or indirectly lendor invest in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the funding party (ultimate beneficaries) or (ii) provide any gurantee, security or the to or behalf of the (ultimate beneficaries) or (iii) provide any gurantee, security or the like to or on behalf of the ultimate beneficaries.

48 Financial Ratio

S. No.	Ratio	Numeractor	Denominetor	31 March 2023	31 March 2022	Variance (%)	Reason for variance more than 25%
1	Tier I Capital	Tier I Capital	Risk Weighted Assets	73.38	74.59	(1.62)	
2	Tier II Capital	Tier II Capital	Risk Weighted Assets	(0.14)	(0.14)	-	
3	CRAR	Tier I Capital + Tier II Capital	Risk Weighted Assets	73.24	74.74	(2.01)	
4	Liquidy Coverage Ratio	Cash and Cash Equivalent + Liqiud Assets*100	Financial Liabilities	128.01	143.76	(10.96)	

49 Balance Sheet of a non deposit taking non-banking Financial company (As required in terms of paragraph 13 of Non-Banking Financial (Non-Deposit Accepting or Holding) Companies Prudential Norms {Reserve Bank} Directions, 2007) pertaining to Holding Company LKP finance Limited.

Liabilities Side:

Li	abilities :		(Rs. in Lakhs)
1.	Loans and advances availed by the NBFCs inclusive of interest accrued thereon but not paid:	Amount outstanding	Amount overdue
	(a) Debentures : Secured	-	-
	: Unsecured		-
	(other than falling within the meaning of public deposits)		
	(b) Deferred Credits	-	-
	(c) Term Loans	-	-
	(d) Inter-corporate loans and borrowing	3,596.65	-
	(e) Commercial Paper	-	-
	(f) Public Deposits	-	-
	(g) Other Loans- Working Capital, Overdraft and cash credit	5,129.12	-
2.	Break-up of (1) (f) above (Outstanding public deposits inclusive of interest accrued thereon but not paid) :		
	(a) In the form of Unsecured debenture		
	(b) In the form of partly secured debenture i.e. debentures where there	-	
	is a shortfall in the value of security	-	
	(c) Other public deposits		

As	sets :	Amount outstanding
3.	Break-up of Loans and Advances including bills receivables [other than those included in (4) below]	
	(a) Secured	3,000.00
	(b) Unsecured	10,171.20
4.	Break up of Leased Assets and stock on hire and other assets counting towards AFC activities	1
	(i) Lease assets including lease rentals under sundry debtors :	
	(a) Financial lease	-
	(b) Operating lease	-
	(ii) Stock on hire including hire charges under sundry debtors:	
	(a) Assets on hire	-
	(b) Repossessed Assets	-
	(iii) Other loans counting towards AFC activities	
	(a) Loans where assets have been repossessed	-
	(b) Loans other than (a) above	-
5.	Break-up of Investments :	
	Current Investments :	
	Quoted :	
	(i) Shares : (a) Equity *	4,615.66
	(b) Preference	
	(ii) Debentures and Bonds*	4,913.82
	(iii) Units of mutual funds	1,568.31
	(iv) Government Securities	498.25
	(v) Others	
	Unquoted :	
	(i) Shares : (a) Equity	
	(b) Preference	10.00
	(ii) Debentures and Bonds	
	(iii) Units of mutual funds	-
	(iv) Government Securities	-
	(v) Others	
	Long Term Investments :	
	Quoted :	
	(i) Shares : (a) Equity	737.61
	(b) Preference	
	(ii) Debentures and Bonds	-
	(iii) Units of mutual funds	-
	(iv) Government Securities	-
	(v) Others	
	Unquoted :	
	(i) Shares : (a) Equity	7945.13
	(b) Preference	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,
	(ii) Debentures and Bonds	
	(iii) Units of mutual funds	
	(iv) Government Securities	
	(17) Soveriment Securities	

6. Borrower group-wise classification of assets financed as in (3) and (4) above :

Category	Amount net of provisions					
	Secured	Unsecured	Total			
Related Parties						
(a) Subsidiaries	-	-	-			
(b) Companies in the same group	Nil	-	-			
(c) Other related parties	Nil	586.50	586.50			
Other than related parties	Nil	9,584.70	9,584.70			
Total	Nil	10,171.20	10,171.20			

7. Investor group-wise classification of all investments (current and long term) in shares and securities (both quoted and unquoted):

		(Rs. in Lakhs)
Category	Market Value / Break up or fair value or NAV	Book Value (Net of Provisions)
1. Related Parties **		
(a) Subsidiaries [§]		
(b) Companies in the same group	42.89	42.89
(c) Other related parties	737.61	737.61
2. Other than related parties	19,930.46	19,930.46
	20,710.96	20,710.96

Reconciliation / movement for the year ended 31 March 2023

8. Other Information

	(Rs. in Lakhs)
(i) Gross Non-Performing Assets	
(a) Related parties	-
(b) Other than related parties	760.00
(ii) Net Non-Performing Assets	
(a) Related parties	-
(b) Other than related parties	-
(iii) Assets acquired in satisfaction of debt	-

50 Analysis of change in the Gross carrying amount and corresponding ECL allowance in relation to Loans pertaining to Holding Company

The Table below shows the credit quality and the maximum exposure to credit risk based on the Company's year end stage classification. The amounts presented are gross of impairment allowances. Policies on ECL allowances are set out in Note 2.

Reconciliation of Changes in gross carrying amount and corresponding ECL allowances for loans and advances to Corporate and retail customers:

The following disclosures provides stage wise reconciliation of the Group's gross carrying amount and ECL allowances for loans and advances to corporate and retail customers. The transfer of financial assets represents the impact of stage transfers upon the gross carrying amount and associated allowance for ECL. The net remeasurement of ECL arising from stage transfers represents the increase or decrease due to these transfers.

The 'New assets originated/ repayments received (net)' represents the gross carrying amount and associated allowance ECL impact from transactions within the Company's lending portfolio.

								(Rs. in Lakhs)
	Stage 1		Stage 2		Stage 3		Total	
	Loans Gross	Impairment loss allowances	Loans Gross	Impairment loss allowances	Loans Gross	Impairment loss allowances	Loans Gross	Impairment loss allowances
Balance as at 31 March 2022	12,687.09	-	400.00	100.00	400.00	400.00	13,487.09	500.00
Transfers during the year								
Transfer to Stage 1 from stage 2	40.00	-					40.00	-
Transfer to Stage 3 from stage 1	-	-	-	-	-		-	-
Transfer to Stage 3 from stage 2	-	-	(400.00)	(100.00)	360.00	100.00	(40.00)	-
Increase in impairment loss allowance during the year	-	-	-		-	260.00	-	260.00
Purchase of credit impaired financial assets					215.00	-	215.00	-
Changes in Opening credit exposures	(1,575.55)		-	-	-	-	(1,575.55)	-
New Credit Exposures during the year, net of repayment		-	-	-			-	-
Balance as at 31 March 2023	11,151.54	-	-	-	975.00	760.00	12,126.54	760.00

NOTES FORMING PART OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH, 2023

								(Rs. in Lakhs)
	Stage 1		Stage 2		Stage 3		Total	
	TermLoans	Impairment loss allowances	TermLoans	Impairment loss allowances	TermLoans	Impairment loss allowances	Loans	Impairment loss allowances
	Gross		Gross		Gross		Gross	
Balance as at 31 March 2021	5,100.99	-	-	-	1,650.00	1,170.00	6,750.99	1,170.00
Transfers during the year								
Transfer to Stage 3 from stage 1	-400.00	-	400.00	100.00	-	-	-	100.00
Transfer to Stage 3 from stage 2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Increase in impairment loss allowance during the year	-	-	-		-	100.00	-	100.00
Changes in Opening credit exposures	-		-	-	(1,250.00)	(870.00)	(1,250.00)	(870.00)
New Credit Exposures during the year, net of repayment	7986.10	-	-	-			7,986.10	-
Balance as at 31 March 2022	12,687.09	-	400.00	100.00	400.00	400.00	13,487.09	500.00

51 Details of non-performing financial assets purchased:

		Rs. In Lakhs unless otherwise stated					
1.	(a) No. of accounts purchased during the year	3					
	(b) Aggregate outstanding	215.00					
2.	(a) Of these, number of accounts restructured during the year	-					
	(b) Aggregate outstanding	-					
Dur	During the current financial year Group has purchased three non performing assets account hence no accounts restructured during the year						

52 The disclosures as required by the NBFC Master Directions issued by RBI - A comparison between provision required under income recognition, asset classification and provisioning (IRACP) and impairment allowances as per Ind AS 109 'Financial instruments' as at 31 March 2023 pertaining to Holding Company .

(Rs. in Lakhs)

Asset Classification as per RBI Norms	Asset classification as per Ind AS 109	Gross Carrying Amount as per Ind AS	Loss Allowances (Provisions) as required under Ind AS 109	Net Carrying Amount	Provisions required as per IRACP norms	Difference between Ind AS 109 provisions and IRACP norms
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)=(3)-(4)	(6)	(7) = (4)-(6)
Performing Assets						
Standard	Stage 1	8,151.54	51.12	8,100.41	32.61	18.52
	Stage 2	-	-	-	-	-
Subtotal						
Non-Performing Assets (NPA)						
Substandard	Stage 3	-	-	-	-	-
Doubtful - up to 1 year	Stage 3	760.00	760.00	-	760.00	-
1 to 3 years	Stage 3	-	-	-	-	-
More than 3 years	Stage 3	-	-	-	-	-
Subtotal for doubtful						
Loss	Stage 3					
Subtotal for NPA						
Other items such as guarantees, loan	Stage 1	-	-	-	-	-
commitments, etc. which are in the	Stage 2	-	-	-	-	-
scope of Ind AS 109 but not covered under current Income Recognition, Asset Classification and Provisioning (IRACP) norms	Stage 3	-	-	-	-	-
Subtotal						
Total	Stage 1	8,151.54	51.12	8,100.41	32.61	18.52
	Stage 2	-	-	-	-	-
	Stage 3	760.00	760.00	-	760.00	-
	Total	8,911.54	811.12	8,100.41	792.61	18.52

NOTES FORMING PART OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH, 2023

53 Assets Liability Management - Maturity pattern of Assets and Liabilities

			As at 31 March 2023			As at 31 March 2022		
		Within 12 months Current	After 12 Months Non-Current	Total	Within 12 months Current	After 12 Months Non-Current	Total	
Finan	icial Assets							
(a)	Cash and cash equivalents	767.39	-	767.39	2,085.86	-	2,085.86	
(b)	Bank balance other than (a) above	3,519.65	-	3,519.65	2,803.24	-	2,803.24	
(c)	Trade receivables	70.22	-	70.22	174.50	-	174.50	
(d)	Loans	7,963.20	3,635.00	11,598.20	10,142.09	2,845.00	12,987.09	
(e)	Investments	14,980.11	9,635.55	24,615.65	11,902.60	6,316.39	18,218.99	
(f)	Other financial assets	322.84	-	322.84	593.07	-	593.07	
Total	Financial Assets	27,623.41	13,270.55	40,893.95	27,701.36	9,161.39	36,862.75	
Non-l	Financial Assets							
(a)	Current tax assets (net)	-	241.03	241.03	-	356.36	356.36	
(b)	Deferred tax assets (net)		9.08	9.08		-		
(c)	Property, plant and Equipment	-	7.19	7.19	-	10.43	10.43	
(d)	Right-of-use assets		11.03	11.03		-		
(e)	Goodwill on Consolidation		143.00	143.00		143.00	143.00	
(f)	Other non-financial assets	-	1,189.10	1,189.10	-	1,174.45	1,174.45	
Total	Non-Financial Assets	-	1,600.43	1,600.43	-	1,684.24	1,684.24	
Finan	icial Liabilities							
(a) (I)	Trade payables							
(i)	total outstanding dues of micro enterprises and small enterprises	-	-	-	-	-	-	
(ii)	total outstanding dues of creditors other than micro enterprises and small enterprises	43.64	-	43.64	-	-	-	
(II)	Other payables							
(i)	total outstanding dues of micro enterprises and small enterprises	-	-	-	-	-		
(ii)	total outstanding dues of creditors other than micro enterprises and small enterprises	12.69	-	12.69	6.96	-	6.96	
(b)	Borrowings	12,107.52	-	12,107.52	8,226.07	-	8,226.07	
(c)	Lease liabilities	4.64	6.57	11.21	-	-		
(d)	Other financial liabilities	118.50	-	118.50	675.71	-	675.71	
Total	Financial Liabilities	12,286.99	6.57	12,293.56	8,908.74	-	8,908.74	
Non-l	Financial Liabilities							
(a)	Current tax liabilities (net)	11.45	-	11.45	9.37	-	9.37	
(b)	Provisions	-	51.35	51.35	-	50.70	50.70	
(c)	Deferred tax Liabilities (net)	-	426.15	426.15	-	550.22	550.22	
(d)	Other non-financial liabilities	26.18	-	26.18	97.35	-	97.35	
Total	Non-financial liabilities	37.63	477.50	515.13	106.72	600.92	707.64	

NOTES FORMING PART OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH, 2023

54 Additional information, as required in consolidated financial statements as per Schedule III to the Companies Act, 2013, of enterprises consolidated as subsidiary

	Net Assets i.e total asets minus total liabilities		Share of Profit/ (Loss)		Share of Other Comprehensive Income	
	As a % of Consolidated net assets	Rs. in Lakhs	As a % of Consolidated Profit and Loss	Rs. in Lakhs	As a % of Consolidated OCI	Rs. in Lakhs
LKP Finance Limited	88.89	26,388.70	87.84	1,218.69	108.79	(277.58)
Wholly owned subsidiary						
Bond Street Capital Private Limited	11.11	3,296.99	12.16	168.64	(8.79)	22.43
Total	100.00	29,685.69	100.00	1,387.33	100.00	(255.15)

55 Events after reporting date

There have been no events after the reporting date that require adjustment/disclosure in these financial statements.

56 Previous year's figures have been regrouped / reclassified/rearranged wherever necessary to correspond with the current year's classifications / disclosures. Figures in brackets pertain to previous year.

In terms of our Report attached

For MGB & Co. LLP Chartered Accountants Firm Registration Number 101169W/W-100035

Hitendra Bhandari Partner Membership Number 107832

Place : Mumbai Date : 28 April,2023 For and on behalf of the board

LKP Finance Limited

M.V Doshi Executive Chairman & Managing Director DIN: 00123243

G.B Innani G.M (Legal) & Company Secretary Pratik Doshi Director DIN: 00131122

S.S Gulati Head-Corporate Affairs



LKP Since 1948

LKP Finance Limited 203, Embassy Centre, Nariman Point, Mumbai - 400 021.